[illegible] CASH

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

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ATLANTA, GA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 1, 1896.—TEN PAGES.
PRICE FIVE CENTS

GRAY JACKETS AT RICHMOND

Confederate Veterans Meet at the Old Capital

THEY FOUGHT HARD TO DEFEND

Ovation to General Wade Hampton Yesterday

HE ENTERED THE HALL

Regular "Rebel Yells" and the Waving of Tattered Flags.

MRS. DAVIS GREETED BY THE VETERANS

Reception at Old White House of the Confederacy—Mr. Rouss's New Proposition.

Richmond, Va., June 30.—(Special.)—The [illegible] gray [illegible] good crying spell at the opening of the reunion this morning. At the beginning of the session there is always [illegible] love and the demonstrations are so thrilling [illegible] their enthusiasm and pathos that it is little wonder that even stout hearts like these, that never trembled beneath the [illegible] blasts of bombshells, should now [illegible] and give way to tears. When General Wade Hampton, the daring cavalry chieftain of the confederacy, entered the [illegible] hall today there was a demonstration the like of which in all [illegible] pathetic [illegible]es was never witnessed [illegible] since Napoleon was greeted by the old guard. And when General Hampton [illegible] amid a cyclone of old flags, tattered [illegible] by the ravages of bullets, [illegible] said: "Boys, I came this time because I think this will be the last time I'll [illegible] beyond the river, [illegible] scene like unto pandemonium. [illegible] continuing old warrior said: "If the old flag were waving in the breezes of [illegible] today, I would be fighting again." [illegible] the musicians played "The Girl I Left Behind Me," which sounded much like [illegible] were willing to lead the general [illegible] an engagement, then and there, the multitudes cheering lustily all the while, was a scene that cannot be described.

Greeting Mrs. Davis.

Much of the forenoon was spent in such demonstrations. Tonight the beauty and chivalry of old south and the new south [illegible] white house of the confederacy [illegible] Mrs. Jefferson Davis. [illegible] thrilling, while a continuous [illegible] old warriors passed along [illegible] widow of their dead chieftain [illegible] home they fought to defend [illegible] days of yore. Georgia is [illegible] here better perhaps than [illegible] Virginia. Governor Atkinson arrived today. They called [illegible] O'Ferrall this afternoon and [illegible] the camp of the Virginia boys and witnessed the [illegible] Atlanta is not in [illegible] next reunion and the [illegible] that Nashville will [illegible]

REMSEN CRAWFORD.

[illegible]COMES [illegible]ERANS ROYALLY

[illegible]S OF GOV. O'FER[illegible]YOR TAYLOR.

[illegible] Hampton and Others [illegible] Are Cheered [illegible] Echo.

[illegible] Auditorium, Richmond, [illegible] annual convention [illegible] met this morning [illegible] decorated auditorium [illegible] at the exposition [illegible] mingled with con[illegible] flags are national [illegible] presiding officer's [illegible] tangled banner [illegible] of arms [illegible] Just above [illegible] on which are inscribed names of all the famous battles of the war and intermixed with these are large star-shaped designs bearing the names of all the famous confederate generals. The auditorium, which can seat over 10,000 people, was comfortably filled and presented a handsome appearance when at 11 o'clock the arrival of General John B. Gordon, commander-in-chief of the Confederate Veterans, was greeted by cheers and the band played "Dixie." He was presented with a gavel, which General Gordon announced was made from a tree cut on the battlefield of Chickamauga. He opened the convention by introducing Chaplain J. William Jones, of the Confederate Veterans, who made an eloquent and impressive prayer, which was followed by the band playing "Nearer My God to Thee."

On the stand were seated all the dignitaries, among them Governor O'Ferrall, Mrs. General George E. Pickett, now of Washington; Mayor Taylor, of Richmond; General Peyton Wise, General Stephen D. Lee, Mrs. General Gordon and daughter, ex-Minister to Spain J. L. M. Curry, General French and numerous others. At the conclusion of the prayer General Gordon introduced Governor O'Ferrall to welcome the veterans to Richmond, but that gentleman had barely began to speak when cheers broke forth from the far end of the auditorium and the venerable form of that gallant old soldier, General Wade Hampton, was seen limping up toward the stand. His progress through the audience was greeted by wildest cheers and when, at last, he reached the stand General Gordon announced him as the "brave commander-in-chief of the confederate cavalry," which called forth another round of cheers and "rebel yells." Order being restored, Governor O'Ferrall was re-introduced and welcomed the veterans to Virginia.

Governor O'Ferrall's Welcome.

The governor said:

"Veterans and Comrades—You were enlisted in these bands who wrote their names in glorious skies and carved them deep in the temple of fame; who made the cause of the south so imperishable and the renown of her armies so fadeless. You endured hardships which no human imagination could picture and no mortal tongue could describe. Your exploits equaled those of the heroic age in Grecian legends and your devotion was not surpassed by Leonidas and his 300 at Thermopylae. In the path of duty no danger daunted you, no suffering subdued you, no force appalled you, and no defeats disheartened you. True as the dial to the sun, firm as the rock on the mountain crest, resolute as the lion aroused in his lair, with unblanched cheek and steady nerve, you obeyed every command, however rained the missiles of death.

"The greater the peril, the stiffer were your sinews; the fiercer the battle, the hotter was your blood. No Grecian phalanx, no Roman legion were ever adorned with badges more honorable than these you wear upon your manly breasts. It was neither conquest nor power for which you fought; in was in defense of home and country. The rights for which the founders of the republic struck were no more sacred to them than the rights for which you struck were dear to you. If you were rebels, so were the fathers of constitutional liberty of one hundred and twenty years ago. If you fought to sever your connection with a union whose bonds were galling, so did the men now immortalized in song and story when they snapped the cord of Britain allegience in 1776. If you had within you a spirit that would not submit tamely to wrong and dared to assert itself in the front of grim-visaged might, it came to you by ancestral inheritance; or, if foreign born, you imbibed it from the air you breathed."

Pointing to a statue of Lee, he said:

"Just in front of us, astride his noble war steed, is the great captain of the nineteenth century, unsurpassed in legend or tradition. How thankful are we that human hand has been gifted with the skill to convert inanimate matter into the living form of him who, with

'Washington, shall ride immortal
And shall ride abreast of time;
Shall light up stately history
And blaze in epic rhyme.
Both patriots, both south'rners true,
Both rebels, both sublime.

"When the work which will be begun so soon shall be completed, the world will behold a monument erected to an unsceptered ruler by the free will offering of the scattered remnants of his armies and the descendants of his dead soldiers, by the high and humble, by the rich and poor. Not a block will be laid by taxation, not a stone will be laid by government donation."

General Buckner Warmly Greeted.

As soon as the applause at the conclusion of Governor O'Ferrall's address had subsided, General Gordon introduced General Simon Bolivar Buckner, of Kentucky, who [illegible] General Gordon styled him the "eagle of the Blue Grass state," and General Buckner made a thrilling southern speech, which carried the convention by storm.

When he had taken his seat and the cheering of the Kentucky statesman had ceased, Mayor Taylor, of Richmond, was presented to the assembled veterans by the chairman. His honor, who has a commanding presence and excellent lung power, welcomed the veterans to the hearts and homes of the people of Richmond. "We meet again," he said, "on historic ground. Ever since Richmond had been chosen as the place for the meeting of this convention it has been our earnest wish to give you a greeting that would show our affectionate regard for such worthy and distinguished guests.

"Our houses are open to you and we will meet you on the threshold with the clasp of a brother's hand. At this time," he continued, "your presence here is especially grateful, as you come for the purpose of laying the corner stone of a grand monument to the illustrious president of the southern confederacy. We are deeply thankful for this service, and especially as our city is to be honored by this memorial of virtue, bravery and undying constancy. We rejoice to see you here where Jefferson Davis lived and where his ashes rest. Again I welcome you to Richmond."

At this juncture there were loud calls for "Gordon," and after a while the chairman had to respond. He said in part:

General Gordon's Eloquent Words.

"Governor, Mr. Mayor, General Wise, Ladies and My Confederate Comrades—You will not wonder that I am literally overwhelmed by the flood of emotion which this scene evokes. As we look upon the grizzled locks and furrowed brows of these stalwart men, who thirty years ago were soldiers of an army which they immortalized by their deeds; when their presence in Richmond so vividly recalls that heroic era in which they were the heroic actors; when we remember the position of Richmond, of Virginia, throughout whose borders and over whose homes the tides of war swept, from first to last, with their wildest and most destructive flood; when we recur to the dauntless prowess of her sons and to the fortitude and almost martyrdom of her glorious women, who for our sakes stripped their homes of the simplest comforts—when, I say, all these deathless memories thrill us afresh, when we gather again in this long beleaguered and ever-loved city, how utterly inadequate are the words of our lips to express the emotion of our hearts." (Applause.)

He paid a most eloquent and touching tribute to Virginia as the foster mother of American freedom, whose alarm bell gave the signal that aroused the colonies, whose sons gave us the bill of rights and the constitution, and who gave the revolution and the confederacy their illustrious commanders in chief.

Continuing, he said:

"With such history, therefore, who could doubt the character of the reception which Virginia would accord to these battle-scarred veterans, whenever and wherever convened upon her soil? (Applause.)

"Profoundly impressed by its boundless hospitality and keenly sensible of its every meaning, I should fall far short of my duty to the southern people and to the republic itself if I failed to analyze to some extent its import and purpose. I should fall far short of my duty to Virginia as our queenly hostess and to those brave confederates as her noble guests, if I failed to note the unselfish motives which prompt the one and the patriotic impulses which inspire the other.

"Of all the public honors ever paid to the world's heroes, none have been so unique in character as these heartfelt tributes offered by the southern people.

"No popular assemblies of intelligent and high-spirited citizens in the world's history were ever free from partisan zeal or sinister spirit or ignoble jealousies or sinister intent, and the muse of history will yet embalm in one of her sweetest stories the absolutely unselfish character and exalted aims of these confederate gatherings. The pathos of that recital will [illegible] by its simplicity and its

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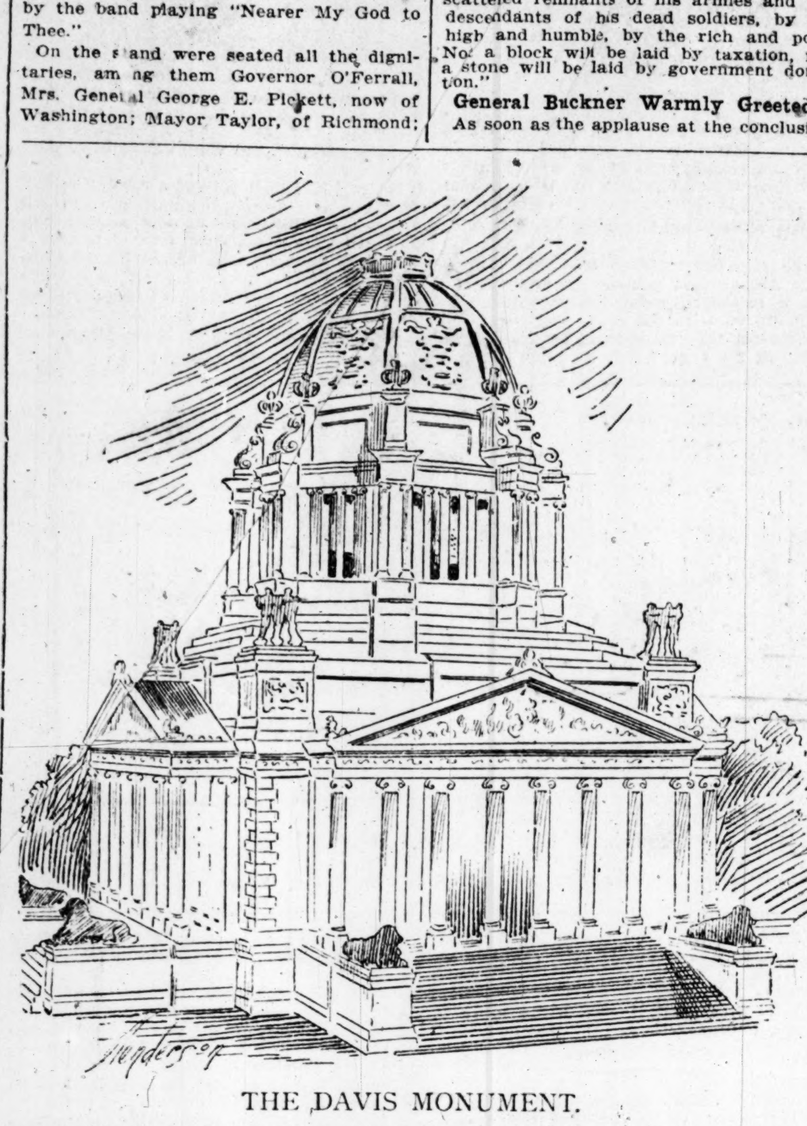

THE DAVIS MONUMENT.

The Design of Mr. Percy Griffin, Accepted by the Committee.

MONROE PARK, RICHMOND, VA.

In This Locality, Amid the Trees, the Davis Monument is to be Unveiled.

SILVER'S FORCES ARE ON HAND

No Gold Standard Men Have Put in an Appearance.

A CONFERENCE YESTERDAY

After Which Bland Men Seemed Happy.

CHATS WITH SOME OF THE SILVER LEADERS

About Whom They Think Will Be Nominated and the Two-Thirds Rule Question.

Chicago, June 30.—A week in advance of the day for the opening of the national convention the leaders of the silver element have donned their armor and girded themselves for the coming fray. Today the Sherman house, where the white metal headquarters have been located, resounded with the shouts and yells of its advocates resplendent in 16 to 1 badges, buttons and other insignia, while its register bore more distinguished names than have been inscribed in the books of the hostelry for a quarter of a century.

So far none of the prominent advocates of the gold standard have put in an appearance and consequently the silver people have undisputed possession of the field. About tomorrow, however, the former will begin to be in evidence and from then on every day will witness some new phase of a battle between the, majority and the minority.

Silver Men in Conference.

The conspicuous features of the opening of the war today were the conference between the bimetallic democratic national committee and the outside silver men, and the meeting between Governor Stone, of Missouri, and Governor Altgeld, of Illinois, and the declaration of the Illinois delegation in favor of the abrogation of the two-thirds rule. As to the first it was much more largely attended than had been anticipated, in view of the fact that it was simply a preliminary meeting. These were among those who responded to the roll call: United States Senators Harris, of Tennessee; Bate, of Tennessee; Jones, of Arkansas; Turpie, of Indiana, Cockrell, of Missouri; Daniel, of Virginia; Senator-elect Money, of Mississippi; Governor Stone, of Missouri; Governor Altgeld, of Illinois; John O. Tomlinson, of Alabama; ex-Congressman George Fithian, of Illinois; B. F. Shively, of Indiana; S. Bevans, of Iowa; G. P. Hummer, of Michigan; Judge Shackelford, of Missouri, ex-Congressman W. J. Bryan and W. H. Thompson, of Nebraska; John Wech, [illegible] Powers, of Salt Lake City, and Wiley E. Jones, of Arizona.

Among those expected, but who had not arrived in the city, were ex-Congressman Casey Young, of Tennessee; ex-Speaker Charles F. Crisp, of Georgia, and Allen W. Thurman, of Ohio. These, however, were the only conspicuous absentees from a total of sixty state committeemen and members of the central executive committee

Must Work Harmoniously.

The preliminary meeting lasted less than an hour. The situation was informally discussed and it was agreed that the silver forces need only to work harmoniously in order to insure the adoption of an out-and-out 16 to 1 platform.

What gave the conferrees most concern was the matter of the temporary organization of the convention. The fact was dwelt upon that the sentiment of the national committee was opposed to that of a majority of the delegates, but on the other hand it was insisted that it did not necessarily follow that the committee would go so far as to attempt to get in any advantage or attempt to consumate any strategic air of authority vested in it. In order to be on the safe side, it was finally determined to appoint a committee of five to wait on the executive committee of the national committee and, as the resolution diplomatically put it, to confer with the body in reference to all questions and matters affecting temporary organization and proceedings. This committee, as designated by Senator Harris, who presided over the conference, is composed of Senators Jones, Turpie, Daniels and Governors Stone and Altgeld.

This committee repaired to the headquarters of the national committee at the Palmer house, after dinner, but was informed by Mr. Sheerin that Chairman Harrity would not arrive till tomorrow morning and that a meeting of the executive committee had been called for noon. The delegates intimated their desire to be given an audience at 2 o'clock p. m.

The conference between Governor Store, the leader of the Bland forces, and Altgeld, was held behind closed doors in the latter's quarters at the Sherman house, Colonel Charles H. Jones, of St. Louis, being the only outsider present or within a hundred yards of earshot. The conference was evidently prearranged, as Governor Stone went to the Sherman house after registering at the Auditorium.

Nearly an hour was consumed in the conference, and at its conclusion not one of those present would say a word or breathe a suggestion concerning its import. Governor Stone, however, appeared to be in particularly exuberant spirits and insisted that Bland could not be kept out of the nomination. Sixteen to one, he said, meant Bland; Bland meant 16 to 1; both meant free silver, and that was the issue of the day.

The news of the conference spread quickly around town and it was taken at once for granted that the Bland leaders had made some kind of an alliance with Governor Altgeld, at whose word the forty-eight votes of Illinois will be cast as he wills it and as a unit on all questions. Governor Altgeld was asked point blank whether such an alliance had been formed, but he merely smiled and said that the time to talk had not arrived.

The conference created uneasiness among the supporters of Governor Boies and some decidedly bitter talk was indulged in concerning the alleged antagonism of Governor Altgeld toward the grand old man of the Iowa democracy.

At the Boies Headquarters.

At the Boies headquarters in the Palmer house it was declared this evening that if allowed to use their own inclinations the followers of the Indiana delegation would vote for the Iowa man. "He would have assurance of sympathy from a number of delegates from this state," said a member of the Boies committee. "But it is evident that they are tied to the machine. If they were free to act we could corrall the bulk of them. Whatever the object of the Stone-Altgeld conference, however, we are not going to be disheartened by a single rebuff. Boies will be the nominee of the convention despite the underhanded schemes that the gold men and others have resorted to. The first named know his strength and they fear him more than any other candidate that has been mentioned."

The meeting of the forty-eight delegates from Illinois, called by Governor Altgeld, was as lively as it was short. The delegation had a number of chips on its shoulder and it was anxious that the powers that be of the forthcoming convention should be made acquainted with the fact. When an organization had been effected by electing Governor Altgeld as chairman of the delegation, the matter of tickets was brought up. Each delegate and alternate has been allotted one visitor's card, but each and every one has fifty friends insisting upon being provided for. In proper order this matter should be attended to by the national committeeman, Cable, but the latter, who was turned down at the Peoria convention, was again ignored and Lawyer A. S. Trude was appointed a committee of one to wait upon Secretary Sheerin and Sergeant-at-Arms, Martin and demand that the square thing be done by the Illinois boys. If the request should be refused, it was suggested that the delegation should exert itself to defeat the ambitions of Secretary Sheerin, who is a candidate for re-election.

As to the Two-Thirds Rule.

The two-thirds rule was taken up, and by unanimous vote it was decided to work and vote for its abrogation. Governor Altgeld made a strong speech against the rule, insisting that independent of present conditions, the time had arrived in the history of the democratic party when it should be abolished for the reason that it was undemocratic. It was a basic principle of democracy, he said, that the majority should govern, and a two-thirds rule simply meant tyranny. It was decided that the delegation in common with others should exert its influence to secure a clause in the reports of the committee on rules declaring the two-thirds rule hitherto in vogue null and void. The delegation will again caucus on Sunday morning, when it will name its members of the various convention committees and possibly declare its choice for the presidential nomination.

Secretary of State Heinrichsen, who is one of the Illinois delegates at large and chairman of the democratic state central committee, said, after the Altgeld-Stone conference, when asked if the Illinois delegation was favorable to Boies: "Well, we want a man who is a friend of labor." When Teller was suggested, the chief lieutenant of Governor Altgeld remarked: "Not in a thousand years. We want a democrat who will get the support of the populists and westerners generally."

They Propose To Run It.

Mr. Heinrichsen spoke defiantly of the gold democrats, with special reference to William C. Whitney and his mission to Chicago. "The silver men have a two-thirds majority in this convention," he exclaimed, "and they propose to take possession and run it. We are not going to be satisfied with dictating a platform. We want a man who fits the platform. A year ago, after the Illinois democratic silver convention, I wrote Mr. Whitney regarding a conference of the gold and silver wings of the party. His answer was short and curt, being to the effect that a conference with so small a faction of the party as we represented was not desired. Well, the situation has altered somewhat since then, and now we are in a position to say to Mr. Whitney as he said to us in 1895: 'My dear sir, you represent so small a faction of the party that really a conference is [illegible]ingly difficult to handle the silver men this time. The Illinois delegates are an independent lot of men and no ten men can swing them for anybody."

A TALK WITH TELLER

ABOUT THE PRESIDENCY AND THE NATIONAL CONVENTION.

He Trusts That a Good, Strong Man Will Be Named To Head the Ticket.

Morrison, Ill., June 30.—(Special.)—Senator Teller, of Colorado, who has been here visiting relatives since the St. Louis convention, was interviewed today. In answer to a question concerning his presidential candidacy, he said:

"I am in no sense of the word a candidate."

"But you could not refuse a nomination were it tendered?" was suggested.

"It has not been offered," was the answer. "No man has a right to say he will accept or decline an honor before it is offered."

"You must know that your friends are working to even have you nominated at Chicago, and with the ultimate hope that all the silver forces may combine on you before the end of July?"

"My good friends are enthusiastic for me, and I have had intimations that a movement is on foot to present my name; but I would prefer not to discuss the matter. You can readily see that in my position it would be indelicate for me to express opinions personal to myself."

Speaking of the approaching democratic convention at Chicago, Senator Teller said he sincerely hoped the free coinage element would not allow the Cleveland administration and the gold standard influences to snatch from them the victory they have apparently won.

"I trust also," the senator added, "the Chicago convention will nominate a good, strong man to head the ticket. It will be a great step forward in the fight to be waged for silver."

Senator Teller added that his information was that free coinage would have anywhere from 200 to 300 majority.

"Attempts will be made to buy and bulldoze," he continued, "but I cannot believe a single man who goes there for silver will be corrupted. It is going to be one of the greatest and liveliest conventions ever held, and it would not surprise me were it to last a week or ten days. It will be, perhaps, the equal in interest and enthusiasm of the gathering which in 1860 nominated Lincoln."

CONVENTION OFFICERS.

Democratic National Committee Meets Next Monday To Select Them.

Chicago, June 30.—The national democratic committee will meet Monday to select temporary officers of the convention. Among the names suggested for the temporary chairmanship are those of Senator Hill, of New York; Seator Vilas, of Wisconsin; Senator Gray, of Delaware, and Hugh C. Wallace, of Washington.

Senator Jones said yesterday: "I believe Senator Hill is a fair man. I would have absolute confidence in his ability, justice and impartiality as a presiding officer."

It is thought Senator Isham G. Harris will be permannent chairman.

TO CURTAIL PRODUCTION.

Eastern Print Cloth Mills To Close Down Alternate Weeks.

Fall River, Mass., June 30.—It is believed in manufacturing circles today that treasurers representing 1,700,000 spindles have agreed to curtail production during four weeks in the next two months. Nothing definite can be given out by Messrs. Rounseville and Baker until the Arkwright club meeting in Boston next Thursday. The manufacturers who did not sign last week are slow at signing this week. Several treasurers who are awaiting the action of their board of directors have not yet entered into the agreement. A few others are still waiting till they are sure there will be no mills in the regular line of print cloth manufacturing left out. There are certain manufacturers who will not sign till the last minute, though it is practically assured that they will eventually sign. Although many mills are still outside the agreement, propositions are being made by a majority of them to shut down next Friday for a week or more. There is yet no general plan for curtailment, and in most cases the individual manufacturers have not definitely decided whether they will shut down on alternate weeks or for the full period of four weeks at one time.

A majority of the manufacturers appear to favor the plan of shutting down alternate weeks. The Robeson mills shut down Saturday night for an indefinite period.

To Curtail Production.

Providence, R. I., June 30.—The Lonsdale Company posted notices yesterday announcing its intention to curtail production during July and August. The schedule of time will be announced later.

SIR MORETON FREWEN WRITES A LETTER.

BLAMES CLEVELAND WITH RETARDING BIMETALLISM.

Says If We Open Our Mints to Silver Europe Will Have To Follow at Once.

Denver, Col., June 30.—The following letter from Moreton Frewen, the noted English bimetallist, has been made public:

"25 Chesham Place, London, June 17, 1896—Dear Mr. Merrick: Thank you for your letter and for your book, which I shall read with interest. You, in the states, have at last arrived at that currency crisis which every intelligent student has seen so inevitably advancing.

"I affirm with strong conviction that the way would have been prepared during the past three years for an international settlement of this great difficulty had it not been for the fortitude of just one man—your president. Mr. Cleveland is paying the penalty for the obstinate determination he has evinced throughout to thrust your country into not merely the gold standard, but the straightest gold monometallism.

"Those of us who have been ardent workers here for international bimetallism have found ourselves, at all points, crossed and defeated by Mr. Cleveland's actions and Mr. Cleveland's emissaries. He has sent Mr. Atkinson over here on a special mission to try and persuade those in the present cabinet—such men as Mr. Chaplain and Mr. Balfour, that they were 'cranks'—that the concurrent legal tender of the two metals was impracticable. Mr. Balfour's difficulties within Lord Salisbury's cabinet were in any case very great. They were made infinitely greater by the ridicule poured upon the whole project of currency reform by Mr. Cleveland, Mr. J. Sterling Morton, Mr. Hoke Smith and others. The speeches and absurd letters of these gentlemen were six months ago, to be found in many of our daily papers. [illegible] am writing) of those members of our government who were pledged to currency reform because of the attitude of the government at Washington, that last year we, for the time, gave up the struggle.

"I rejoice then in the revolt of the democratic party, and I venture to say that should that party be successful in electing a free silver president and congress, before Mr. Clevelaid goes out of the white house an international arrangement will have been secured.

"The Rothschilds here—the wealthy investors in every capital in Europe—could not afford to sit still and see your country go it alone. Europe will respond to your spirited initiative if the United States pledges itself to immediate free coinage. I emphatically believe that M. Meline, on behalf of France, will offer free mintage; we here are pledged to reopen the Indian mints, while the delegates to the recent conference at Brussls, which I attended, gave us every encouragement to hope that Germany, Austria and Russia would agree to purchase a large quantity of silver annually to swell their legal tender money. To purchase it, I may add, if they can get hold of the metal at all. To believe me with much regard, yours very faithfully,

MORETON FREWEN.

"To Hon. G. G. Merrick, Denver Col."

MILLS CLOSE FOR REPAIRS.

Many Thousands of Workmen Will Be Idle for Months.

Pittsburag, Pa., June 30.—The annual suspension time is at hand in the iron, steel and glass industries of the country, and for the next few weeks many thousands of men will be idle. The '96-97 wage scale of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers will go into effect at midnight tonight. Many of the mills will close temporarily for necessary repairs. Should the tin mills close tonight, as is expected, about 8,000 men in that department will be in idleness until a wage settlement is reached.

With few exceptions all "fires" in the glass factories throughout the country will be extinguished today. The shutdown will extend two months or more, affecting many thousands of workmen.

The wage-workers' conventions begin next week.

TO SELL A RAILROAD.

It Is Believed the Southern Railroad Will Purchase It.

Knoxville, Tenn., June 30.—John D. Caldwell, representing the first mortgage bondholders of the Memphis and Charleston Railroad Company, left tonight for Aberdeen, Miss., to file a bill to foreclose the mortgage and asking for the sale of the road. Similar bills have been filed in the Tennessee courts at Memphis and Alabama courts at Huntsville. Mr. Caldwell represents his brother, who acted as special commissioner in the sale of the old East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railway system. It is given out here and is generally understood that the road will be ordered sold within a few weeks and that the Southern railway will become the purchaser. One of the courts will issue a decree of sale for the property, which will be concurred in by the judges of the different courts through which the road passes.

Colonel Wishon Killed in Cuba.

Columbus, O., June 30.—News of the death of Colonel Wishon, the young man who organized a company of Ohio soldiers and with them joined the Cuban insurgents, has reached here. It came in a letter to his father, P. H. Wishon, a farmer living near Portsmouth. Colonel Wishon, or "Ralpr" Wishon, as he was known there, was twenty-nine years old and was an adventurer by nature. He was killed in a skirmish with the spaniards.

The Entombed Miners at Pittston.

Pittston, Pa., June 30.—The work of the men engaged in trying to reach the entombed miners is progressing very slowly. There is no hope of finding any of the unfortunate men alive, and there is very small chance of even recovering their bodies as every step of the workers is met by fresh caves in the mine.

ARREST OF THE TRAIN WRECKERS

Who Caused the Death of Two Negroes Last Sunday,

AND DESTROYED PROPERTY

Of the Southern Railway Near Iron City, Ala.

ONE OF THE WRECKERS HAS CONFESSED

Tells How They Attempted To Run a Car Themselves and Left It at a High Trestle.

Heflin, Ala., June 30.—(Special.)—Bob Poland and Coon Parker were arrested near Iron City this evening by Constable Henry and special agents of the Southern Railway Company, Haney and Pickard, for wrecking freight train No 46 one mile west of here, Sunday morning, in which two negroes were killed and three others seriously injured, derailing twelve cars and destroying $100,000 worth of property of the Southern Railway Company.

Parker made a full confession, in which he says:

"Poland and myself were in Heflin Saturday evening drinking and asked the freight conductor to carry us to Iron City, which he refused to do. Poland became angry and said he would have revenge before morning. We started home, walking the railroad. On reaching the sawmill of Hunnicutt & Neal we found a car on a siding partly loaded with cord wood. Poland said he would ride home anyway. He then pushed the car on the main track. The car ran to the foot of a hill and stopped at the end of a trestle fifty feet high, where the freight train struck it."

Poland is an all-round tough character, having been many times arrested on different charges—once for rape.

They were both sent to jail at Edwardsville this morning. Their preliminary trial will be held here Monday.

CHILDREN DROWNED.

They Were on Pleasure Excursions Near Boston, Mass.

Boston, June 30.—At Castle Island, off City Point, yesterday afternoon, seventy-five children were on a rickety, unsafe gangplank and float at the landing south of the bridge from the point to the island, when the float overturned, the flimsy guard rails of the gangplank split and thirty or more of the children were tumbled into at least twelve feet of water. Four boys, from twelve to fifteen years of age, were drowned, four children were picked up un[illegible] as far as known, [illegible] and [illegible]

A Pleasure Outing's Sad End.

Sharon, Mass., June 30.—What was intended to be a week's enjoyable outing was brought to an abrupt and sad close at Lake Massapoag yesterday. Assistant Pastor Rev. Joseph Maxwell, Choirmaster Frederick Brackett, Clerk George R. Keyes and sixteen choir boys of St. John's Episcopal church, Charlestown, came to Sharon by team today to camp out at Lake Massapoag for a week. They arrived about 12:30 o'clock p. m., and pitched their tents on the shores of the lake. After dinner Mr. Brackett and six boys went out in a boat. The boat was overturned and Mr. Brackett and four of the boys were drowned.

THE SCOTTISH RITE.

Meeting of the Sovereign Grand Consistory at Utica.

Utica, N. Y., June 30.—(Special.)—The sovereign grand consistory of the Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite of Freemasonry for the United States of America, its territories and dependencies, assembled here Monday in its eighty-ninth annual rendezvous, and this morning's elections of three officers for the usual term of three years to its supreme council, or executive branch of its government, make the council now stand as follows:

John Edelstein, thirty-third degree, Jersey City, N. J., sovereign grand commander; George Davis, thirty-third degree, lieutenant grand commander, Charleston, W. Va.; Benjamin C Leveridge, thirty-third degree, New York, grand minister of state; Wheeler Cable, thirty-third degree, Boston, Mass., grand secretary general H. E.; John H. Russell, thirty-third degree, New York, grand treasurer general; John P. Steffner, thirty-third degree, Atlanta, Ga., grand marshal general; Cornelius H. Bensen, thirty-third degree, Jersey City, grand master of ceremonies; Andrew J. Provost, thirty-third degree, New York, grand standard bearer; Jacob Scheel, thirty-third degree, Utica, N. Y., grand captain of the guard. Messrs. Steffner, Benson and Russell were the additions made by this election.

The conditions of this body, or branch, of Masonry were reported as in excellent and most gratifying shape; a large increase in membership and revenue was shown, and the bitterness attending recent sectional and factional contentions was shown to have largely disappeared, and every indication of an early healing of the breach existing in the Scottish Rite ranks. The membership of this branch of Masonry is composed of the brightest and most intelligent men and Masons of the union.

FIRE IN BROOKLYN.

Several Large Factories Destroyed and the Flames Spreading.

Brooklyn, N. Y., July 1.—Fire broke out shortly after midnight this morning in the Long Island kindling wood works of John W. Piper. It soon extended to the yarn works of Ritchie, Brown & McDonald, the Post & McCord iron works, the lumber yard of E. C. Smith & Co., the asphalt works of Braum & Bainbrick Company. At this hour (2 a. m.) the fire is not under control, having also extended to several small buildings in the vicinty. The loss is estimated at $800,000. No one has been injured.

POPE LEO'S ENCYCLICAL.

Cardinal Gibbons Has Given the Document to the Press.

Baltimore, Md., June 30.—Cardinal Gibbons gave to the press this evening a copy of the summary of Pope Leo's encyclical letter on the reunion of all the Christian churches. His holiness evidently had in mind the recent letter of William E. Gladstone, the English statesman and churchman, and the letter may be considered a reply thereto. His eminence received the advance sheets of this document [illegible] day and personally directed its [illegible]. The letter, at the pope's request, [illegible] given publicity throughout Europe and America.

The President [illegible] Gray Gables.

Washington, June 30.—President Cleveland left Washington at an [illegible] this morning to spend [illegible]

KILLOUGH SEEMS TO BE LOST

Strangely Disappeared from His Home Sunday Night.

CIRCUMSTANCES ARE STRANGE

Believed by His Friends That He Has Met with Foul Play.

HAS LIVED HERE ONLY A SHORT WHILE

His Disappearance Has Been Reported to the Police and They Are Asked To Find Him.

Mr. W. W. Killough, a motorman on the Consolidated lines, has suddenly and mysteriously disappeared and his friends in the city are greatly worried as to what has become of him and what his fate might have been.

Sunday night Killough left his boarding house, which is 85 Courtland street, and stated that he was going either to church or to Lakewood. He carried with him so far as is known nothing but a very small amount of change and a pistol. When he left the house Sunday it was the last time that he has been seen. It is not known where he went. He was not a drinking man and his friends are sure that he is not off on a spree. It is thought by some of them that he has either committed suicide or has been murdered.

Killough, from all that can be learned about him, came here three weeks ago from Charlotte, N. C. He applied for a position as motorman and was accepted. Since that time he has been working in the capacity of what is known among street car men as an "extra man." He had no regular run and worked only when some one desired to get off or to take a vacation. While working for the company he made numerous friends and was generally looked upon as a jolly good fellow. He was greatly liked by the other motormen and conductors and was well thought of by the officials of the road. He worked steadily and whenever he could get a chance, and when he disappeared the company owed him several dollars.

No Motive for Suicide.

There is no reason in the world so far as his friends know why Killough should have committed suicide. He left in Charlotte a wife and several children. These live at the house of his wife's father and are doing well. He had often stated to his friends if he could make enough money to live while here he would be satisfied, since his wife and children were in no danger of ever wanting for anything.

He was a policeman on the Charlotte force for some time and was well thought of there, bringing with him several strong letters of recommendation, through which he was able to get employment with the Consolidated. He lost his position in Charlotte some time ago on account of the election of a new chief of police.

When Killough left his boarding house last Sunday night he carried with him, as before stated, nothing but the clothing he wore at the time, a revolver and some small change. His board all except about as far as is known by his associates he owes nothing to any one in the city. He could not have left to jump his board bill, since he left all of his belongings. It is not at all likely that he has gone to Charlotte, since he had no money on his person with which to pay his railroad fare to that city. It is known that he was very fond of his wife and children and often spoke of them in endearing tones and received many letters from them.

His friends feel certain that he did not kill himself. They are sure that he had no troubles and was a sober man. They think that he might have been murdered at Lakewood and have informed the police of his mysterious disappearance so that they will look into the case and see if he can be found.

It was thought for a while that Killough went to his home in Charlotte, but all such surmises as this were dissipated yesterday when a letter came to the boarding house addressed to him bearing his wife's handwriting and the postmark of Charlotte.

Killough is a large, stout man in appearance and would probably weigh about 250 pounds. He has a black mustache and black hair. He has a jolly face.

Letters have been written to his home inquiring if he is there and telling of his disappearance. Answers will be received today and his anxious friends will hear whether or not they must begin a search for the body of their missing friend.

If nothing is heard of him today a search will probably be instituted, and if this is the case the woods around Lakewood will be scoured and an attempt made to find his remains. There is still a hope that he left for his home and the letter that is received this morning will be opened with many misgivings.

THE MASTER PLUMBERS.

THERE IS DISCORD AMONG THEM OWING TO REPORTS.

Mr. Hunnicutt Will Tell the Masters That Some of Them Are Not Consistent Associates.

The master or employing plumbers of the city will hold a meeting this morning to discuss the strike of the journeyman plumbers and steam and gas fitters.

It is believed that the meeting will resolve itself into a red-hot debating society. Certain master plumbers are exceedingly displeased at the manner in which the strike was brought about and some warm speeches are in training for this morning's meet.

It is claimed that the journeymen plumbers were encouraged to strike by some of the master plumbers. The alleged purpose of the encouragement was to force certain establishments to pay a higher scale of wages, placing all shops on equal footing in that respect. The wages paid have differed at the shops, and it is charged that those shops, or some of them, who have been paying the higher rate wanted their men to strike in order to make the other master plumbers pay higher wages.

Some of the shops have been paying $2 and $2.50 per day for plumbers, while other establishments paid $3 per day. Those who paid the latter rate are accused of encouraging the journeymen indirectly and directly to demand a uniform rate of wages. The supposition is that the shops paying the least wages have been getting all of the business, being able to bid lower for work. The charge is, of course, denied by the master plumbers, but the point will be made in meeting this morning.

Mr. C. W. Hunnicutt will spring the sensation. It is believed by those acquainted with the strike that Hunnicutt & Bellingrath now think that the whole aim and purpose of the strike is to force their firm to raise wages, in the belief that it must raise its bids for plumbing work accordingly. It is claimed that certain jealousies exist among the master plumbers because certain firms have been getting nearly all of the plumbing business re-

It is certain that there has been a clash [illegible] masters and that lower prices [illegible] work have been offered than [illegible] bidding for con- resulted in low prices. It is claimed that because Hunnicutt & Bellingrath were working a number of plumbers at wages below $3; that that firm has been able to underbid competitors for contracts for the reason that other firms pay some of their plumbers $3 per day. In order to prevent the firm from underbidding, it is claimed that certain master plumbers would be glad to see the journeymen plumbers win the strike, requiring all shops to pay $3 per day for all men.

Hunnicutt & Bellingrath deny that they have made low bids because they have some men employed who are paid less than $3. They say that they pay their men according to ability and time of service, and that they have several first-class men who get the scale demanded by the journeymen, that is, $3 per day. The firm says that it employs certain plumbers who have been promoted from helpers to plumbers, but claim that the men are paid according to their worth and ability.

Mr. Hunnicutt said yesterday that he had meen making low bids simply to keep his men at work, and not to take business from his competitors. He has been told that some of the other firms in the city are exceedingly anxious for the journeymen plumbers to win the strike at his shop, those masters believing that if Mr. Hunnicutt is required to pay higher wages he must necessarily make higher bids for work.

Mr. Hunnicutt was seen yesterday, but he declined to talk for publication further than to admit that he would make the point indicated at the meeting this morning. His shop is the largest in the city and employs a large number of men, making the shop the pivotal point in the strike. In the meantime the journeymen strikers are taking things easy, and waiting on the masters to accept and grant the demand sent them last week. The whole matter will be thoroughly discussed by the bosses and a settlement may be reached today.

FOUND HER CHILD.

MRS. ROBEEN TRACED HER KIDNAPED BABY.

Father of the Child Took It to Indiana and Secluded It, but the Mother's Love Was Rewarded.

By perseverance seldom equaled Mrs. L. Robeen has at last found her five-year-old child who was kidnaped in Atlanta three or four weeks ago.

A dispatch from Nashville tells of the arrival in that city of Mrs. Robeen with her girl child, having recovered the little one at some place in Indiana, where it had been taken by the divorced husband of Mrs. Robeen.

Many readers of The Constitution will remember the case, it having created considerable interest at the time. It will be remembered that the child was taken from the mother's house on Rawson street, while in charge of a negro servant. Mrs. Robeen was out of the city at the time and when she returned she was distracted by the absence of the little girl.

Mrs. Robeen had gone to a station in south Georgia to attend court, and not wishing to take the child with her she left the litle girl under he charge of a trusted colored servant. Mrs. Robeen was very fond of the girl and had she dreamed that any accident or mishap would have befallen it she would never have left it in Atlanta. It seems that the mother and her husband parted some time ago and the husband had not been seen in Atlanta for a good while. When Mrs. Robeen was out of the city her husband went to the house and got the girl child, telling the colored girl that he intended to take it to Chattanooga while its mother was away.

The servant knew nothing of the breach between husband and wife and she made no opposition to the suggestion of Robeen. It was not until two or three days after when told of what had happened she at once begun a search for the loved baby which ended in success a day or two ago, as told of in the dispatch to follow. There seemed little hope of ever finding the little girl again, but with a determination born of her love for the child the fond mother set out to find and again press to her bosom her loved one. She first searched through Atlanta and then started north. She stopped at Chattanooga, Nashville and many other cities, never for a moment giving up the search.

The cruel husband who had so ruthlessly torn from its mother his own child, led Mrs. Robeen a wild chase and the wonder is that she was ever able to overtake him. But with characteristic courage and tireless work the mother at last run down her former spouse and in some manner not related took from him the bright little girl, and she is now on her return to Atlanta with her little lost child. Mrs. Robeen has many friends in the city who will be glad to know of her success, and when she returns she will be accorded a warm welcome.

"Nashville, Tenn., June 30.—Mrs. L. Robeen is perhaps the happiest mother in Nashville today. For two months she has been searching for her kidnaped child and has just recovered the little one away up in Indiana. She arrived with the little girl in Nashville yesterday. The story of the kidnapping and search has found its way into the papers all over the country. The Atlanta, Chicago and St. Louis papers have given columns to her misfortune.

"Two months ago she dressed her five-year-old girl and sent her to a church entertainment in Atlanta. The child never came back, and the mother at once suspected her divorced husband as being responsible for its disappearance. So without delay she began her search, which finally extended into thousands of miles of travel and visits to nearly all of the large southern and Mississippi valley cities. Only a mother would have persevered as she did. Tireless and methodical was her pursuit, and now with joyful mien, she returns home today with her lost treasure recovered."

HIGHWAY ROBBERY.

Footpads Relieve Mr. Akens of His Money.

Selma, Ala., June 30.—(Special.)—Footpads are at work in Selma, or at least they were last night, and Mr. W. C. Akens, recently of Knoxville, Tenn., but now a resident of this city, is $650 short today.

About 11 o'clock last night, while on his way home from his store, he was surprised by seeing the barrel of a pistol pointing in his face, hearing the command in a gruff voice:

"Hands up!"

He instantly obeyed. In less time than one minute a second man stepped up to him and relieved him of a shot sack containing $650. He could not tell whether the highwaymen were white or black. No trace of them has been discovered.

MURPHREES AND BYNUMS

Hold Their Family Reunion—Over Two Thousand Present.

Oneonta, Ala., June 30.—(Special.)—Last Saturday, about five miles above here, in Murphree valley, the Murphrees and Bynums held a family reunion. The Murphrees and Bynums were the first white families to settle in this valley, and here they have prospered and multiplied till they are almost beyond counting. There were fully 2,000 people at the reunion and two-thirds of them had the blood of these two noble families in their veins. Their record as a people is indeed an honorable one. They loved their homes, their country, their fellowman and their God. Many an old and feeble dame, overcome by years, was present and rejoiced at the meeting.

Addresses were made by Rev. S. C. Allgood, R. T. Robinett, Esq., and Revs. George Hewitt and William Hallet.

They contemplate having these reunions annually.

Large Fire in Birmingham.

Birmingham, Ala., June 30.—(Special.)—Fire started in the pattern room in the Williamson Iron Company's iron works this afternoon from heat from the cupola and partially destroyed the works. The building was of wood and being one of the oldest in Birmingham, burned rapidly. A large room full of patterns was almost totally destroyed and valuable machinery was badly damaged. The loss is estimated at over $10,000. There was insurance [illegible] the plant to the amount of $[illegible].

SPEEDY TRIAL FOR M'CULLOUGH

Judge Candler May Call a Special Session of Clayton Court.

A TALK WITH THE PRISONER

Denies That He Killed His Wife and Says He Loved Her.

IS MAKING NO EFFORT FOR HIS DEFENSE

He May Demand a Change of Venue from Clayton to Another County on Account of Prejudice.

"I wish to God that little woman had lived long enough to tell who struck the fatal blow."

The speaker was John McCullough, the Clayton county farmer who is locked up at the station house, accused of the murder of his wife.

McCullough has heretofore been silent, and the efforts of the newspaper men to set his tongue to wagging have been futile. The spell was broken yesterday afternoon, however, and the heavy-hearted man made his first statement to any one since the tragedy, with the exception of his testimony at the coroner's inquest.

He absolutely denies his guilt for the first time.

He explained his whereabouts on the farm at the time of the killing and declares that he as innocent as a babe.

He does not know who committed the horrible murder. From his statement the deed, in his opinion, is all shrouded in mystery.

Takes His Confinement Hard.

McCullough is taking his confinement very had. He has lost that independent air he exhibited when he was first locked in the station house.

In fact, he is not the same man. He appears to have lost several pounds of flesh, and his cheeks are unusually hollow.

His eyes are bedimmed with tears and the lids are greatly swollen. His walk has lost its energetic step, and he is the very picture of unhappiness.

Has Engaged Counsel.

McCullough has made little or no arrangements for his defense. He has not even employed lawyers. It is most probable, however, that he will be well represented, and arrangements will be made in this direction in a few days by his friends.

Very few people are allowed to see the prisoner. Chief Connolly has issued strict orders that no one shall be admitted to the corridor in which McCullough is confined without special permission, which is never given unless the caller is an intimate friend or has important business with the alleged murderer.

"Am I innocent?" said McCullough yesterday, in apparent astonishment. "Why, I would no more have killed my little wife than I would have killed you.

"Oh, if she had only lived until we could have got to her—just long enough to utter one last sentence; then the world would know who did that deed!

"You know this is mighty hard on me here. I am not only deprived of my wife, life, but here I am, behind prison bars, the world against me, and accused of having killed her myself. I don't believe that there ever were ten happier years of wedded bliss in this world than ours. She was a devoted and good wife, and I know that if she could speak today she would declare that there never was a better husband than I.

"No, there was no blood on my pants at all. Remember that the men at the inquest did not say positively that it was blood. They said the spots would have to be analyzed by a chemist before it could be told if any blood was there.

"My wife didn't have any insurance and never had any in her life that I know of."

McCullough said that about 7 o'clock Saturday morning his wife left to gather blackberries. He went with her, but returned after a short distance to scatter some green oats in his barn. He then went to the field where Bibe Allen, a negro, was at work plowing, to help him fix his plow stock. He returned to the house about 9 o'clock and found that his wife had not returned. He became alarmed and went with Dorsey, searched for and found her a few minutes later in the bushes about three hundred yards from the house.

May Have a Speedy Trial.

It is possible that McCullough's trial will be held before the next term of court in Clayton county, September 1st. It is also probable that a change of venue may be secured.

Judge Candler has made no decision as yet. He has the matter under careful consideration and he will render his decision within a week.

While there are many conservative people in Clayton county, yet the sentiment is strongly against the alleged murderer. It would not be safe to take him back now, as the law might not be allowed to take its course.

Judge Candler stated last night that he might call a special term of the superior court for this trial within a week, but has by no means determined on this action.

HATCHET IN HIS HAND.

TOM HILL RAISED THE WEAPON AND CREATED A SCENE.

Hill's Brother Told the Police That Tom Threatened To Attack His Mother.

W. S. Hill, an employe of the Southern railway rushed into police headquarters last night about 8 o'clock, and stated that his brother had attempted to kill his mother with a hatchet.

Mr. Hill was very much excited and requested the officers to place his brother under arrest to prevent further trouble.

The young man who is reported to have caused all the trouble is Thomas Hill, who is a stone cutter in Charleston, S. C., but whose widowed mother and brothers and sister live in Atlanta, at 160 South Forsyth street.

Mr. Hill stated that his brother was drunk and had come very near braining his mother after he had severely drubbed his younger brother, Drew Hill.

The police have been on the lookout for the young man from the time the case was reported, but up to a late hour last night had not caught him.

Cause of the Racket.

It seems that the head of the family died last August, leaving $2,000 insurance on his life. Tom has been trying to secure part of this amount ever since.

Yesterday morning he arrived in Atlanta from Charleston and went to his mother's home before breakfast. He ate with the family and afterwards went up town. He did not seem to be in a bad humor at that time.

Raised a Lively Row.

About the middle of the afternoon he came in again and was drinking heavily. W. S. Hill states that Tom was evidently bent on a row, but he does not know whether the subject of the insurance money was brought up or not.

It is said that Tom jumped on his younger brother, Drew, in the dining room first. He threw him to the floor and beat him severely. A young doctor, who boards in the house, finally separated the men before very much damage had been done.

Mrs. Hill, a lady fifty years of age, was attempting to stop the racket, when Tom suddenly caught sight of her. He rushed through the door into the kitchen and grabbed the hatchet, used for chopping meat, and with the deadly weapon raised in the air attempted to strike her, it is said. The thoroughly frightened woman dodged and ran quickly out into the yard, shutting the door after her.

Walter Hill, the eldest son, rushed to police headquarters and notified the authorities of the affair. He told the above story and requested that his brother be placed under arrest. It is probable that he will be captured today.

GEORGIA'S LAWYERS.

Their First Business Day at Warm Springs.

Warm Springs, Ga., June 30.—(Special.)—Between the bathing and meeting their fellow members, the lawyers are having a fine time at this delightful resort.

But they got down to business this morning. The president called them to order in the auditorium at 10 o'clock.

Reports of officers on the condition of the association were the first thing in order, after which several important subjects were discussed.

The report of Treasurer Harrison showed balance on hand from last year, $371.75; dues collected, $340; disbursed during the year, $520; balance on hand, $197.75.

There will be only one session a day of the convention—that in the morning. The afternoon and evening will be devoted to the pleasures to be found here.

BOTH WERE KILLED.

THE SUPERINTENDENT AND ENGINEER OF A STEAMBOAT

Attempt To Check the Revolution of a Chain and a Fatal Accident Happens.

Raleigh, N. C., June 30.—(Special.)—While the steamer Newbern was being hauled up on the marine railway at Elizabeth City, the engine belt slipped and the engineer and the superintendent attempted to check the backward revolution of the chain shaft by placing an iron bar between the cogs. The result was that the shaft was torn loose and with its wheels were thrown through the roof, on its way crushing the skull of the superintendent and disemboweling the engineer. Both died instantly.

C. B. Watson, democratic nominee for governor, has gone to Richmon with the Forsyth county veterans.

The populist state organ makes the charge that the democratic state convention was not sincerely for free silver, because it did not give any position to persons who figured prominently in the free coinage convention last September. The populists are also trying to create an impression that the democrats think they made a mistake in renominating so many men on their ticket and are intimating that there may yet be changes, but all this has no foundation.

Several weeks ago the republicans in this district renominated N. C. English for congress. Part of them declared that he was a republican while others asserted he was a populist. But he has never accepted the nomination or said one word. The populist congressional committee, of this district, is called to meet here tomorrow, and it will call a convention to nominate a congressional candidate.

A report was today made to Governor Carr on the term of duty of the North Carolina naval reserves. It is extremely satisfactory and Captain Wise, of the Amphitrite, joins in the praise of the work done by the officers and men, saying that of the reserve no state surpasses it.

The reports show that the acreage of tobacco in this district is twice as great as that of last year.

HARRISON MADE A HIT

When He Made Known His Dispensary Scheme.

Charleston, S. C., June 30.—(Special.)—John R. Harrison, candidate for governor, made friends here today by his attitude on the dispensary law. That law having hit Charleston harder than any other part of the state and the metropolitan police being a thorn in the sides of those people, his plan to abolish the state dispensary and let each county control its own dispensary and appoint its own constables, took well.

Ellerbe was hissed when he said if elected he would keep the metropolitan police here till the law was obeyed; that if they would obey the law there would be peace; if not, war.

Governor Evans, for the senate, was not allowed to speak the last time he came here and congratulated the people on the improvement in manners. He devoted his time to discussing national issues, and did not allude to the bond deal.

Mr. Duncan followed with his arraignment of the governor for his connection with the bond transactions. He was once or twice applauded.

Governor Evans, in reply, told the people to go to any honorable lawyer and if they said he had done wrong, not to vote for him. He said he had not got his fee or commissions yet, but when he did he would spend it all right in South Carolina and these people would get some of it.

The meeting tomorrow will be at Walterboro, Colleton county.

Matrimonial Difficulties in Maine.

From The Lewistown Saturday Journal.

It was not "a very pretty home wedding"—the one that didn't come off at Old Orchard the other night. It would have been a wedding, though, if the clergyman hadn't asked the man if he drank, and on being answered in the affirmative, refused to perform the ceremony. While the couple were pleading with the good man to reverse that righteous decision, an officer of the law appeared and stopped all further proceedings, for the time at least, the would-be bride being a pauper.

No-To-Bac Mends Nerves

Lost Life-Force Restored and Shattered Nerve-Power Quickly Repaired.

The Tobacco-Vice Undermines Vigor and Vitality. Nervous Prostration, General Debility Mean Tobacco Nerve-Poisoning

Tobacco-using is a reckless waste of life force, money and manhood.

It is a dirty, nasty, men-wrecking disease and every tobacco-user knows it.

The tobacco-user's nerves are shattered and broken, his life is going out of him, he's losing his grip, but No-To-Bac, the strongest, quickest nerve tonic in the world, braces his brain, nourishes his nerves, kills nicotine, makes manhood. Summer smoking shortens life.

If you want to quit tobacco, gain strength, weight, vitality—

If you want all the time to look, feel and act like a man—

Take No-To-Bac! Get a cure or your money back. Over 400,000 have been cured, and millions use No-To-Bac to regulate tobacco using, or purely for its wonderful powers as a nerve tonic and stimulant.

If your nerve and heart action is weak, no matter what the cause, take No-To-Bac!

Sold and guaranteed by druggists everywhere. Our famous booklet, "Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away," written guarantee and free sample mailed for the asking. Address The Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago, Montreal or New York.

GRAY JACKETS AT RICHMOND

Continued from First Page.

beauty heightened by the lesson which it will teach to humanity. That story will record the simple but sublime truth that these reunions occurred year after year, and left behind them at every stage of their proceedings the indisputable proofs that these broad minded men were neither embittered by disappointments nor dwarfed by ignoble passion nor narrowed by sectional prejudice nor blinded to the interests of the common country by selfish aims; but that, made unselfish through suffering, refined and purified in the fires of affliction, they embrace as a brother every true lover of their country, acknowledging no superior in devotion to the common weal, and in unfaltering support of the laws, the flag, the honor and the freedom of this American republic. (Applause.)

"And now, by the memory of that white robed army of comrades who have gone before us to the better land, but whose spirits are with us today, and voicing the sentiments of the thousands here assembled and of the tens of thousands who long to be with us, in their name and as their representative, I lay at Virginia's feet the sincerest tribute of our grateful hearts." (Great applause and enthusiasm.)

All Who Wore the Gray Welcome.

General Gordon introduced Hon. J. Taylor Ellison, chairman of the Davis Monument Association, who announced that all who wore the gray and every woman who sympathized with the lost cause would be welcome at the reception to Mrs. Jefferson Davis at the confederate museum tonight.

THE AUDITORIUM, RICHMOND, VA.,
Where the Reunion Is Being Held.

The committee on credentials was then announced by a secretary as follows: Maryland, James W. Owens; Virginia, Colonel Thomas P. Elliott; North Carolina, Captain R. S. Belden; South Carolina, Irdell Jones; Georgia, Colonel W. D. Shepherd; Florida, General James E. Laws; Alabama, E. Troup Randale; Mississippi, J. B. Waddell; Missouri, W. H. Woodson; Texas, General W. N. Bush; Tennessee, J. W. S. Frierson; Louisiana, General W. H. Behan; Arkansas, William P. Campbell; Indian Territory, John L. Galt; Kentucky, Bush W. Allen; Oklahoma, John L. Cassler.

Historical Committee's Report.

General Stephen D. Lee, chairman, then read the report of the history committee, [illegible] injustice had been done to the south by partisan histories and recommended that measures be adopted to have a correct and trustworthy history of the confederate side of the late war published. Somebody moved the postponement of the reading of the report, whereupon General Jackson, of Tennessee, made a strong appeal that the reading be heard. Another veteran in the audience renewed the motion to postpone until tomorrow and quite a discussion ensued. Still another appeal for the reading was made, and General Gordon explained that this report was the most important matter that would be brought before the convention, in the fact that it made plain the actual necessity of doing justice to the memories of Lee, of Jackson, of Davis and of all the southern leaders. The reading was proceeded with and the report advocated a separate history for each state and the compilation of all these by a competent board at the University of the South and invoke aid and assistance of all southern universities and historical societies, to this end. The report further referred to the several other reports to be made at previous confederate reunions on this subject, and laid particular stress on the inaccurate school histories now in use throughout the country.

It recommended that the history of the south be properly, truthfully and thoroughly written for the benefit of the growing youth of the south, and for the vindication of its honored dead.

The proposed history should be national and should be full justice to American manhood and patriotism everywhere. The reading occupied a large portion of the time of the convention, but it was respectfully listened to and at times liberally applauded, though the subject, while exceedingly interesting, sorely tried the patience of the large body of veterans and audience in the galleries. It wound up with a recommendation that each state legislature make a donation, and establish a chair of American history and that all colleges aid in perfecting the needed history.

While still turning over the leaves of the report, General Lee assured the convention he was nearing the end, which remark elicited applause. The galleries were nearly emptied and at the conclusion the hall was not more than half full of veterans. The report, however, wound up with an eloquent eulogy of the confederate soldier, paid a glowing tribute to the women of the south, and spoke in the highest terms of the old and the new south, all of which was enthusiastically applauded, and compensated the veterans for listening so patiently to the long reading of this literary document.

The resolutions of the citizens of Fredericksburg, Va., advocating the establishment of a national park by the United States government to take in the battlefields around that city, were read, and approved.

The historical report just read was also on motion of General Jackson, of Tennessee, unanimously adopted and the committee was thanked for its labors. The committee was further authorized to carry out the objects of the report by the appointment of sub-committees.

Committee on Resolutions.

The following committee on resolutions was then announced: Maryland, Colonel John W. Rorsch; Virginia, J. Taylor Ellison; North Carolina, General William L. de Rossett; South Carolina, Colonel J. C. Holmes; Georgia, W. L. Calhoun; Florida, J. A. Enslowjer; Alabama, Thomas R. Roulac; Mississippi, Governor R. G. Hand; Texas, M. R. Stringfellow; Missouri, Hon. J. B. Gantt; Tennessee, Captain W. P. Trolley; Louisiana, Hon. F. A. Monroe; Arkansas, R. G. Shaver; Indian Territory, General R. B. Coleman.

On motion of General Peyton Wise, of Virginia, an assistant sergeant-at-arms from each state was appointed to report to the general sergeant-at-arms of the convention tomorrow to preserve order.

An Oklahoma veteran stated that that territory had a perfect organization of veterans and a sponser present. A representative from Oklahoma was then placed on the various committees.

All further business was the [illegible] postponed until the committee on [illegible] was ready to report, and [illegible] address by Dr. Jabez L. [illegible] and history, w[illegible] for 10:30 o'clock tomorrow, whereupon the convention adjourned until 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

General Wade Hampton was clearly the head of the convention today. The ovation he received was the heartiest and most enthusiastic of any of the day. He made a brief speech in response to calls and was loudly cheered.

The Battle Abbey Discussed.

The battle abbey of the south committee held an important meeting at the capitol today, at which a charter for a confederate memorial association, to take charge of the battle abbey, was discussed. Colonel J. C. Craven, of Springfield, Mo., said that state would do well by the battle abbey and hoped to secure its location there.

Colonel John O. Cassler, of Oklahoma, said he had secured contributions for it from veterans who fought on the other side and favored the construction of the good work. Chairman Hickey, of the District of Columbia, promised liberal contributions from his people.

General Cabell, of Texas, made an eloquent speech advocating the continuance of the work for a year or at least six months before deciding on a location. General Gardell, of Nashville, discussed the conditional subscriptions and stated what Nashville would do for the abbey. Colonel Charleron, of Louisiana, opposed conditional subscriptions. They had subscribed $6,000, $3,000 of which had been paid up, and they had a $150,000 site to offer. They were not discouraged, but were confident of success.

General McIntosh offered a resolution discharging the present committee from the further consideraiton of the matter and that it be succeeded by a trustee to be selected by each division of the United Confederate Veterans, which shall be authorized to obtain a charter of incorporation of the Confederate Memorial Association.

Mr. Rouss Has a New Plan.

Colonel A. B. Dickinson, who represents Mr. Charles Broadway Rouss, of New York, then read a correspondence with that gentleman, which developed a new plan on the part of Mr. Rouss, who had previously offered a conditional donation of $100,000 for a battle abbey of the south. Mr. Rouss now proposes to contribute $500,000 for the purpose, provided the south raised an equal amount and that the building be located in the city of Washington.

This puts quite a new aspect on the battle abbey movement, though Mr. Rouss leaves the matter entirely with the association.

General McIntosh's resolution was then so amended that the present committee would not go out of existence until the trustees were appointed. A report will be made to the convention tomorrow.

Washington Contingent Arrives.

The Washington contingent to the reunion arrived safely on time at 7:15 this evening. They came in two train sections over the Cincinnati and Ohio railway and consisted of the District Veterans, the Hatcher camp, of Leesburg, Va.; the Turner Ashby camp, of Winchester, Va.; the Rockville, Mo., camp; the Frederick City, Md., camp, and the High School Cadets. The National Fencibles did not come. The veterans were escorted to their quarters at 909 East Broad street and the Cadets to 11 Governor street, where they are comfortably housed.

The programme for the next two days is not yet decided upon, but the High school boys expect to have a friendly rival drill with the Cadets from the Virginia military institute, besides participating in the grand parade on Thursday. when the corner stone of the Davis monument will be laid in Monroe park.

The Reception at the "White House."

The reception tendered Mrs. Jefferson Davis tonight at the confederate museum, the former "white house" of the confederacy, was an overwhelming affair. I was a success as far as the crowd of ladies were concerned, but a failure as to management. One-fourth of the people who wished to pay their respects to Mrs. Davis and her daughter, Mrs. Hayes, could not gain admission to the building. Miss Winnie Davis was detained in New York by a sprained ankle. Mrs. Davis bowed her acknowledgments from a front window to the front and Mrs. Hayes and her little son were similarly engaged from a rear window of the house. At this hour, 11 p. m., there is still a large crowd vainly endeavoring to gain admittance.

Corporal Tanner, who is an honorary member of the R. E. Lee confederate camp, and Major Halleck, his companion, who are here, were tendered a right royal reception by the camp tonight, and the two union veterans are the lions of the hour. It is estimated there are 30,000 visitors in the city tonight. The crowd is immense and the streets are thronged.

Sons of Confederate Veterans.

The grand camp of Sons of Confederate Veterans was organized tonight at a meeting held at the auditorium of representatives of the camps in Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia and Alabama. J. E. B. Stuart, son of the well known Virginia cavalry leader, presided. A constitution and by-laws, approved by the united confederate leaders, will be adopted tomorrow.

The Davis Monument.

The design for the Jeff Davis monument, the corner stone of which is to be laid here July 2d is that of Mr. Percy Griffin, of New York. This gentleman's plan was selected by the committee of design, composed of well-known gentlemen of this city. The selection was made more than two weeks ago, but it could not become a finality until their choice was approved by the Jeff Davis monument board and the committee of the United Confederate Veterans. These two bodies tonight met in joint session and approved the choice of the local committee. There were twenty-seven competitors included among the number and there were some of the most prominent architects in the country.

Mr. Griffin's design was awarded the first prize. The second and third prizes were given respectively to E. S. Rogers and W. L. Nolan, of this city. The following is the description of his design furnished the committee by Mr. Griffin.

The Artist's Description.

"In submitting my plans to you for approval, I wish to state as briefly as possible the motives which prompted me to treat the possible solution of your problem as is shown on the accompanying drawings.

"I strongly suggest that you should depart from the ordinary statue monument, which might be composed of groups of statuary around a central figure, for it seems to me that if a monument be built which is in itself architecturally good, graceful and massive, of fine stone work, we can accomplish a result far more dignified and appropriate and even more interesting than would be obtained by a single figure standing either alone or with its surrounding groups in the midst of your park.

"Above the trees will rise the dome, with its golden top, giving a bright crown to the monument. From all sid[illegible] will it look equally well and may be en[illegible] from fou[illegible] directions. In the center I stand th[illegible] statue of President Davis, [illegible]ctly beneath the dome, and in places at four corners may be placed battle flags, else statue[illegible] of generals who were id[illegible]d with th[illegible] cause.

"I propose building th[illegible] monument [illegible] Tuckahoe marble, which i[illegible]st durabl[illegible] in its character, and a st[illegible] hich show[illegible] to the best advantage go[illegible] arving an[illegible] molding.

"I would introduce a fin[illegible] of col[illegible] beneath the roof of the p[illegible] and [illegible] quantity of gold leaf in th[illegible] to give a tone of warmth a[illegible] or to th[illegible] exterior. A judicious trea[illegible]e of color on the interior, which are [illegible]lping wit[illegible] the architecture, will mak[illegible]a roundi[illegible] for your statue, which will[illegible] appro[illegible] priate and beautiful. Adde[illegible] this colo[illegible] ing we would get the light [illegible] from th[illegible] center of the dome and thro[illegible] the colore[illegible] glass windows below it.

"Would not these surrou[illegible] be f[illegible] better for such a monument t[illegible] to plac[illegible] it in the center of your park[illegible] to al[illegible] times and to all weather? [illegible] that it would be more respec[illegible] to him you honor and far m[illegible] isfactor[illegible] in the result. We would a[illegible] this wa[illegible] to the impressiveness of [illegible] statue by giving it such good supers[illegible] re. Yo[illegible] will recall the beauty of D[illegible] es Inva[illegible] lides in Paris, and if yo[illegible] mmitte[illegible] thought best, a sarcopha[illegible] be substituted in place of a stat[illegible] ed as le tomdeau de Napole[illegible] ever, that is a question for [illegible] eration.

"Our monument would st[illegible] a concrete foundation and the con[illegible] in masonry and not of iron. [illegible] side and out to be 'Tuck[illegible] suggest, and the floors to be[illegible] The estimates which I submit a[illegible] follows:

Mason work and marble w[illegible]	$125,00[illegible]
Statuary and bronze work	55,00[illegible]
Decoration	20,00[illegible]
Total	$200,0[illegible]

"Of course these estimat[illegible] be lessened or increased if the b[illegible] committee shall direct. But the [illegible] can be built, as you see, for yo[illegible] figures.

"These estimates have [illegible] made by most careful and responsi[illegible] ple.

"The color scheme for t[illegible] interior may be made stunning and [illegible] in its treatment and I regret th[illegible] will not permit of its being shown [illegible] tion, but if your committe[illegible] to execute this design I shall be [illegible] to submit this decoration to you in [illegible] for your approval, and you will r[illegible] from architecture of the interi[illegible] decorative ensemble can [illegible] obtained by the introduction of beaut[illegible] c[illegible] marbles and gold mosaics."

Nervou[illegible]

People often wonder [illegible] so weak; why the[illegible] why they start [illegible] sudden sound; w[illegible] naturally; why [illegible] headaches, indiges[illegible]

Dyspepsia

The explanation is simp[illegible] It is foun[illegible] that impure blood which is co[illegible] ually feeding the nerves upon [illegible] instead of the elements of strength [illegible] vigor. In such condition opiate[illegible] nerve compound simply deaden [illegible] do not cure. Hood's Sarsaparilla [illegible] the nerves pure, rich, red blood; [illegible] natural sleep, perfect digestion, i[illegible] true remedy for all nervous trou[illegible]

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. $1 per [illegible]
Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, M[illegible]

Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate.

ATLANTA, GA., TO WASHINGTON, D[illegible]

AND RETURN

Account of Christian Endeavor Convention.........$17.5[illegible]

Tickets on sale July 5, 6 and 7 limited July 15th, 1896. Tickets may be extended and made good for return until July 31st, 1896 upon their deposit with Joint Agent at Washington on or before July 14th, 1896.

EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY

FOR A TRIP TO NEW YORK

Tickets Washington New York and return, $10.00 limited [illegible] days. THE SOUTHERN RAILWAY is the best road the South. Vestibule trains with dining cars.

A. A. VERNOY, Pass. Agt.,
Atlanta, Ga.
W. H. TAYLOE, Dist. Pass. Agt.,
Atlanta, Ga.

Similarly low rates from all other stations via Southern Railway.

Earth's Rotation and M[illegible] Trains.

From The Washington Eve[illegible] Times.

"I had an interesting co[illegible] with a western scientist the o[illegible]," said N. S. Moore, a Chicago tr[illegible]man, at the Raleigh, "about the eff[illegible] rotation of the earth has on moving [illegible] trains. He claimed that a train go[illegible] stward is accelerated by the earth's [illegible], while one going westward is corr[illegible]ngly re[illegible] tarded. Trials of railroad [illegible] the best results, he says, sho[illegible] be made from west to east. [illegible] back his theory up with [illegible] matical formula. He go[illegible] mates that a train [illegible] or south loses by [illegible] pressure against t[illegible] capable of making [illegible] loses two miles. It is [illegible] proposition that I sh[illegible] made."

Bit a Horse and Got the [illegible]

From The Kansas City Time[illegible]

Topeka, Kan., June 2[illegible] a farmer, flew into a rage [illegible] cause his horse rubbed again[illegible] his Sunday clothes, and as a[illegible] he bit the animal's ear. As [illegible] closed on the horse's orga[illegible] tossed its head high in the a[illegible] man's jaw in three pieces. [illegible] quite a hero in the neighbor[illegible] has gone to bed for the sum[illegible]

The Terrible T[illegible]

From The Boston Journal.

The newspaper men whom [illegible] ler has expelled from Cub[illegible] sponsible writers. Several [illegible] widely known as conscientio[illegible] just men, who would not se[illegible] try reports which were no[illegible] fair. The truth seems to b[illegible] leader.

Speed.

From The Washington Eve[illegible]

"Want somebody to he[illegible] quired of the head bookkee[illegible]

"Are you quick at figures[illegible]

"Yes, sir."

"How quick are you?"

"I'm so quick that I kin[illegible] rithmetic a candidate p[illegible] newspapers when he's co[illegible] man can't be no quicker'n [illegible]"

The action of Carter's Li[illegible] pleasant, mild and natur[illegible] stimulate the liver, and re[illegible] but do not purge. [illegible] case. Try them.

SCREAMS IN TH[illegible] DEAD OF [illegible]

[illegible] Father of Two Yo[illegible] to Their Aid.

A NEG[illegible] HAD ALARME[illegible]

He Ha[illegible] Entered Their [illegible] Seized One of The[illegible]

THE NEG[illegible] SOON DANGLES F[illegible]

[illegible] Body Full of Bu[illegible] Dying He Said [illegible] served His Fate

Quitman, Ga., June 30.—(S[illegible] Williams, negro, was lynche[illegible] just across the state line, in M[illegible] ty, Florida, thirteen miles s[illegible] place. He committed an ass[illegible] tent to [illegible] on Miss Eliza [illegible] daughter [illegible] Mr. William Wo[illegible] in that [illegible] Sunday ni[illegible] life paid the penalty of his c[illegible]

Jake, who was no[illegible] more [illegible] years old, came to this co[illegible] band of gypsies last Januar[illegible] reached [illegible] lower part of t[illegible] decided [illegible] travel no farthe[illegible] and went to Mr. William W[illegible] him that [illegible] took up with t[illegible] Houston county, Georgia, and [illegible] tired of traveling with them [illegible] employment on Mr. Wood's [illegible] Wood was in need of a fa[illegible] hired Jake for the year, an[illegible] work at once and had been w[illegible] since that time and up to [illegible] crime was committed.

Sunday night some one en[illegible] room of Miss Eliza, where [illegible] younger sister were sleepin[illegible] of an unknown party caused [illegible] her sister to awake, and a[illegible] the intruder caught hold o[illegible] the two young ladies, which [illegible] so that she fainted. The [illegible] screamed at the top of he[illegible] aroused their father. Mr. [illegible] the room just as the negro [illegible] the window. In his haste [illegible] his pantaloons on the plaz[illegible]

[illegible] Was His Farm H[illegible]

Mr. Wood followed in clos[illegible] ran the negro into a grain [illegible] he captured him. To his ut[illegible] the assailant of his daugh[illegible] other than Jake, his farm h[illegible] Mr. Wood guarded Jake [illegible] the night and yest[illegible] took him before Mr. Jack Ja[illegible] the peace for that district, [illegible] gave a commitment tri[illegible] over to the circuit court. [illegible] bail, took charge of th[illegible] kept him hidden in the w[illegible] night, when he started to [illegible] him to put him in jail.

By this time the whole [illegible] was up in arms, and Constable Sa[illegible] his hiding place [illegible] overtaken by a crowd of a[illegible] men and his prisoner take[illegible] rope was secured and the n[illegible] to the limb of a tree and [illegible] with bullets.

Miss Wood is now in a c[illegible] with nervous prostration [illegible] Mr. Wood is about sixty y[illegible] one of the most highly e[illegible] in this county.

The negro confessed his [illegible] was hanged, but said that [illegible] tell why he did it, but tha[illegible] his just reward.

THE COLUMBUS L[illegible]

Muscogee Grand Jury [illegible] To Say Concern[illegible]

Columbus, Ga., June 30[illegible] grand jury of Muscogee [illegible] Monday afternoon for the [illegible] being ended. The prese[illegible] tained, among other th[illegible] concerning the recent [illegible]

"We beg leave to repo[illegible] as thorough an inv[illegible] thing which occurred [illegible] Columbus on June 1st, as w[illegible]

"In our efforts [illegible] participants in the affa[illegible] before us our body offic[illegible] and others, who were [illegible] from which one of the v[illegible] We have also examined [illegible] whose custody the other [illegible] also, citizens residing i[illegible] the jail who witnessed [illegible] and a number of mercha[illegible] in the neighborhood of [illegible] executions and who wit[illegible] them, and none of th[illegible] any information as to t[illegible] parties taking part in [illegible] this connection we desi[illegible] [illegible] condemnati[illegible] We fully realize that su[illegible] [illegible] to our society [illegible] detrimental to the general w[illegible] community."

Death of Captai[illegible]

Monday morning about [illegible] C. E. Hobart, second cl[illegible] [illegible] was stricken w[illegible] died about an hour a[illegible] wards. Captain Hobart [illegible] steamboat man, having [illegible] for nearly forty years. [illegible] number of friends alo[illegible] river who will learn w[illegible] death. The flags of th[illegible] the river were placed a[illegible] in his memory. [illegible] Hobart leaves [illegible] in this city [illegible] in Apalachicol[illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]UCKIANS A[illegible]

[illegible] Editors Were Ro[illegible] Ther[illegible]

[illegible] Ga., June [illegible] editors of the Cumberland we[illegible] Brunswickians and [illegible] o'clock a repr[illegible] set out on the [illegible] to get the e[illegible] on board a[illegible] where [illegible] observations of [illegible] Colonel Goodye[illegible] charges [illegible] guests. From [illegible] St. Simon[illegible] entertained [illegible]

[illegible] to Bru[illegible] escorted to the [illegible] splendid di[illegible] Brunswick [illegible] himself [illegible] hall, delivered [illegible] eloque[illegible] [illegible]

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Dyspepsia
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of the elements of strength
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compounds simply deaden
cure. Hood's Sarsaparilla
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l sleep, perfect digestion, is
medy for nervous trou
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arsaparilla
True Blood Purifier. $1 per
nly by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, M
s Pills cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate.

GA., TO WHINGTON, D.
AND REJRN
of Chrisn Endeave
ntion..........$17.5
on sale July 5, 6 and 7
July 15th, 1896. Ticket
extended at made goo
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eir deposit with Join
Washington or befo
h, 1896.
ELLENT OPPITUNITY
A TRIP TO N YORK
Washington New Yor
turn, $10.00 limited
THE SOUTHN RAIL
the best road the South
le trains with dining cars
ERNOY, Pass. Agt.,
Atlanta, Ga.
TAYLOE, Dist. Pass. Agt.,
Atlanta, Ga.
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undation and the contion be
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and the floors to be mosaics. The
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and bronze work... 55,00
on........................ 20,00
$200,00
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direct. But the amount ca
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Rotation and Moving Trains.
Washington Evening Times.
an interesting conversation with
n scientist the other day," said
ore, a Chicago traveling man, at
h, "about the effect of rotation
th has on moving trains.
d that a train going eastward is
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Kansas City Times.
Kan., June 2
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CREMS IN THE D OF NIGHT

ing thatnei of Two Young Ladies to Their Aid.

A NEG HAD ALARMED THEM

He Ha Entered Their Room and ized One of Them.

THE NEG SOON DANGLES FROM A TREE

ath Body Full of Bullet Holes. Before Dying He Said He Deserved His Fate.

Quitman, Ga., June 30.—(Special.)—Jake Williams, negro, was lynched last night, just across the state line, in Madison county, Florida, thirteen miles south of this place. He committed an assault with intent to on Miss Eliza Wood, eldest daughter of Mr. William Wood, who lives in that section, Sunday night; and his life paid the penalty of his crime.

Jake, who was not more than twenty years old, came to this county with a band of gypsies last January. When he reached the lower part of the county he decided to travel no farther with them and went to Mr. William Wood and told him that he took up with the gypsies in Houston county, Georgia, and that he was tired of traveling with them and wanted employment on Mr. Wood's farm. Mr. Wood was in need of a farm hand and hired Jake for the year, and Jake set to work at once and had been with Mr. Wood since that time and up to the time the crime was committed.

Sunday night some one entered the bedroom of Miss Eliza, where she and her younger sister were sleeping. The entry of an unknown party caused both her and her sister to awake, and as they awoke the intruder caught hold of the elder of the two young ladies, which frightened her so that she fainted. The younger sister screamed at the top of her voice, which aroused their father. Mr. Wood ran into the room just as the negro sprang out of the window. In his haste the negro left his pantaloons on the piazza.

Was His Farm Hand.

Mr. Wood followed in close pursuit and ran the negro into a grain house, where he captured him. To his utter amazement, the assailant of his daughters was none other than Jake, his farm hand.

Mr. Wood guarded Jake for the remainder of the night and yesterday morning took him before Mr. Jack Jarvis, justice of the peace for that district, where he was given a commitment trial and bound over to the circuit court. John Sales, the bailiff, took charge of the prisoner and kept him hidden in the woods until last night when he started to Madison with him to put him in jail.

By this time the whole country was up in arms, and Constable Sale had hardly left his hiding place before he was overtaken by a crowd of about seventy-five men and his prisoner taken from him. A rope was secured and the negro was swung to the limb of a tree and his body riddled with bullets.

Miss Wood is now in a critical condition with nervous prostration from the fright. Mr. Wood is about sixty years old, and is one of the most highly esteemed citizens in this county.

The negro confessed his guilt before he was hanged, but said that he he would not tell why he did it, but that he was getting his just reward.

THE COLUMBUS LYNCHING.

Muscogee Grand Jury Has Something To Say Concerning It.

Columbus, Ga., June 30.—(Special.)—The grand jury of Muscogee county adjourned Monday afternoon for the term, its labors being ended. The presentments returned contained, among other things, the following concerning the recent lynching here:

We beg leave to report that we have made as thorough an investigation of the lynching which occurred on the streets of Columbus on June 1st, as was in our power to. In our efforts to apprehend the participants in the affair, we have had before us our body officers of the court and others, who were in the courtroom, from which one of the victims was taken. We have also examined the jailer, from whose custody the other victim was taken; citizens residing in the vicinity of the jail who witnessed the occurrences, a number of merchants doing business in the neighborhood of the place of the executions and who witnessed the executions, and none of the testimony elicited any information as to the identity of the parties taking part in the lynching. In this connection we desire to express our unqualified condemnation of lynching. We fully realize that such practices are a menace to our society and prove detrimental to the general welfare of our community.

Death of Captain Hobart.

Monday morning about 9 o'clock, Captain C. E. Hobart, second clerk on the steamer [illegible], was stricken with apoplexy and died about an hour and a half afterwards. Captain Hobart was a veteran steamboat man, having been on the river for nearly forty years, and had a large number of friends along the Chattahoochee who will learn with regret of his death. The flags of the various boats on the river were placed at half-mast out of respect to his memory.

Captain Hobart leaves besides his wife, [illegible] in this city, a son, who is in Apalachicola, and a younger [illegible] lives here. He had two sisters—[illegible] Savannah and one in Macon.

UCKIANS AT BRUNSWICK.

Editors Were Royally Entertained There.

Brunswick, Ga., June 30.—(Special.)—The Kentucky editors who have been guests at Cumberland were taken in hand by the Brunswickians and royally entertained. At [illegible] o'clock a representative body of citizens [illegible] on the tug Dauntless for Cumberland to [illegible] the editors. At 8 o'clock [illegible] were on board and steaming toward the bar, where a stop was made to [illegible] observations of dynamite shooting, under Colonel Goodyear's directions. Three [illegible] charges were fired, to the wonder of the guests. From the bar a run was made to St. Simon's, where Manager Tim[illegible] entertained them for thirty minutes. [illegible] to Brunswick, the guests [illegible] to the Oglethorpe and treated to a splendid dinner. [illegible] Brobston was toastmaster and acquitted himself well. Editor Leavy, of [illegible], delivered the address of welcome in an eloquent manner, which was [illegible] to by Secretary Gaines, of the [illegible] [illegible] response to toast to the "Press," was chaste in his language.

Toasts and responses were also made by Colonel Goodyear and Banker Reed, of Brunswick; Editors Keller, Westovar and Drake, of the press association.

At 5 o'clock citizens in carriages drove the party over the city. Tonight they left in two special coaches for Atlanta, after repeatedly expressing pleasure at the treatment accorded them at Cumberland, St. Simon's and Brunswick.

THEY KEEP AT WORK.

ATHENS MILLS ARE RUNNING ON FULL TIME.

The Knitting Mill Ready To Start Up. General News and Gossip of Athens.

Athens, Ga., June 30.—(Special.)—Despite the fact that many manufacturing industries are closing down for the summer season, the Athens manufactories go steadily on with their work.

The Georgia factory, at Whitehall, is now running full time day and night and is meeting with great success.

Princeton factory is also running full time and its goods are finding a ready sale.

The Piedmont bobbin mill and the Mallison Braided Cord Company are finding no time for idleness.

The Athens knitting mill is almost ready to start up the new plant that has been purchased since the destruction of the former by fire.

The electric power plant at Mitchell's bridge is nearing completion, and will be in operation before the summer is over.

Sons of Veterans.

The young men in Athens are now discussing the organization of a chapter of the Sons of Confederate Veterans. The Richmond reunion has stirred up a great deal of enthusiasm on the subject here and the outcome will possibly be the organization of such a chapter here.

Two Interments Today.

This morning, at her home near Athens, occurred the funeral of Mrs. Thomas F. Hudson, who died of typhoid fever yesterday.

This afternoon the remains of Mr. Isaac Michael, who died yesterday at his home in Macon, were interred in Oconee cemetery. Mr. Michael was formerly a respected citizen of Athens.

Newsy Notes.

City Attorney Shackelford is spending a few days in Richmond, Va.

Mr. E. K. Lumpkin has returned home from Atlanta, where he visited his brother, Judge J. H. Lumpkin.

Rev. R. Toombs Dubose is in the city. His little daughter, who has been quite ill, is better now.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Francis, of Atlanta, are visiting relatives here.

Mrs. W. D. Ellis, Jr., of Atlanta, is the guest of her mother, Mrs. M. A. Lipscomb.

Professor and Mrs. W. D. Hooper are spending several weeks at Cumberland.

Miss Louise Lumpkin will visit friends in Dalton and Brunswick next week.

Mr. Frank Harwell, of LaGrange, is guest of his brother-in-law, Rev. W. Lovejoy, of this city.

There will be given a big barbecue at Princeton Saturday and County School Commissioner Bernard will deliver an address on "Education."

The university summer schools in Latin and Greek, mathematics and chemistry open tomorrow and will continue in session two months. Quite a number of students will attend them.

The new dormitory at Rock college is finished and tomorrow at noon President Bradwell will dedicate it with appropriate ceremonies. The attendance at Rock college is increasing rapidly.

Mr. W. A. Wilkins, Jr., has returned to his home in Waynesboro, after visiting his sister, Mrs. Charles A. Scudder, of this city.

Rev. J. E. England has returned to his home in Lawrenceville, after visiting his brother, Rev. S. B. England.

Captain W. B. Burnett, one of the delegates to the Chicago convention, will leave Athens for Chicago Friday. Captain Burnett was a delegate to the last national democratic convention at Chicago in 1892 and cast his vote for David B. Hill. He goes again to cast another vote against Clevelandism.

A DEBT OF TWO CENTS

Causes Charles Thomas To Kill Johnson McNeal.

Quitman, Ga., June 30.—(Special.)—Charley Thomas shot and instantly killed Johnson McNeal yesterday afternoon at Foster, in the northern part of this county. Both parties are colored. From what can be gathered from eyewitnesses it appears that Thomas claimed that Johnson owed him 2 cents. Johnson denied owing the debt and a quarrel ensued and was concluded by a demand by Thomas for the 2 cents and refusal by McNeal to pay it, whereupon Thomas drew a pistol and fired.

McNeal was sitting on a log and Thomas was standing over him and the ball took effect in the left breast, ranging downward and striking his heart, producing death in about three minutes. Thomas then ran, but Mr. M. H. Campbell, who was near on his horse, overtook and arrested him and carried him to town last night.

Brooks superior court convened Monday and Thomas will be tried and sentenced to be hanged before the week is out.

THE NEWS FROM AUGUSTA.

Fireman Weekly Is Improving and He May Now Recover.

Augusta, Ga., June 30.—(Special.)—Four young men of Augusta, Messrs. Palmer, Tennant, Louis Potter, Marion Mathewson and John P. Bones, leave Augusta tonight for Honduras, where they will embark in the india rubber business. Messrs. Mathewson and Potter preceded the other two to Savannah and bought the pilot boat Emma A. Dickerson, which they have stored with provisions and the necessary equipment for their enterprise. The other two left tonight to join their associates in Savannah, whence they will sail for their destination.

Mr. Jones Gardiner, one of the best known drummers in Georgia and one who was frequently mistaken for Henry Grady before the latter's death, has accepted a position with a Savannah firm. He has been traveling on the road twenty-one years continuously from Augusta.

During last night there was a change for the better in Fireman Bob Weekly's condition, and he may recover.

FIXED THE SALARIES.

Rome Board of Trustees Re-Elect the Teachers and Fix Their Pay.

Rome, Ga., June 30.—(Special.)—Monday afternoon the board of trustees of Rome's public schools met and fixed the pay of the superintendent and teachers of the Rome public schools for the ensuing year. The salary of Superintendent J. C. Harris was left at $1,600; those of R. J. Gwaltney, principal, and E. M. Gammon, assistant principal of the Boys' High school, at $900 each. Two white teachers will receive $37.50 per month, two will receive $35.25 and twelve will receive $30 per month. One superintendent of the colored schools gets $50 per month and seven colored teachers $30 per month.

The board deemed it advisable to pay these in twelve monthly installments instead of nine, as heretofore, and the whole foots up $12,217, leaving $283 out of the appropriation of $12,500 for school purposes, that sum to go for contingent expenses. The superintendent and teachers have all been re-elected and the twelve months' plan was adopted, after much discussion as to how to meet the increased attendance with the present appropriation.

The new city bonds amounting to $169,000 were received Monday. They will be signed up at a special meeting of council and paid over Wednesday to take the place of the old bonds maturing that day. Fifty thousand dollars of the old bonds are held here in Rome and will be paid Wednesday, adding a snug sum to the money in circulation here.

After the grip, typhoid fever, diphtheria, or other prostrating diseases, nothing builds up the strength and restores full health like Hood's Sarsaparilla. It sharpens the appetite.

QUICKLY MARRIED QUICKLY PARTED

The Sad Story of a Bride of Only Two Days.

A CASE OF FIRST SIGHT LOVE

An Introduction and Proposal in the Same Breath.

THE WIDOW ACCEPTED THE MAN SHE MET

They Were Married—Her Father Shuts the Door in Her Face—Afterwards Her Husband Skips.

Macon, Ga., June 30.—(Special.)—Mrs. W. H. McDaniel, a bride of two days, is now an inmate of the city hospital in this city, deserted, penniless and with the doors of her former home at Wellston closed against her.

Mrs. McDaniel until Thursday night was Mrs. Mary Johnson. While on her way to Jacksonville from Atlanta she met W. H. McDaniel at the Southern depot, in Macon, and according to her statement, McDaniel, whom she had never seen before, walked up to her and said: "Excuse me, madam, but I fell in love with you at first sight. Will you marry me?"

Mrs. Johnson hesitated a moment, and said, "Yes." A license was procured and in less than an hour after their meeting Rev. H. O. Judd made them man and wife. They immediately left on foot for Wellston, the home of the bride's parents. Arriving there, her father drove them away and they took the train for Macon. At Junction, McDaniel, who claims to be from Atlanta, got off the train to look after a boy who had broken his leg, and his bride has seen or heard nothing of him since. The woman is sick and Acting Chief of Police Charley Carnes had her sent to the hospital, where she is being cared for.

An Apparent Shortage.

An apparent shortage of $1,361.02 in the accounts of the police department of this city is to be investigated. For some time past the mayor and council have not been satisfied with the reports of the police department, and two weeks ago the city council decided to put an expert accountant to work on the books for the purpose of finding the exact status. Mr. R. W. Jemison was selected for the work and this afternoon his report was made to the council. In addition to several recommendations for changes of the system of keeping the police accounts and the statement that the docket from November, 1894, to June, 1895, was missing and could not be found. Mr. Jemison's report showed the following since December 17, 1893: Total fines and costs imposed and rewards collected during the period from December 17, 1893, to date, $30,352.04; suspended, $6,232.30; remitted, $117.25; served out, $10,832; refunded, $381.25; expenses paid, $591.20; paid treasurer, $10,837.02; total, $28,991.02; balance uncollected not suspended, remitted or served, $1,361.02.

Council adopted the recommendations of Mr. Jemison and referred the remainder of the report to the police committee and Aldermen Proudfit and Ryals for the purpose of making a thorough investigation. In his report, Mr. Jemison charged no one with intentional fraud, and stated that some of the discrepancy may be accounted for.

The reading of the report created considerable interest, and Alderman Proudfit said, as the report shows a discrepancy of $1,361.2, somebody must be able to explain where it has gone, and if the chief of police is short that much, council should know it.

Wants an Assistant.

When congress passed the act fixing a regular annual salary of $3,500 for the district attorney of the southern district of Georgia, instead of allowing him fees, as formerly, it also provided that the district attorney could have an assistant district attorney at $1,800 per year, if he required it. District Attorney Garyq, of Augusta, has asked for an assistant and has also requested the appointment of Mr. Richard Jordan, an able and popular lawyer and young gentleman of Macon. Judge Emory Speer has also indorsed the application for the appointment of Mr. Jordan. It is said that the attorney general of the United States has taken very favorably to Mr. Jordan, and it is highly probable that he will be appointed. The appointment will be an admirable one in every respect. Mr. Jordan's headquarters will have to be at Macon.

Mr. Anderson's Appointment.

On January 1st last Judge Ross appointed Mr. O. A. Park solicitor general pro tem. of the city court for six months. Mr. Parks's term expired today, and Judge Ross has appointed Mr Robert L. Anderson solicitor general pro tem. for the next six months, beginning tomorrow. Mr. Anderson is a son of Judge Clifford Anderson, and is one of the brightest of the younger members of the Macon bar. He will make a worthy successor of Mr. Park, who has ably and satisfactorily discharged the duties of solicitor general pro tem. In the absence of the regular solicitor general of the Macon circuit the solicitor general pro tem. acts in the city court.

Stockholders Meet.

The stockholders of the Macon and Birmingham Railway Company met today at the Hotel Lanier. This was the first meeting of the stockholders since the company was reorganized.

Vice President Tol Y. Crawford, of Columbus, Ga., presided at the meeting.

Among the officers present were L. F. Garrard, of Columbus, attorney for the road; Director G. Y. Tigner, of Columbus; General Manager and Director Julian R. Lane, of Macon.

The main purpose of the meeting was accomplished, towit, to authorize the issuance of bonds of the company to the amount of $500,000 The bonds are to be issued in $1,000 each, bearing interest at 5 per cent, payable fifty years from date.

The meeting also authorized the execution of a mortgage on a deed of trust of the railway company to secure the bonds.

The purpose of the issuance of the bonds is to pay Parson & Edwards for the property. Parson & Edwards were the buyers of the property, and they have sold it to the new and reorganized company.

Some of the proceeds of the bonds may be used in extending and improving the road.

Grand Celebration.

Everything is getting in splendid shape for the grand Fourth of July celebration at Macon. Great crowds are expected from contiguous counties and towns. The sports will be varied and acttractive and will be held at Central City park.

The grand procession will start at the noon hour from the confederate monument at the intersection of Mulberry and Second streets.

At 12:30 Minter Wimberly will deliver an address of welcome to the great crowd of visitors who will be in the city from all parts of the state.

The declaration of independence will be read by Judge John F. Ross.

Card's Second Regiment band will follow the address with a concert of inspiring pieces.

The main sports of the day will commence at 3 o'clock. Among some of the features will be sack and wheelbarrow races, object races, egg races, boat races, three legged races, bicycle races, horse and steer races, the tournament, baseball game, May-pole spectacular, and divers other feature of entertainment and amusement.

One of the most brilliant and entertaining features of the celebration will be the tournament. This attraction has been taken in hand by Bob Hazlehurst, which insures its perfect success.

Among the sports that will be features of the celebration will be a 200-yard ice walk, square heel and toe. Each contestant will carry six pounds of ice in his bare hand. This seemingly easy feat will be rewarded by a prize of $5 to the first man who succeeds in getting through, under and around the various obstacles, and $2 to the second man. The next feature will be a 200-yard dash, with a $5 prize to the first and a $3 prize to the second man.

In the sack race, the blindfold race and the barrel race the winners will be rewarded with $5.

In the barrel race each barrel will be numbered and each man will start with his own barrel, but the man whose barrel first crosses the line will be the winner.

Next in order will come the egg race. Each contestant will have two ladles, with an egg in each. The distance to be run will be fifty yards. The winner of this interesting race also receives $5.

One of the most attractive features will be the bicycle races. Several events have already been arranged. It is expected that not only will a large number of local wheelmen participate, but there will be a number of fast riders from various parts of the state.

The bicycle track at the park will be placed in splendid condition, and everything got in fine shape for the great cycling events.

Fully twenty-five members of the Young Men's Christian Association Bicycle Club, with decorated wheels, will participate in the grand parade of bicyclists at the park. Secretary Stacy, of the Young Men's Christian Association, will assist Mr. Granville Conner in getting up this beautiful procession.

TATE RENOMINATED

BY THE DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION OF THE NINTH.

Resolutions of Indorsement for the Platform Adopted by the State Convention.

Gainesville, Ga., June 30.—(Special.)—The democratic convention of the ninth congressional district was called to order in the superior courtroom at 11 o'clock a. m. today by Hon. John W. Henley, of Pickens, chairman of the executive committee.

On motion Hon. Charles H. Brand, of Gwinnett, was elected permanent chairman and Hon. G. S. Kytle, of White, selected permanent secretary.

Hon. F. C. Tate, of Pickens, was unanimously nominated to represent the district in the fifty-fifth session of congress by a rising vote.

The following platform of principles was unanimously adopted, to-wit:

"1. That we cordially indorse the platform of principles enunciated by the Georgia democratic convention held at Macon on June 25, 1896, and pledge our support to the same, especially that portion which declares for the ancient democratic policy of finance, which is based on the impartial use and treatment of both gold and silver as our standard money metals, the free and unlimited coinage of both without discrimination in favor of either, at the present ratio of 16 to 1.

"2. That we unreservedly express our approval of the course of our immediate representative in congress, the Hon. F. C. Tate, and tender to him the high encomium of 'Well done, thou good and faithful servant.'

"3. We pledge our allegiance to the national democracy and our hearty support to the nominee to be put forth at the convention to be held in Chicago on July 7th proximo.

"4. We cordially invite all electors who agree with us in the principles above set forth to join us in electing our standard bearers.

"5. That the papers of the district and The Atlanta Constitution be furnished by the secretary with a copy of these resolutions with request to publish."

Hon. "Dick" Russell, solicitor general of the Western circuit, was on the ground busy shaking hands with the boys.

MILLEDGE-GRESHAM.

The State Librarian Weds a Young Lady of Waynesboro.

Waynesboro, Ga., June 30.—(Special.)—Colonel John Milledge, of Atlanta, and Miss Mamie Gresham, of this place, were married at the Methodist church here at 9 o'clock this morning. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Mr. Smith.

Members of both families and a host of friends witnessed the ceremony.

The bride is one of Burke county's most lovely young women, and Atlanta is fortunate in gaining her, as that city will be the home of the happy pair.

THEY MET BY CHANCE.

Lawyer Lester and Editor Murray Fight in Savannah.

Savannah, Ga., June 30.—(Special.)—D. B. Lester, the attorney, and F. J. Murray, editor of The Evening Herald, came together this morning by chance and Mr. Lester asked Mr. Murray why he had not answered the questions the grand jury asked with regard to the alleged libelous article against him, and why he was not man enough to say whether he wrote it. Mr. Murray asked Mr. Lester if he was not satisfied with the action of the grand jury in the matter. Mr. Lester said he was not and struck Murray a blow in the face which knocked him to the ground. He struck him a second blow, when gentlemen who were standing by interfered and the difficulty went no further. The fight has been the talk of Savannah today, and according to all accounts the matter is not ended yet. The difficulty is the result of an alleged libelous article in The Herald, with which Mr. Lester's name was connected. The matter grew indirectly out of the Adams-Lester affair, which was the result of some statements alleged to have been made by Mr. Lester in an A. P. A. meeting concerning Mr. Adams.

Columbus News Notes.

Columbus, Ga., June 30.—(Special.)—The city is represented at the meeting of the Georgia Bar Association at Warm Springs by a good-sized delegation of lawyers, who left for that delightful resort yesterday afternoon and this morning. The gathering will prove a highly interesting one.

Tomorrow afternoon the city council elects city officials for next year. There are a large number of candidates and the races for the various positions are proving quite exciting.

Professor Homer Wright, who was superintendent of the Columbus public schools last year, has been requested to establish a preparatory high school here, an institution much needed. He may do so.

The superior court took a recess last night in order to give all the members of the local bar an opportunity to go to Warm Springs.

Many think when it was said to the woman: "In sorrow shalt thou bring forth children" that a perpetual curse was pronounced, but such is not the case. True, dangers lurk in the pathway of the expectant Mother and should be avoided.

"Mother's Friend"

so prepares the system for the change taking place that the final hour is robbed of all danger and pain. Its use insures safety to the life of both Mother and child, and makes childbirth easy and recovery more rapid.

"Mother's Friend" is the greatest remedy ever put on the market, and my customers praise it highly."—W. H. King & Co., Whitewright, Tex.

Sent by Mail, on receipt of price, $1.00 PER BOTTLE. Book "To Expectant Mothers" mailed free.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

RISKED HIS LIFE FOR HIS LIBERTY

The Daring Escape of a Prisoner Yesterday at Noon.

ADOPTED A NOVEL PLAN

He Crawled from the Second Story of the Courthouse

AND CREPT ALONG THE NARROW COPING

Where a Misstep Meant Instant Death. County Police Are Trying To Find Him.

A marvelous escape was made yesterday at noon by a prisoner from the courthouse, where he had been carried to be tried on the charge of burglary.

Ed Barnes, a desperate negro, well known to the police and in criminal circles, climbed from a window in the second story of the building, crawled along the narrow stone coping and made his exit by a window, from which he jumped to the stairs and rushed through the open door into the street.

While the prisoner was climbing over the coping and dangling in the air, the bailiffs of the court were guarding the prisoners in the jury room. The door was securely locked and the officers did not dream that any one would take the desperate chances to leave the building.

With several other prisoners Barnes was sitting in the jury room near an open window. The window is in the second story of the building and opens out into space. Barnes climbed into the window and at a moment when the guard was not looking in his direction he slipped down upon the narrow coping that lines the building, and crawled along the treacherous ledge. The coping is exceedingly narrow and slopes toward the ground. It is high in the air and nearly fifty feet from the stone floor beneath.

Barnes edged his way along the stone blocks, clutching the bricks with bleeding fingers. He looked down upon the rocks below and tightened his grasp upon the side of the building. A misstep meant death, and if he had fallen his body would have been crushed and mangled. Within a few feet of him on the inside of the building the guards paced back and forth, and he dared not return.

Risked Life for Liberty.

It was a race for liberty, and the negro did not falter.

Slowly and silently he crawled along the wall, tearing his finger nails and leaving little drops of blood that marked his progress.

At the corner of the building there is a break in the coping, and it was this break in the stonework that almost defeated his desperate plan of escape and came near causing Barnes to fall headlong to the ground.

High in the air, fifty feet from the ground, and perched on a platform not exceeding three inches in width, Barnes hesitated to make the effort that was necessary. Four feet away was the end of the next piece of stone, but to reach it he had to make a leap which might be to death for all he knew. To return was equally dangerous, and with one bound the prisoner cleared the chasm and gained the opposite side.

Quickly he pushed his way across to an open window and jumped into the hallway upon the steps. Several saw the man as he entered the window, but it was thought he was either a painter at work or was employed to do some outside work on the walls. His face was covered with perspiration and he was weak from exhaustion and fright.

Cleared the Door with a Bound.

Judge Candler, who had just dismissed the criminal court for the dinner hour, was startled to see a black object leap through the window over his head.

Before Judge Candler realized what had occurred, the negro darted past him and cleared the open door with a bound and was gone.

Some one standing at the courthouse steps recognized Barnes and the alarm was given. The bailiffs in the prisoners' room on the second floor were immediately notified, but the prisoner made good his escape.

A number of bailiffs have been searching the city for the prisoner, but nothing has been found that would indicate the direction taken by the fugitive. The county police have also been notified and will endeavor to arrest him.

SENT UP FOR LIFE.

Redd Had Too Many Wives and Came Near Hanging.

Columbus, Ga., June 3.—(Special.)—This morning the jury in the case of Westley Redd, colored, returned a verdict of guilty of murder with a recommendation to mercy. Some time ago Redd killed his brother-in-law, Andrew Heard, with a shotgun, without any provocation. He was tried at the last term of court and sent up for life, the jury recommending him to the mercy of the court. The only witness to the affair was a woman, his wife, who, therefore, could not testify yesterday. It developed unexpectedly that he had another wife living and this fact rendered the testimony of the woman admissible. The woman corroborated the dying statement of her brother, Heard, to the effect that the killing was without provocation. The jury was out all night. The negro was sent up for life again.

TEACHERS IN SESSION.

Interesting Convention Being Held at Madison.

Madison, Ga., June 30.—(Special.)—The teachers' institute for the counties of Morgan, Greene, Walton and Oconee is in session here, under the direction of Professor John A. Saye, Morgan's efficient school commissioner. Lectures will be delivered during the week by Professor Lawton B. Evans, superintendent of the public schools of Augusta and Richmond counties. Professor John Neely, principal of Tubman High school, Augusta; Professor P. D. Pollock, professor of English and chairman of the faculty of Mercer university; State School Commissioner Glenn an others. The institute is in session in the elegant auditorium of the new public school building and will continue one week. About 125 teachers are in attendance and undoubtedly much good will result.

The Peabody institute for negro teachers is also in session here, under the direction of William E. Holmes, of the Atlanta Baptist seminary, assisted by Hannah A. Howell, of Spelman seminary, and Rev. E. P. Johnson, principal of the colored High school in this city. The institute is being held in the colored Baptist church and will continue for three weeks. A great work is being done for the negro in the educational line. The attendance is very large. More than twenty counties are represented, besides all the higher institutions of learning of this race in Georgia and a number of those in other states.

The Mistletoe Bough, the first entertainment given in the new auditorium, attracted a large audience last night. It was a benefit for the Madison public library and was a decided success. The house was well filled and everybody was charmed with this delightful pantomime.

The oration, "Prophet of Nazareth," will be presented tonight, under the direction of Miss Anna Crozier, Madison's gifted pianist. It is said to be very fine and a fine house is expected.

Soldiers for Richmond.

Savannah, Ga., June 30.—The Oglethorpe Light Infantry and Savannah Cadets leave the city tomorrow on a special train for Richmond, Va., to take part in the exercises attendant upon the sixth annual reunion of the Confederate Veterans. The Oglethorpe will carry sixty-eight men and the Cadets fifty-five. These will be the only companies from Georgia to attend.

ESTABLISHED 1870 LENS GRINDING & OCULISTS PERSCRIPTIONS A SPECIALTY
GLASSES AND SPECTACLES REPAIRED
HAWKES MANUFACTURING OPTICIAN.
SPECIAL STYLES OF SPECTACLES AND EYE GLASSES MADE TO ORDER.
12 Whitehall St. ATLANTA, GA.

LOCAL NEWS IN BRIEF.

WAS WELL ATTENDED.—The continued sale of English and imported goods by Mr. Harry B. Elston, the tailor, at No. 3 East Alabama street, was well attended yesterday and some splendid bargains were purchased. As was stated Monday, Mr. Elston is selling out his stock at and below cost for the reason that he wishes to use his space for fall goods that are coming in. Make it a point to drop in on Mr. Elston if you are desirous of obtaining a genuinely low bargain. He will certainly please you as to fit and will also give you excellent workmanship.

QUITE NEW.—The King Hardware Company, 69 Peachtree street, has just placed in stock a carload of Economist ranges. This is by big odds one of the finest makes on the market and they propose to run them from $30 up, and if you don't want to pay cash you can pay on terms to suit yourself. Call and see the style of this range and you will be delighted.

IN A DAY OR SO some very important business changes will be announced. Two of our largest business houses will change locations and at the same time must increase their stock, etc.

THE ONLY PEOPLE.—The celebrated "Pegasus" bicycle is handled only by the Wood & Beaumont Stove and Furniture Company. Best and cheapest wheel on the market.

WHO'S TO BLAME but yourself if you don't go to Delkin's, 69 Whitehall street, and buy one of those beautiful diamonds? While business is dull Mr. Delkin says he will make special rates on any diamond in his house.

ONE MILLION DOLLARS.—John Broadway Rouss offers $1,000,000 to recover his eyesight. This would have been unnecessary had he in time consulted Delkin's graduate optician. No charge for examining the eyes at Delkin's jewelry store, 69 Whitehall street.

Mr. George E. King is out of the city on a trip through the west.

ATLANTA'S PRIDE.—Have you been to "Iceville, on the river?" If not you have missed a royal treat. It is no exaggeration to say that Iceville is the most delightful and attractive resort around Atlanta. It is a beautiful park, studded with giant forest trees shadowed with sunproof foliage, stretching its full length along the banks of the Chattahoochee; threaded with gracefully winding footpaths and dotted with bold, flowing streams of pure, sparking water. The pavillion is the finest ever erected in the south, and the arrangements for comfort and pleasure are complete. There is music and dancing each night, with choice refreshments of all kinds served in the best style.

The ride from the city to Iceville, over the Collins Park and Belt railroad, is simply uncomparable. For nearly ten miles, under the force of an electric current, you go dashing over hill and meadow, through cool and pleasant vallies, across matchless shaded woods and pebbled bottomed streams, around picturesque hills and by parks, lakes, truck farms and little towns, all of which is silverhued with the blue peaks of the Kennesaw rising in the distance. It is the most cooling, refreshing, energizing and entrancing electric car ride to be had probably in the world.

The cars run to Iceville until 12 o'clock every night and if you haven't treated yourself to an evening there, don't miss another opportunity.

THE CURRENCY QUESTION.—The agitation of the currency question has at least done one good thing for the country. It has given the smokers of the south the best five-cent cigar ever made from tobacco. Mr. W. J. Pogue, importer and manufacturers' agent for fine cigars and tobacco, has made the distinct hit of the season with the "Silver Question" cigar. The trade mark of the cigar is Uncles Rastus and Remus in a red-hot debate on the currency question, and the material in the goods is the best ever rolled into a five-cent smoke. Mr. Pogue is also making a great run on his famous Poque's Columbus plug chewing tobacco, a pure, select Henry county, Virginia, article. Mr. Pogue sells cigars and tobacco at strictly factory prices, and has several salesmen traveling his territory—the southern and western states.

If you smoke call for the "Silver Question" five-cent cigar.

If you chew, Pogue's Columbia plug will prove the sweetest, most delightful and wholesome chew to be found.

IN THE SWIM.—The natatorium had another big run yesterday. This is an institution of real merit, built and equipped on a broad gauge plan and conducted with a view to the pleasure and comfort of its patrons. Go over and get in the swim.

Mrs. B. C. Foye will leave for a month's stay in New York and her friends wish her a pleasant visit.

AFFAIRS ABOUT AMERICUS.

Purchase of Property—Burglars in Court, Etc.

Americus, Ga., June 30.—(Special.)—Mrs. D. F. Brown, of Cincinnati, bought this morning from Judge S. Montgomery his undivided half interest in the block of frame buildings, corner of Lee and Lamar streets. The property is one of the most desirable business corners in Americus. It is quite probable that brick buildings will be erected thereon at an early date.

A gang of three or four negroes, among them I. S. Davis, a preacher and shoemaker, were before Judge Graham today for committal trial on the charge of burglary. A few nights ago some one entered the shops of the Americus furniture factory and cut a buggy load of fine leather belts from the machines. The belting was found in Rev. Davis's shoe shop, where it was being made into soles. Davis was bound over in the sum of $350.

Mr. Rankin Dodson, brother of Colonel James Dodson and uncle of Hon. William A. Dodson, died at his home near Americus Sunday from hemorrhagic fever. The deceased was a man of sterling worth and was highly esteemed in this community. The funeral services occurred this morning.

Only partial rains have fallen throughout this part of the state in more than a month, and crops of all kinds are badly injured by drought. In some parts of the county corn is shriveled from top to bottom, while cotton is parched from the hot sun. In some places this condition of affairs does not exist, but upon the whole the crop is already badly injured.

Interested in the Fruit.

Savannah, Ga., June 30.—(Special.)—Eighteen northern fruit dealers and fruit growers arrived here on the steamer City of Birmingham today, in charge of President J. H. Hale, of the Hale Orchard Company, and took the Central railroad for Fort Valley and Marshallville, where they go to inspect the fruit sections. They will leave Fort Valley tomorrow night for Atlanta, from where they will return north via the Southern railway.

Cow Thief Caught.

Sheriff Slade, of Pike county, was in the city yesterday and captured John Scott, a negro, who is badly wanted near Zebulon for cow stealing. He has been at large over a year and the evidence is damaging against him.

Mother Killed, Child Spared.

From The St. Paul Dispatch.

Sioux City, Ia., June 29.—Mrs. Simon Paulson was killed by lightning this morning. Her husband, in the same room, and her two-year-old son, whom she was holding in her arms, were stunned, but not seriously hurt.

HOW IS YOUR LIVER? Dr. Hobbs Little Liver Pills act gently yet promptly on the Liver, Stomach and Bowels. They dispel Sick Headaches, Fevers and Colds; cleanse the system thoroughly; cure Habitual Constipation. They are sugar-coated, don't gripe, and very small but great in results. Recommended by physicians and druggists. 10 cents a vial.
Hobbs Remedy Co., Chicago and San Francisco.
HOW ARE YOUR KIDNEYS? Dr. Hobbs Sparagus Kidney Pills cure [illegible] cents a box.

SHOT BY HIS FRIEND

Duckworth Was Accidentally Killed by Bartender Clark.

SHOT OVER A BAR COUNTER

The Two Men Had Been Holding a Friendly Conversation When the Killing Occurred.

Jack Clark, a negro bartender, accidently shot Henry R. Duckworth yesterday morning in Bullock's saloon at 10 o'clock.

Clark was arrested immediately after the shooting was done and carried to the station house. Duckworth was carried to the office of Dr. Visanska on Whitehall street, where he was examined by several of the leading physicians of the city. Later he was taken to the Grady hospital, where he died at 12 o'clock, two hours after the shooting occurred.

Yesterday morning Duckworth went into the saloon at the corner of Mitchell and Broad streets. In this saloon Clark tends bar at the bar where the negroes drink. Duckworth took one drink and then began talking to Clark, who was his friend. They talked for awhile and chaffed each other. Several pistols were on the shelf at the back of the bar, and Clark started to hand one of them to Duckworth, when the weapon was in some way discharged and Duckworth fell to the floor with a fatal wound in his right side just below his ribs. Several persons were in the saloon at the time, but none of them would admit of having seen the deed done. Clark made no attempt to escape, and as soon as an officer arrived on the scene he gave himself up and was carried to the station house.

Duckworth's Statement.

When taken to the doctor's office Duckworth was told that he was in a critical condition and was asked if he desired to make a statement in regard to how the shooting occurred. He stated to the doctors and several persons who were present that he was a good friend of Clark's and did not think that he shot him on purpose.

He stated that he frequently bought liquor at the saloon in which Clark was bartender, and while in there during the morning talked to him and was as friendly as usual. He "skylarked" with Clark, he said, as he had done many a time before. Clark, he stated, picked up a pistol that was on the shelf behind the counter and reached across the counter toward him when the gun was discharged, and he fell to the floor with a wound in his side.

He talked very earnestly about the affair and was perfectly conscious. He stated that he wanted it thoroughly understood that he did not believe Clark shot him purposely. He had never had a quarrel with him and was as good a friend to him as ever. He made all who were present and heard the statement sign it.

Clark was seen at the police station yesterday and made almost the identical statement that Duckworth made while dying. He said that he was a good friend of Duckworth's and had known him for years. Duckworth, he said, asked him to let him see one of the pistols that were on a shelf behind the bar. He reached for the gun and handed it to Duckworth, and just as he did so the weapon went off. He did not think the pistol was loaded and would not have shot his friend for anything in the world.

Clark seemed to be very sorry that the affair had taken place and was heart broken when told that Duckworth had died from the effects of the wound.

The Coroner's Verdict.

Soon after Duckworth's death Coroner Paden was notified and summoned a jury for the purpose of holding an inquest. The inquest was held at the hospital about 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The jury looked at the body of the dead man, examined several witnesses and then retired. After being out for almost an hour the jury rendered a verdict to the effect that Duckworth came to his death from the pistol shot fired by Jack Clark and pronounced it to be manslaughter. Clark will be taken to jail and held until the case is further investigated.

WORK AT THE HOSPITAL.

Dr. Brewster Prepares His Regular Monthly Report.

The board of trustees of the Grady hospital did not meet yesterday afternoon on account of the absence of a quorum. Dr. Brewster, the efficient superintendent, had his report ready, though, which shows that the institution is still sustaining its record for good work.

At the beginning of last month there were seventy patients on hand. Eighty-six have been received; five have died; eighty-four discharged; sixty-seven now on hand; daily average during the month, sixty-six; ambulance calls, ninety-four.

NOTHING IS MORE DIFFICULT TO DETECT than Fraud in Silverware.

NOTHING IS EASIER TO AVOID.

To DETECT, requires the assay of an expert—the destruction of the article.

To AVOID, requires that you buy only such articles for Sterling Silver as are stamped with the GORHAM Trade-mark:

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CHARLES W. CRANKSHAW

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The Weekly.. .. .. 1 00

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CHICAGO—P. O. News Company, 91 Adams Street; Great Northern Hotel.
DENVER, COL.—Hamilton & Kendrick.
PENSACOLA, FLA—Pensacola Drug Store.
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KANSAS CITY, MO.—Van Noy Bros.

Watch Your Dates.

The date following the address of subscribers indicates time to which paid. All are urgently requested to watch this date, and notify the home office when errors are discovered.

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Do not pay the carriers. We have regular collectors in the city—Messrs. Charles H. Donnelly, R. L. Cannon and G. W. Tasker.

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10 PAGES.

ATLANTA, GA., July 1, 1896.

$2.50 CASH,

Sent to this office, will secure the Daily and Sunday Constitution during the Presidential campaign, ending with the election in November.

No newspaper in the Union will eclipse The Constitution in the perfection of its news service. No intelligent man can afford to do without it.

The Main Issue.

One of the most remarkable and significant facts in regard to the great democratic revival which has spread abroad over the country during the past three months, and which bids fair to leave the republican party a stranded and helpless hulk is the indifference of the people to candidates and to the minor issues with which party platforms are embodied.

Neither men nor minor issues are considered by the people. The honest masses care nothing for any particular candidate, and the delegates to the convention have caught their humor. Except in a very few states, the members are uninstructed as to candidates, and in the platforms of the various state conventions little stress is laid on issues that used to be flourished with such strenuous insistence by the political leaders.

All that the people ask or expected of the convention candidates is that they shall be men who have been identified with the movement to restore silver through good and evil report. All that the people ask of the platform declarations is that they shall embody an unmistakable demand for the immediate and independent free coinage of silver at the present ratio.

On the other hand, the republican leaders insist that the tariff shall be made the leading issue. McKinley says so, and Hanna says so. But, having said so, they are at their wit's end. If the people regard the tariff issue with the indifference that is now manifested from one end of the country to the other, what can the republicans do about it? If the voters of the country insist on shelving the tariff question temporarily and seeking a remedy for their ills in the restoration of silver and an enlargement of the money circulation, how are Mr. McKinley and Mr. Hanna to prevent it?

That is a very interesting problem for the republican leaders to consider, and the more they consider it the more serious it becomes. Think of the Napoleon of the tariff wearing his cocked hat and looking as wise as a stuffed owl, and solemnly awaiting the hour when the people will drop the money question and again allow themselves to be hoodwinked by ponderous arguments and delirious figures on the tariff.

Senator George, of Mississippi, when asked by some one about the tariff question at Chicago, said it would be well to take a paragraph out of Mr. Cleveland's first inaugural message and leave the matter there. That paragraph is as follows:

> Due regard for the interests and prosperity of the people demands that our finances should be established on such a sound and sensible basis as will secure the safety and confidence of business interests and make the wages of labor sure and steady, and that our system of revenue shall be so adjusted as to relieve the people from unnecessary taxation, having a due regard for the interests of capital invested and workingmen employed in American industries.

That will cover all and more than all the interest that is felt in the tariff question. The people know and feel that the main issue—the issue of issues—is the money question. They feel that the time has come to emancipate their property and their interests from the [illegible] power. That done, it will be an easy matter to adjust the tariff duties to the prosperity of the country and the needs of all interests.

Meantime, Mr. McKinley occupies the position of calling for "a high tariff and a full dollar."

A Sharp Arraignment.

The Freeman's Journal, of New York, is the leading republican paper of the Catholic press of the United States. Since the nomination of Major McKinley for the presidency, The Freeman's Journal seems to be kicking apart because of the strong goldbug plank which was adopted by the republican convention.

"When," says this paper, "the gold barons take council and instruct political parties how to save the country, it reminds one of a convention of spiders advising as to ways and means for the welfare of destitute flies, they love them so much."

Anticipating the action of the Chicago convention, The Freeman's Journal goes on to say that if that convention declares for the free, unlimited and independent coinage of silver at 16 to 1, "they will deserve to succeed, for they will deserve the confidence of the plain working men, and the toilers in the factories and fields and in the mines. The financial question is the critical one in the coming campaign. It is necessary to smash the influence of the conspiring gold oligarchy as Jackson smashed the United States bank. The managers of that institution thought themselves powerful enough and conspired to control the government. The people at that time had an advantage over us in that they had a Jackson in the presidential chair, and the same hand that hurled back the English invasion at New Orleans overcame the conspiracy of the money power."

It is truly said that England no longer fights us with battalions, but with gold, and as a result we have, since 1873, been drifting into a financial dependency which is becoming more intolerant than the political servitude prior to the revolution. The people join with The Freeman's Journal when it says: "Let the democrats adopt an unequivocal silver plank and nominate a man with energy of Jackson, and there is every reason to believe that they will select the next president. Should they imitate the St. Louis convention and bow to the goldbug cause, they will sign their own political death warrant."

No amount of wheedling on behalf of Whitney and those who train with him can turn the Chicago convention from its plain and unmistaken duty. The issue will be made and the people will decide it.

A Fresh Example.

The sinister tactics of those who represented the money power are clearly and capitally set forth and exposed in the treatment which The New York World accorded to Horace Boies, of Iowa, in its issue of last Sunday. The exposure is not intentional. Mr. Pulitzer's editor, whoever he may be, has no idea that he is lifting the curtain and showing the very bones and bowels of the unfair methods employed by the gold organs to deceive their readers. But the exposure is all the more complete on that account.

The World, it seems, sent to Mr. Boies a series of questions and asked him to answer them. These questions were all manufactured in The World office, and cunningly devised, as the editor thought, so as to catch and trip the democrat who tried to answer them.

The fourth question in the batch sent to Mr. Boies runs in this wise: "If the adoption of free coinage should make all our paper and silver money worth about 60 cents on the dollar in gold, would not the enormous shrinkage produce the greatest panic ever known in this country?"

Here, it will be seen, the "If" stands out as big as a church steeple. Mr. Boies replied to it with another "if." He informed The World that the advocates of free coinage have good reason to believe that the remonetization of silver will reduce the value of gold by reducing the demand for it, and increase the value of silver by increasing the demand, bringing the value of the two metals together at the ratio of 16 to 1; "so that," to use the language of Mr. Boies, "there would be no excuse for a panic unless it were precipitated voluntarily by the creditor class." Mr. Boies thus concludes his answer to The World's question:

"If this should be done, the people of this nation who do not belong to the creditor class would be fully competent to defend themselves, through laws which they could easily make and which they would be entirely justified in making if a necessity therefor should be created. It is not probable that intelligent business men will face a necessity of this character."

Now, we think that this is a very mild and conservative answer to the thinly-veiled threat of The World—a threat that masquerades behind an "if"—and we have no doubt that our readers will agree with us fully.

But The World, having coupled the threat of a panic with its question and thrust it under the nose of a possible democratic candidate, now charges that the eminently conservative answer which that candidate gives to its question is a threat to stop the collection of debts! And then, having thus misrepresented the man who was polite enough to answer his assumptions and his suppositious events, the editor falls into a pretended rage, and declares that Mr. Boies has set forth "a programme of dishonesty!"

Such are the methods that Wall street invents to uphold its vast system of robbery. The machinery is in full view. The people know and The World knows that the only way that a panic can be brought about when the mints are open to silver is for the banks of New York city to call in their loans and proceed to contract the currency of the country as they did in 1893 by buying it up at a premium and refusing to pay it out on the checks of depositors.

At this time, and as the result of free coinage, such a panic could only be brought about by a conspiracy. That the money power is powerful enough to do this, everybody knows. It has acquired this power through the channels of legislation and owe all its strength to the advantages which the people's representatives have been misled into conferring upon them.

Therefore, when The World officiously intrudes on Mr. Boies with a series of questions and suggests that the upshot of the defeat of the sinister purposes of the money power will lead to "the greatest panic ever known in this country," there is but one reply to be made, namely, that, if the money power insisted on producing a panic when all the conditions point the other way, the people of this nation whose interests are all opposed to such greed and selfishness are fully competent to take care of themselves.

But that organ of the money power seizes upon this reply to its own question and discusses it as a threat coming from a leading advocate of free coinage and denounces it as "a programme of dishonesty." The threat of a panic comes from Wall street through the editorial rooms of The World.

It was not "dishonest" for the money power to clandestinely demonetize one of the money metals so that the other might be doubled in value and the people robbed of half the value of their property and more than half the fruits of their labor. Oh, no; it was the "movement of civilized nations to secure the best money." But now, when the people are preparing to assert their rights and defend their interests, such organs of the money power as The World are discovering that it is "a programme of dishonesty."

Bah! if the editor of The World wants to do missionary work for the money power, let him turn his attention to the state of New York, where the silver tide is sweeping the people into the democratic party.

The Doctrinaires Coming In.

One of the evidences of the rapid growth of the free coinage sentiment is that even the doctrinaires are coming into the fold.

For a long time the gold bureau has been treating the voters to doses of financial economy furnished by college professors and others whose supposed knowledge of money and its functions made them eminent judges of the question in hand. It was the proud boast of the monopolists and the gold appreciating conspiracy to arrogate to themselves the wisdom and the learning of the country, and to regard the advocates of silver as wild-eyed and long-haired ignoramuses running loose over the hills of the west, or madly disporting themselves in the plains of Texas and the far south. It was with quite a flourish that they would quote this or that eminent professor who went on to prove that the concentration of all values was in the grain of gold, and that the sum of all lunacy was in the silver dollar. But there is a wonderful light in the wakened conscience of a determined people, and as soon as it was determined that this people was no longer to be misled or controlled, those who hitherto regarded them with an air of patronage began to think that perhaps there are more people in the world after all who know something about finance than the studious doctrinaires who reside within the precincts of New York or Boston. Now they have come to the conclusion that we have a wise and great people and that all wisdom is not confined in their own narrow sphere.

The fact that Professor Benjamin Andrews, of Brown university, has come out in a letter stating that he has no reason to doubt that the free coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1 is desirable, is important. The professor acknowledges the stab which the administration has given to the white metal, but assuming an air of prophecy he looks beyond the present period of doubt and uncertainty and intimates that it is a matter of time when silver will be the main metal and gold will be fighting for a place in the coinage of the country.

"The vast output of gold," he says, "in recent years, as compared with that of silver, impresses me that free coinage by us alone would not lead to displacement of our gold; that, therefore, free coinage would be safe."

For the benefit of those traders in public confidence who would destroy silver when it suits their purpose, and who would as readily destroy gold when that would suit them, it may be stated that the bimetallists who have fought the battle of the free coinage of silver are still in harness, ready to fight the battle of free gold coinage whenever the sharks who play in the waters of the single standard develop that kind of an appetite. The financial system of the United States is based upon the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver, the one equal with the other, on terms of perfect mutuality, and the people are going to see that this condition of things is preserved.

An Interesting Problem.

It is to be regretted that the coroner's jury, in its finding upon the untimely death of Herman Franklin, should have taken occasion to turn the verdict into an attack upon street railway schedules which, as now operated in Atlanta, are none too rapid for the convenience of the public.

The purpose of a coroner's jury is to ascertain the cause of death, leaving other matters to the courts of the country, where conflicting interests have a chance to bring out the whole truth in connection with points of controversy. The tragedy of Sunday night was unfortunate, and the family of the victim have the sympathy of the entire community. But when the coroner's jury once departed from the ascertainment of the cause of death, they went into doubtful fields which sound judgment can hardly approve of.

Rapid transportation has become one of the necessities of modern cities. It is only through this aid that congested communities may scatter out and people be enabled to live amid surroundings of pure air and perfect sanitation. It is through the aid of rapid transportation that we see a city of individual homes widely scattered, with all the pleasures and conveniences which make life tolerable and practical. It is the people who demand of street car companies that they shall furnish that transportation which shall enable them to reach their places of business in the shortest time consistent with the safety of human life.

Having said this much in favor of rapid transit, and in it it is but proper to add that every appliance should be observed which will promote the safety of the traveling public. But public comfort, and the demand for schedules faster than those of the old-time horse car lines, requires that the street cars of Atlanta, like those of other cities, be allowed to operate on reasonable schedules.

This is not said with any desire to interfere with the complications which are likely to ensue out of the unhappy death of young Mr. Franklin, but is in the interest of the public and not in that of either individuals or corporations.

He Should Be Sustained.

The work in which Commissioner William A. Wright is now engaged, trying to weed out of the state irresponsible insurance agents, is one in which he should meet with the warm support of every citizen.

It is one of the highest duties of the state to protect its citizens, especially in matters which are beyond the power of individuals to look after. The insurance of property against loss by fire is one of the greatest developments of modern times. It has grown from merely an individual occupation to a magnitude where it should be considered in the light of a public service.

The state has no right to interfere with private business no matter to what magnitude it may grow, but it certainly has the right to see that that business is properly conducted and honestly, and that those who are called upon by necessity to insure their property obtain all that is promised.

The case which has prompted the present action of Commissioner Wright is one with singularly aggravating features. It is one in which valuable corporate property was insured by agents pretending to represent solvent companies. Upon the destruction of this property by fire it was discovered that the companies were largely, if not altogether, fraudulent, and that the victims of the fire have been unable to collect a cent of their insurance.

Commissioner Wright is a capable officer, vigilant and watchful, and he may be relied upon to see to it that smooth talking gentlemen will not be permitted to impose upon the people to rob them of their substance.

A July Campaign.

It seems that the political campaign now in progress in the state of South Carolina is going to be not only up to the average of recent South Carolina campaigns, but that it will be full of genuine July fervor and heat.

The report of the joint debate at Monk's Corner shows that the orators were at their best, and they not only had something good to tell on each other, but that they were willing to speak out in open meeting. It was charged that one distinguished gentleman fell off his horse because his cups had overcome him, and another was denominated as an infernal liar. Even the governor of the state was called upon in the debate to decide whether the one was drunk or the other a liar. One speaker, referring to a scandal which is a point of contention in the campaign, made the astounding declaration that in a certain contingency he would take a certain doubtful step, "because," said he, "we can't live on our salaries."

It is to be hoped that a few cooling breezes will be wafted over the peppery little state before this thing grows too hot.

Why is there over-production in the cotton mills? Because the people who buy cotton goods have hardly enough money to pay their debts.

According to The Washington Post (march and all) The New York Sun believes that Mr. Cleveland could kill the silver movement by joining it.

Al Lewis tried to get interviews with the various members of the cabinet the other day. They had so little to say that the gay correspondent writes a humorous letter about it.

Roswell Flower is the only eastern gold man who is willing to tell the truth about the situation, and he decares that the silver men will sweep New York in November.

By the time the Chicago convention meets the goldbug bolt will be too ridiculous to talk about.

The New York Sun continues to believe with all its heart that Mr. Cleveland's third term ambition has caused the silver uprising.

Will Mr. Cleveland bolt or will he go fishing? These are questions for the troubled cuckoos to take into serious consideration.

Hanna will never be truly happy until he is made the hero of a music hall ditty.

If the Aldrich schedule had been refused admittance to the tariff bill, the New England mill men would say that the tariff is hurting them.

STATE POLITICAL NOTES.

Says The Augusta Chronicle:

"The Spalding County Silver League called a state convention of the friends of the free coinage of silver at Griffin on the 18th of July last, for the purpose of effecting such organization as might be deemed necessary. The convention was not called in May, but in July, as above stated. Hon. John T. Hunt was the president of the Spalding County Silver League. In issuing the call for the convention, he addressed it to 'the friends of free coinage,' stating that he believed the remedy for existing evils is to restore silver to its former place as primary money. The bimetallic convention called into existence by President Hunt has been a great success."

There will doubtless be four candidates for state senator from the forty-second district, Walter F. Brown, republican; Robert W. Jones, independent democrat; Wesley Shropshire, democratic nominee, and the populists, it is said, will nominate a man for that position on July 4th. It was once thought that the populists would indorse Mr. Jones, but they propose to run a man of their own. The race will be interesting.

The Savannah Press says it is now conceded that Mr. Frank A. Hooper is very handily in the lead for solicitor general of the Americus circuit. Practically about all of the legislative nominees in his circuit have tendered him their support and he already has assurances of substantial indorsement from other portions of the state.

Now that the custom of holding democratic conventions at the different cities in Georgia is to be established, and the recent meeting at Macon has proved such a remarkable success, The Columbus Ledger, speaking for its home, places in nomination Columbus as the city wherein the next state democratic convention shall be held.

Says The Columbus Evening Ledger:

"Hon. Thomas G. Lawson is out in a letter stating that he is out of the congressional race in his district. The truth is that the Honorable Thomas has not been in the race since he took to the gold standard. On this account his letter is very stale, flat and uninteresting."

This is from The Meriwether Vindicator:

"Yes, in less than six months you gold fellows will want to knock a man down who may accuse you of having ever been a disciple of Wall street."

W. C. Wallace, a Taylor county populist, announces in The Roberta Enterprise that he is a candidate for United States senator.

WITH GEORGIA EDITORS.

An exchange "sets the world to wishin'" with the following:

"Gimme back my stone-bruised heel,
An' them tow-linen pants,
An' that old pole an' line an' reel,
An' all them boyhood haunts,
An' that old hat I used ter wear,
That didn't hav' no crown,
An' that same crop uv yeller hair—
Sun-burnt on top ter brown—
An' them playmates I used ter know,
An' loved like very brothers—
An' then, I jocks, the world kin go,
An' giv' its wealth ter others!

"Gimme back one gallus, too,
That buttoned with a peg,
An' them blamed ticks that burrowed through
The skin uv either leg,
An' that old single-barrel gun,
As crooked as a rail,
An' that old dog that used ter run
The molly cotton-tail,
An' lemme have the tops I spun—
The kites that I have sailed—
An' then, I jocks, when life is done
Don't say that it had failed!"

Says The Blairsville Herald:

"We came very near finding the liar we advertised for last week, but unfortunately he is a fool with it, which disqualifies him for the work we intended to consign him to. We want an up-to-date liar who has a little brains to mix with his lip."

The Brunswick Times-Advertiser notes that "The Constitution's picture gallery of Georgia politicians reveals many new aspirants to fame."

The Macon Telegraph complains that the state convention didn't last long enough to allow the boys to get acquainted.

The Griffin News produces the first rooster of the campaign, and an exchange says that an inspection shows that it has sixteen white tail feathers to one golden comb.

STATE PRESS PERSONALS.

HOWARD.—Hon. Bill Howard is one of the brainiest men in the state, and when he comes to old Franklin her people will see in him the man who will represent the eighth congressional district in the fifty-fifth congress and bring back to it the laurels won for it by Stephens and Toombs.—Carnesville Tribune.

REED.—John C. Reed is a candidate for judge of the Atlanta circuit. He is another able jurist Lexington has furnished the state and ought therefore to be elected. His many friends here are hoping he will be.—Oglethorpe Echo.

CLAY.—Steve Clay says the United States can make gold and silver, with equal coinage, the soundest money in the world. Steve Clay knows how to knock down all the pins with one ball.—Brunswick Advertiser.

CLIFTON.—Hon. Bill Clifton, of McIntosh, the next secretary of the senate, was accorded the honor of being the handsomest man on the floor of the democratic convention.—Americus Times-Recorder.

STATE PRESS GOSSIP.

In an editorial on the state university, The Augusta Chronicle says:

"The legislature of Georgia should not turn a deaf ear to the calls that are made upon it in behalf of the state university. The state of Georgia cannot afford to be a laggard in the matter of education, and while she is already doing much, she is able to do more and should cheerfully do it. Is it not possible that there is in Georgia some public spirited man with money who is willing to make a handsome donation to the state university? The Chicago university has received thus far $7,500,000 from one man. While there are no Rockefellers in Georgia, still there are men who are able to make handsome donations, and they need not hold back because they cannot give a million. Now would be an ideal time for a substantial gift."

This is an interesting announcement from The Milledgeville Union-Recorder:

"With this issue The Union Recorder enters upon the seventy-seventh year of The Southern Recorder, the sixty-seventh of The Federal Union and the twenty-fifth since consolidation. We will use our best efforts to keep this old journal a worthy visitor to the homes of a people we love and among whom our whole life has been spent. The first day of next April will be fifty years since we entered this office."

The LaGrange Graphic has this editorial paragraph:

"The Columbus Enquirer-Sun is one of the ablest republican papers in Georgia. It is exceedingly hopeful of republican victory, and announces three or four times a day that that party will win next November. We democrats, however, will show it a thing or two when the returns are all in. We won't give it a chance to say, 'We told you so,' which it so much covets."

The Press wants Savannah to have the next democratic convention. "Let us see what majority Savannah gives the democratic ticket this fall," says The Griffin News.

The trade edition of The Waycross Herald consisted of twenty-four pages, the largest ever published in that town.

Dawson's new paper, The Dispatch, makes a very creditable first issue.

The Woman's Press Club of Georgia will hold their annual convention at Elberton on July 13th, 14th and 15th.

Editor Triplett has come to it. "Boys," he says, "there is nothing to do but take the medicine."

The Macon Telegraph admits that the financial plank of the state platform is fair and conservative.

OUR CONVENTION EDITION.

The Constitution's Enterprise.

From The Covington Star.

The Atlanta Constitution, with its usual incomparable enterprise, issued a great state convention edition on Thursday morning, chartered a whole train to carry it to Macon and had it selling on the streets of that city before breakfast.

It was a great paper, and its report of convention matters was ahead of all other journals in the state.

The Constitution, however, had a right to be there. It was at home in the convention. No other paper in the state did so much to bring about the success of the silver movement in this state as The Constitution, and its victory for the cause of the people was one of which any paper might well be proud.

It is a great newspaper and all Georgians are justly proud of its success.

JUST FROM GEORGIA.

Loafin' Roun'.

Weather's jest the kind to be
Loafin' wher' the wind blows free
Nigh some cool old country ranch
Wher' the boys wade in the branch;
Wher' you smell the summer rain
As it sprinkles some old lane;
Wher' the bees make honeycomb;
An' they call the cattle home.
Talk erbout the bustlin' town,—
Nothin' beats it—loafin' roun'!

Weather's blazin': so it's best
Jest to step away an' rest—
Take a day off in the dells;
Drink from old-time country wells;
In the grasses at yer feet
Slice the watermelons sweet;
Git away from human words
An' jest listen to the birds!
Talk erbout the bustlin' town,—
Life is happier loafin' roun'!

"Sound money," as far as the republican campaign is concerned, is "full of sound and fury, signifying nothing."

The hoops are falling from Mr. Hobart's barrel; but the carpenters who made the St. Louis platform will attend to them.

It's a great thing to be an editor. Mr. Edward W. Bok dined with a live lord in England the other day.

The Fate of a Candidate.

Dey take him on dey shoulder,
Dey ride him roun' de town,
En dey put him on de platform,
But de platform tumble down!

Oh, he couldn't keep his groun',
Fer de platform tumble down;
Hit fall ker-blaam!
En he holler: "Damn!"
When de platform tumble down!

Dey ring de golden dollar,
En dey say: "You bet it's soun'!"
En dey put him on de platform,
But de platform tumble down!

Oh, he couldn't keep his groun',
Fer de platform tumble down;
Hit fall ker-blaam!
En he holler: "Damn!"
When de platform tumble down!

A Florida alligator swallowed "a live nigger" recently, whereupon a local exchange is unfeeling enough to remark: "That's one nigger nobody can ever accuse us of lynching."

The "original free silver man" is getting to be as numerous as the sands on the Tybean shores.

People without umbrellas and rubber shoes find it dangerous to pass within ten feet of the Erskine fountain.

Going On.

In spite o' the weather
We're goin' along,
With one day a sigh
An' another a song.

In spite o' the weather
There's joy in the soul,
An' when it comes thunder
We jest let her roll!

In spite o' the weather
The blue skies will bend,
An' we'll sing halleluia
An' get to the end!

There is a good deal of talk about the band wagon now, and everybody wants to jump on and blow a silver trumpet.

There is a negro in Butts county who finds slavery preferable to liberty. As the story goes about sixty-five years ago the father of Dr. W. P. Phillips caught a runaway negro in the woods. He was a young and likely darky who wanted a good master, and was willing to serve him. The fact of his promise to stick by the man who bought him, through lashings laid on thick, if deserved, or left off altogether, has been exemplified by his conduct, for he has never deserted the family, and at the age of ninety-six he has just taken unto himself another wife.

He is yet vigorous, for his bride blushes behind a tawny skin of thirty-six summers' growth, while she chalks up to the mark of No. 37, so far as conjugality is concerned, but his ideas on the divorce laws and his deference to polygamy would make a Mormon turn a shade greener with envy. It is thought that he has only sixteen living wives, though it is not strange that such should be the case, as he hears so much said about "16 to 1" being the right thing.

The old fellow is perfectly content, and wants no better fate than to die "on Marse Dock's plantation," provided the supply of wives holds out.

A Well-Merited Tribute.

Washington Correspondence Elberton Tribune.

When Senator Bacon was elected to the honorable place which fits him to a 'T,' so to speak, I predicted, and his friends knew, that he would be content with no position short of the top of the senatorial ladder, and if you had watched his strides to that pinnacle and heard his set speeches, as well as the sterling style with which he acquitted himself in a running debate day after day, as I have for the last six months, and the weight his speeches carry with them, you and every other Georgian would feel even prouder of him than you do. Georgia has not had his peer in the senate chamber since the days of Bob Toombs and Ben Hill, and the most nonchalant observer can see at a glance as he moves among his fellow senators that "Our Gus," as he has been familiarly called, is the right man in the right place, and head and shoulders above any new man that has come to the senate for many a day. His reputation as a presiding officer seems to have preceded him here, for he has been, not infrequently, called on by the vice president to officiate pro tempore over the senate, and it is needless to say that he is perfectly at home in this place.

Great, big-minded and wide awake, Senator Bacon, of Georgia, is the peer of any man in congress, and you will find out that the years will only add to the luster of his senatorial life, instead of detracting therefrom. Long may he live to represent really and truly the grand old Empire State of the South!

THE STATE CONVENTION.

Monroe Advertiser: The platform has been defined and adopted and the democracy of this grand old state will march to a magnificent victory adhering to principles.

Covington Star: It didn't take the Georgia state democratic convention long to do its work when it got down to business. As fast as motions could be made and adopted the work was done.

Cartersville News: The democratic convention at Macon last Thursday performed its work quickly and satisfactorily.

Rome Tribune: The platform put forth by the democrats at Macon was broad enough for all true Georgians to stand upon.

And Doesn't Want a Waterloo.

From The Blairsville Herald.

Major N. B. Hill, of Napoleon, comes forward with his announcement for ordinary this week.

EVERYDAY TALK OF POLITICS IN GEORGIA

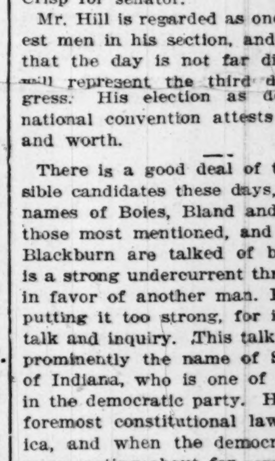
The Georgia delegation at Chicago will have its headquarters in rooms of the Palmer house. All of the [illegible] will have headquarters in [illegible], the rooms having been selected [illegible] members of the national democratic committee immediately after the decision to hold the convention in Chicago. The national committee itself will have its headquarters in the big double parlors on the first floor. The headquarters of the different states range around this. Mr. Clark Howell, as member of the committee for Georgia, selected room 44, which is on the Monroe street side of the house.

Of course the delegates will not all of them stay at the Palmer house. [illegible] are located around in the different parts of the city. Mr. Charlie Harmon, of the Western and Atlantic railroad, has acted for the members of the Georgia delegation in securing quarters for them at the different hotels. The indications are that, in addition to the delegates and alternates, a large crowd will attend from Georgia. It is generally believed that the Chicago convention will be the most interesting which has been held by any political party in years, and a great many of them who are prominent in political affairs in this state want to be on hand to see [illegible].

Captain E. P. Howell and Hon. Patrick Walsh left the city yesterday morning and will be in Chicago today. Senator Bacon leaves on Wednesday for Washington, going from there direct to Chicago. They will be on hand at the conference of silver men which will be held at the Sherman house, and at which preliminary steps will be taken to map out the plan of campaign for the convention.

The members of the Georgia delegation will leave Atlanta on Sunday morning. There will be a meeting of the delegation in their headquarters on Monday afternoon at an hour to be fixed after they arrive there. It is the idea of the silver leaders to take no chances on lack of organization or anything of the sort. They have among them some of the best political leaders of the democratic party, and they do not propose that Mr. Whitney and the other men who go there with the idea of overturning the sentiments of the people shall succeed in their endeavors.

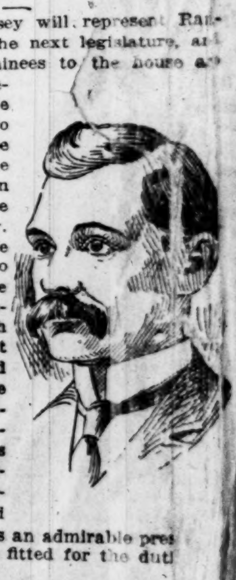
Probably one of the youngest, if not the youngest, of all the delegates to the Chicago convention, is Mr. J. T. Hill, of Cordele, who was chosen by the delegates of the third Georgia district with a unanimity that was certainly complimentary to this brilliant young lawyer and sterling democrat. Mr. Hill received 33 out of 34 votes. Mr. Hill is twenty-two years old. He is an able and eloquent orator, a successful advocate, a true bimetallist and an ardent supporter of Crisp for senator.



Mr. Hill is regarded as one of the strongest men in his section, and it is predicted that the day is not far distant when he will represent the third district in congress. His election as delegate to the national convention attests his popularity and worth.

There is a good deal of talk about possible candidates these days, and while the names of Boies, Bland and Matthews are those most mentioned, and Stevenson and Blackburn are talked of by many, there is a strong undercurrent through the south in favor of another man. Perhaps that is putting it too strong, for it is principally talk and inquiry. This talk mentions most prominently the name of Senator Turpie, of Indiana, who is one of the ablest men in the democratic party. He is one of the foremost constitutional lawyers of America, and when the democrats of Indiana were casting about for some one who was strong enough to defeat Harrison for the senate, they selected Turpie. He is not a politician, but is a man who is admired universally for his mentality and his strength. He has been at all times a strong silver man and stands squarely on the platform which will be adopted at Chicago. Governor McLaurin, of Mississippi, in a recent interview, declared that Turpie was the man to be elected, and he declared that there is a strong undercurrent of that feeling throughout the south. What it will amount to, is of course too early to say. The delegates from the southern states are going to Chicago first to make the platform; after that they will be ready to consider men.

Hon. J. B. Bussey will represent Randolph county in the next legislature, and many of the nominees to the house are urging him to become a candidate for speaker pro tem. There will be no member of the house better known throughout the state than Mr. Bussey, and there will certainly be no representative more popular. He represented the eleventh district in the last state senate, and was one of the ablest and most influential of senators. Mr. Bussey is versed and experienced in parliamentary law and practice, and makes an admirable presiding officer. He is well fitted for the duties of speaker pro tem.



MR. WHITNEY'S SCHEME.

Covington Star: How could Mr. Wh and his followers expect the democ party to indorse at the polls next Nove such an outrage upon the people as adoption of a gold standard platform the nomination of a gold standard c date for the presidency at Chicago, they know that a large majority of delegates to that convention have chosen by free coinage voters, who the free coinage of silver and who w satisfied with nothing else?

Sparta Ishmaelite: If Whitney coul complish what he desires at the h of the Chicago convention, he would ceed only in destroying the democ party. The democratic masses are to support a free coinage candidate fo presidency.

Brunswick Advertiser: The New plan is to take charge of the Chicago convention and control it to the gold s ard. But that won't elect a president.

It Looks That Way.

From The Covington Star.

It has frequently been said that President Cleveland was a republican on the f cial question. Now ain't he right with McKinley platform on the money ques Looks as if, don't it, judge?

WAS HIS DEATH DUE TO ACCIDENT?

Mynatt's Friends Claim That He Did Not Intend Self Destruction.

THE VERDICT OF THE CORONER

The Jury Returned a Verdict of Suicide Yesterday.

THE FUNERAL TAKES PLACE THIS MORNING

Funeral Exercises Will Be Conducted at 10 O'Clock and the Interment Will Be at Oakland.

In a newly made grave in Oakland cemetery the body of young Pryor L. Mynatt will be tenderly laid and his grave will be kept green by loving hands.

The funeral will be conducted this morning at 10 o'clock from the residence of Mr. J. S. Raine, 434 Peachtree street, by Dr. G. B. Strickler and Dr. I. S. Hopkins.

Yesterday a number of friends who had loved Pryor Mynatt in life called at the residence of Mr. Raine and looked upon the features of the dead man. Mr. Mynatt appeared perfectly lifelike and natural, and the wound from which his life blood had ebbed away a few hours before did not mar his features, as no trace of it could be seen. He wore a placid smile upon his face, and the hand of death seemed to have been laid gently upon him.

The suicide was discussed by everybody yesterday and was the one topic of conversation upon the streets. The news of the tragedy spread like wildfire Monday evening, and in every home it created the greatest surprise. The friends of the young man could assign no reason for the deed, and even after the coroner had held an inquest no developments had been made in the case.

Five minutes before the fatal shot was fired Mynatt was with his friends. That cheerful spirit which had characterized the man was manifest and no one would have then imagined that he would seek self-destruction. The last person he was with was Mr. Harvey Hill, and the two friends parted at the office of Mr. Mynatt just as the clock in the courthouse was striking 5 o'clock.

Mr. Mynatt was speaking to Mr. Hill about the practice of law as they left the elevator. When the room was reached Mr. Mynatt slapped his friend on the shoulder and told him that he wished him much success in his profession.

Mr. Hill passed on down the hall and entered his office to finish his evening's correspondence.

Mr. Mynatt stopped, unlocked his door, and entered to pull the trigger of the deadly weapon which he held to his forehead a few minutes later.

Mr. Mynatt walked into the vestibule of his office, and locked the door, placing the key in his pocket, where it was found when his person was searched an hour and a half later. He walked through the connecting door into the private office, where he was found by the janitor, lying upon the floor in a pool of his own blood.

His coat was hanging on a chair and the papers on his desk had not been disturbed. He had probably been in his office not more than five minutes when the pistol shot was heard by occupants of offices on the same floor.

At 5:05 o'clock Mr. Charley Thorn was startled at a sudden report. A gentleman was sitting with him in the office, and both were startled. They waited a moment, but as no other sound was heard, they began chatting again and made no investigation.

The report that attracted the attention of Mr. Thorn was the pistol shot that fired a 38-caliber ball through the brain of Pryor Mynatt, in an adjoining room.

A young lady stenographer was writing at her typewriter in a room next to the office of Mr. Mynatt. She sprang to her feet at the report of the pistol. As she listened, she heard a dull sound as if a heavy book had fallen to the floor. She listened again, but hearing nothing further, returned to her work, while the heart throbs of Mr. Mynatt, lying within six feet of her, grew fainter and fainter and ceased forever.

Not until the janitor unlocked the door and went into Mr. Mynatt's office was the mystery of the report and falling sound discovered. This was 6:30 o'clock, just an hour and a half after the deed had been accomplished.

Was It an Accident?

Those who rushed to the office and gazed at the dead man and the pool of blood saw a bright pistol shining from the shadow of his feet. The pistol was the weapon that had been used, and it had faithfully accomplished its mission of death.

The ball had entered the temple just above the right eye and had crashed through the brain, tearing away a portion of the skull and passing out on the left side. The ball then struck the side of the wall and fell to the floor.

But was the trigger pulled by accident? This is the question that has been discussed from every standpoint since the tragedy.

Mr. Mynatt had just purchased the pistol. To no living one had he intimated that he was about to end his life. He was in a cheerful mood and had talked pleasantly with a number of friends. His wife awaited him at home. He was happily married, and nothing has come to light that could have induced him to fire a pistol ball into his brain.

When he reached his office he opened the package containing the pistol and taking it in his hand began to examine it. He was not acquainted with the manner in which it worked, and while he fingered the trigger there was a flash, a sharp report, and he felt the sting of the ball and then sank back in death.

This might be an explanation of the deed had an eye witness been present.

Did Not Intend Death.

The theory that Mynatt accidentally fired the pistol was freely discussed during the day and many who had investigated the tragedy contended that the accident theory was the proper solution of the mystery.

"I have known Mr. Mynatt for many years," said Major Cleve Wilcoxson, a lifelong friend of the young man, yesterday. "We were roommates in college, and I know that he had a great habit of playing with a pistol. There is something in a pistol that has always excited his curiosity, and I have not the slightest doubt in my mind but that he was simply examining the weapon; looking down into the barrel and revolving the chambers, when his hand slipped and the hammer fell upon the cartridge.

"Knowing Pryor Mynatt as I have, I do not hesitate to say that the tragedy was the result of an accident. He was not the man to deliberately kill himself. He was entirely the other way. He was happy and prosperous to a certain degree, and there is no reason on earth why he committed the deed. It was not suicide and if the mystery could be explained it would show that my theory is correct.

"Pryor Mynatt was standing at the window examining the weapon. He looked down into the barrel, with his right eye closed, as has been his custom; his hand was damp with perspiration; the hammer slipped and the shot was fired. This is the explanation, if the truth could be known, and I am thoroughly satisfied of it."

An Incident of His Life Recalled.

Continuing, Major Wilcoxson said:

"When I first came to Atlanta Mr. Mynatt and I were partners together, and I well remember one afternoon that Pryor rushed into the office and stated that he had been insulted by a man on the streets. He was greatly excited and said he was going to get a pistol with which to protect himself, as he thought the man might meet him again.

"I made an investigation and found that the story told by Pryor was nothing more than an hallucination, and that he had not been insulted by any one. On another occasion he made the same statements when his father and I were in the office, saying that he was going to protect himself and wanted a pistol, as he had been threatened. He stated that he had been grossly insulted and wanted to get a pistol. He rushed out of the room without any further explanation and before he could be stopped. He returned shortly, having secured a pistol somewhere, and when questioned could give no definite idea as to who had insulted him or as to how he had been insulted, and nothing further was ever heard of the incident.

"Pryor was very high strung and of a very excitable disposition. At times he seemed to be easily excited and imagined that he had been insulted, when really no insult could have been intended.

"Mr. Mynatt, in the practice of law, was very active and was a vigorous collector, and in pushing claims that he might have had in his hands, some person against whom he might have had a claim may have used language that he considered an insult and wounded his feelings, and being easily excited, in considering the matter, it might have grown upon him until it assumed such proportions until it forced him to arm himself.

"This is the idea as to why he purchased the pistol. Mr. Mynatt was very persistent in anything he undertook, and when he found that he could not find a pistol at one place, he searched until he succeeded. Knowing his disposition as I do by constant association while at college and for a while after I commenced the practice of law in Atlanta, causes me to believe that he never intended self-destruction when he purchased the weapon and retired to his room."

Friends of the dead man have tried to discover the cause of the suicide, but have completely failed. It was known to a very few that he needed money, but he could have secured all he desired had he made his wants known. For the mere asking he could have borrowed all the money necessary, but he told no one of his sorrow or disappointment, if the deed was suicide, and quietly sought death while the shadows of the dying day lingered in the gloomy death chamber.

The cause of the deed has not been known, and it will probably be a secret that will be buried with him in his grave. To no one did he intimate his thoughts. Five minutes before death he was calm and cheerful, and even in death he wore a smile. Mynatt was not drunk Monday. He had been drinking some, but Mr. Hill who was the last one to see him alive stated that he was not under the influence of whisky, though he detected the odor of whisky upon his breath.

"When I left Mynatt," said Mr. Hill yesterday, "he was in a cheerful mood and we talked pleasantly about the practice of law as we came up the elevator. I would never have dreamed that he was contemplating suicide. The news to me was like a thunderbolt, and I could hardly realize that it was true."

What the Inquest Disclosed.

Yesterday morning at 10 o'clock Coroner Paden held an inquest in the undertaking parlors of Mr. H. M. Patterson.

After an investigation lasting three hours, which was held in secret, the jury returned a verdict of suicide.

A number of witnesses were examined during the session, but nothing further than was published in yesterday's Constitution developed.

Landee Embree, the negro janitor of Temple Court, who made the discovery, told how he found Mr. Mynatt lying upon the floor with his head resting in a pool of blood. The negro was terrified at the ghastly spectacle, and rushed from the room. He gave the alarm, and the crowd gathered. A policeman stood at the door and held the curious crowd back while friends investigated the tragedy. Mr. Mynatt was cold in death. His head rested in a pool of blood, which had congealed. In his temple on the right side was a large hole, through which the bullet had plowed its way.

Mr. Mynatt had probably died instantly, as there were no indications to show that a struggle had followed. He was lying upon his back and the pistol, with one chamber empty, lay at his feet.

The body was then removed and prepared for burial. A few letters were found upon the desk, but no note was left to his family. The letters were in regard to business matters alone.

Where the Pistol Was Purchased.

The pistol used to accomplish death was a new one and was purchased by Mr. Mynatt from the Lowry Hardware Company Monday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock.

Mr. Mynatt walked into the hardware store and examined several pistols. He finally selected one and asked that it be loaded. This was done by Clerk Bryant, and Mr. Mynatt offered to pay for the purchase with a check. This was refused and he then handed Mr. Bryant $4 and left the store.

Before going to the Lowry Hardware Company Mr. Mynatt drove up to the King Hardware Company's store and asked Mr. Clark to sell him a pistol. Mr. Clark informed him that the store did not sell pistols.

Mr. Mynatt then asked Mr. Clark to go out and buy him one, as he was anxious to have a pistol. This Mr. Clark also refused to do, and Mr. Mynatt drove across the street to the Lowry Hardware Company, where the purchase was made a few minutes later.

Before buying the weapon Mr. Mynatt was at his office and a few minutes later was with two friends at the Aragon hotel. The three went to the bar and had two rounds of drinks. Bartender Craig asked Mynatt if he could get him a position in Macon, as his job as the Aragon was only a temporary one. Mynatt said he thought he could, and went into the reading room to write a letter asking for the position. The others left the hotel. One of the men had talked a great deal about the character of the whisky and how cocktails should be mixed. He was a thick-set man with a heavy black mustache. Craig asked Mynatt who he was, and Mynatt said his name was Hodgson and that he was a half-brother of Mr. Hodgson, of Athens. He had told Mynatt that he was on his way to Athens to see about a settlement of a will case, which involved a large sum of money. Mr. Craig said yesterday that the man was a stranger to him and looked very much like a Jew. No such man is known in Athens and there are no half-brothers in the Hodgson family of that city.

At the hotel Mynatt talked quite a long while with Mr. Craig, the bartender, but while there he did not impress those present that he contemplated self-destruction. He was in a talkative mood and chatted on several subjects pleasantly. He referred to the Macon convention and talked upon other matters.

At no time during the day did he appear to be drinking very heavily, though several have since stated that he was drinking some.

Just about 2 o'clock he was at the office of Mr. Joe Moody, and after he left Mr. Moody's office he went to his office on the seventh floor of the Temple Court building. He was in his office for nearly an hour, when he went to the courthouse.

Dictated Several Letters.

Just a few minutes before 3 o'clock Mr. Mynatt called at the office of a stenographer on the same floor and asked if she could make three copies of a letter which he would dictate. Mr. Mynatt said that he must have the copies by 3 o'clock, and was anxious to get them made as quickly as possible.

The copies were made, but Mr. Mynatt did not call for them, and the stenographer carried them to his office. Mr. Mynatt was sitting at his desk and was engaged in an earnest conversation with his father. He accepted the letters and again stated that he had a pressing engagement at the courthouse.

Mr. Isham Daniel saw Mr. Mynatt while the latter was on his way to the courthouse, but says he did not think his friend was drinking heavily at the time.

After leaving Mr. Daniel, Mr. Mynatt visited several places and is said to have endeavored to get a check cashed.

He was also at the Midway saloon on Broad street and had a conversation with Mr. Kurtz.

A few minutes before 5 o'clock Mr. Mynatt drove up to Temple Court in a hack and with Mr. Harvey Hill went up to the seventh floor in an elevator. He entered his office and is said to have fired the shot three minutes later.

Mynatt Needed Money.

It was learned yesterday that Mr. Mynatt was pressed for money and had attempted to borrow small amounts from several friends.

Before leaving for the Macon convention he wanted to borrow $20 from a friend whose office is on the same floor. After he returned he told another friend that he needed a little change and the loan was made, but was repaid the following day.

"Were you ever broke?" asked Mr Mynatt of a stenographer in the building Monday. "Well, I am, and I want some money mighty bad. It is a mighty bad thing to be dead broke."

The Funeral This Morning.

The funeral exercises of Mr. Mynatt will be conducted this morning at 10 o'clock from the residence of Mr. J. S. Raine and the interment will be at Oakland cemetery.

The following gentlemen have been requested to act as an honorary escort and are requested to meet at Patterson's at 9 o'clock:

Harry Snook, H. M. Melone, H. F. West, Tom Erwin, John Raine, Hugh Adams, Bob Wallace, Henry Inman, W. A. Mathews, V. H. Taliaferro, Ed A. Peeples, Gus Ryan, Guy Hamilton, John Sanders, Julian Field, Elias Boylston, Cleveland Wilcoxson, Joe Mynatt, Campbell Wallace and Frank Stockdell.

AL LEWIS IN WASHINGTON.

What This Brilliant Correspondent Has To Say of the Situation.

After telling of his unsuccessful effort to interview several members of the cabinet on the situation without success in a single instance, Mr. A. H. Lewis thus comments in The New York Morning Journal:

"Thus stood the cabinet that will be at Chicago. They are all plunged in gloom. Unless Cleveland lets off a few Cuban skyrockets soon—and many say he will the coming week—the administration will anon be lost to sight in the murk midnight of no hope which is settling down upon it.

"Whether from an excess of conviction that silver is dominant and all lost save honor, or no, one cannot say; but, whatever the cause, it is certain that gloom and a dark despair hang over Cleveland and his administration like a pall. No one goes near our president; no one gets word from him. He is buried from the world, thinking what, planning what, no man knows. And as a result conjecture springs to its feet and begins to run.

Talking of a Third Term.

"The world of Washington talking to itself makes no doubt of one thing. It believes that Cleveland aims at a third term, not in 1896, but in 1900. Chatter runs in this sort and I have heard a dozen wise minds of government go chattering up and down upon it like trick ponies up and down a set of property stairs.

"Cleveland will run for the presidency as long as he lives. He will never get the white house hanker out of his mouth, never be cured of the white house habit. He will try with finance what eight and four years ago he did with tariff.

Silver's Rule in Washington.

"Free silver, 16 to 1, as a panic, has spread to Washington. There seems to be a general belief that it is to sweep all before it at the November polls. The goldbug gentry admit this sadly. The silver shouters cock their hats and inform one between struts that 'free silver, 16 to 1, is a cinch.' All look for the downfall of McKinley and insist that either a free silver president is to be elected at the polls or in the house, if the contest is thrown there.

"Washington is a chameleon—a tree toad to take on whatever hue or color of politics is dominant at the time. The citizen of these parts lives only to hold office, hopes only to hang on to office. To do these pleasant things he keeps anxious track of general political sentiments and reflects them like a mirror. The united gossip of Washington is that free silver, 16 to 1, has run away with the country, and as a weather vane to show in what direction the wind of national politics is blowing Washington gossip may be relied on.

"But, beyond gossip and coming down to names reverend and grave, there's Colonel John R. Fellows.

"'There's no use,' said Colonel Fellows, bending a kind, intelligent eye upon me, 'there's no use trying to head off this free silver movement. It will sweep New York state itself like some white simoom of finance. Seven up-country farmers out of ten are for free silver, 16 to 1, in New York right now.

"'This cry for free silver amounts to revolution. I'm going to Chicago, and I'm going to fight for gold, but it will be planting and no fruit, sowing and no harvest save the harvest of disappointment. Free silver, 16 to 1, will carry New York.'

"Consistent with the well-worded apprehensions of the eloquent colonel come the fears of such men as Representatives Cummings and McClelland. Cummings reports his district as worm-eaten and rat-holed with free silver. No one can foretell the result. All that is known is that free silver has developed the stature and strength of some sudden giant. Every hour brings fresh proofs of the spread of what Cleveland calls lunacy and Bland calls truth—the free silver sentiment. Cummings cannot prophesy the future of his district.

Gold's Sun Shines Dimly.

"McClelland talks the same way. His district also, right in the city of New York, is being overcrept by free silver as if by an eclipse. Gold's sun shines dimly and still more dimly. Such districts as Colonel William Clay Sulzer's are looked on as lost to silver now. Indeed, white-faced apprehension lifts its pale countenance to declare that Sulzer himself is a foregone conclusion."

Mr. Wiseburg Improving.

Mr. M. Wiseberg, who was subjected to a very painful operation a few days ago, is much better. The operation was performed by Drs. Elkin, Cooper, Westmoreland, Giddings and Sharpe. The operation was entirely successful, and Mr. Wiseberg stood it with splendid stoicism. An incomprehensible and inexplicable error of the types—such as will sometimes happen in spite of the utmost caution—in Monday's paper made The Constitution say that the operation performed by Dr. Elkin had been criticised, while the tone of the article showed that such a reference was wholly foreign to the writer's mean-

PRICE MAY BE ARRESTED TODAY

Comptroller Wright Directs That the Insurance Broker Be Prosecuted.

EDEN MILLS MATTER AGAIN

Price & Biedler Secured Worthless Policies for Good Premiums.

VIOLATED THE STATE INSURANCE LAW

And Now the Law Will Be Enforced by the Prosecution of the Brokers. It Is a Sensational Case.

Herbert Price, formerly a member of the firm of Price & Biedler, insurance brokers, will probably be placed under arrest this morning on a charge of violating the Venable insurance law. He will be accused of placing insurance with companies not authorized to do business in Georgia.

An industrious bailiff attempted to find a justice of the pease yesterday afternoon before whom he could swear out a warrant against Price, but on account of the absence from the city of the J. P.'s the warrant was not obtainable at last accounts. One will be secured this morning, however, and Price will find himself in the clutches of the iron hand of the law.

Solicitor James O'Neill has been directed by the comptroller general and insurance commissioner of the state, William A. Wright, to cause the arrest of Price without delay. The commissioner volunteers to furnish the evidence to convict Price at the trial. Had the bailiff of Mr. O'Neill's court been able to secure a warrant yesterday afternoon, Mr. Price would have been taken into custody and placed under bond for his appearance in court at the proper time. He was in his office in the Dodd building at the corner of Alabama and Pryor streets and so far as known will appear there this morning as usual.

It was believed by Comptroller Wright that Price had left the city.

The case is another chapter in the now sensational Eden Park cotton mills insurance matter. It has been shown how the Eden mills lost $25,000 of insurance money by placing its business with Price & Biedler, insurance brokers, who were not authorized to do business in the state according to all of the parties interested.

It is charged by the Eden mills people that they paid Price & Biedler premiums on insurance policies to the amount stated and that certain policies were sent alleged to have been written by companies which, it seems, have no existence, so far as known at this time.

The holders of the policies have been unable to collect the money due them and they have placed the matter in the hands of attorneys. It is said that the company intends to take the same step that will be taken by Solicitor O'Neill this morning—that is, cause the arrest of Price, and Biedler, too, if he can be located. That that arrest has not been made sooner is due to certain delays in the investigation of the matter.

Price claimed in his interview yesterday that his partner, Biedler, transacted the business with the Eden mills and secured the policies from a firm known as Blake & Co., of Chicago. He denies that he had any connection with the matter and says he was under the impression that the policies were good. He lays the blame for the entire matter on his partner and when the case comes up he will disclaim responsibility on the ground that his partner, who is no longer in Atlanta, is responsible for the matter. Whether the courts will excuse him on that ground remains to be seen. It is believed by many that Price is responsible for the acts of his partner and can be punished accordingly.

Companies and Brokers Liable.

It is generally understood that under the Venable law all insurance brokers licensed to do business in the state must first qualify before the commissioner of insurance and show that he offers business only to such companies as are authorized to do business in Georgia, such companies having filed with the commissioner a statement of their condition. All companies or brokers who have not complied with the law are prohibited from doing business in the state and they are liable for heavy penalties for a violation.

In the case of Price & Biedler Commissioner Wright says that the firm was not licensed and that it had no right to do business. And the companies alleged to have issued the policies for the brokers in favor of the Eden mills have no standing and are not known by the commissioner. So, neither the broker nor companies could do a legal business in the state, and because they did Commissioner Wright will now make it his business to punish the brokers if they can be apprehended and carried into court. He says that he has unquestionable proof of guilt and that the parties are subject to the provisions of the state insurance law.

Mr. James Talks on the Matter.

Mr. Joe James, secretary of the Eden Mills Company, was seen about the matter yesterday. He said that his company had been unable to collect the $25,000 insurance money due it by the companies represented by Price & Biedler, and that he supposed his company was loser by that amount.

"Mr. Biedler came to me well recommended, stating that he wanted to place some insurance with the Eden mills. He had a letter from Mr. W. H. Venable, who stated that he had placed insurance with Price & Biedler, and Mr. Baer and myself, representing the Eden mills, told Biedler that he could place $25,000 in five different companies for us. In due time we received the policies and paid the premiums on them to Price & Biedler.

"We thought that the brokers were reputable and that the policies were written by reliable companies. When the Eden mills were burned two months ago we, of course, set about to collect our insurance money and were surprised to find that the policies held by us secured through Price & Biedler were not valid. I do not care to discuss the matter further than that point because it has been placed in the hands of our attorneys, Messrs. Van Epps, Leftwich & Ladson. I guess we are out $25,000 by the transaction."

Insurance Men Will Take Part.

It is known that the Eden mills people will participate in the prosecution of the matter, and it may be that some sensational developments will come out of it.

The details of the questionable transactions were eagerly read in insurance circles yesterday, and all of the old line company agents and insurance men will assist in the efforts being made by Commissioner Wright to break up the unlawful insurance brokerage business. That is, the fight will be made on brokers and companies who have not complied with the law. There are a number of reputable companies represented in the state by brokers and Mr. Wright has caused to be printed a list of those brokers authorized to do business.

Commissioner Wright's Letter.

The advice on which Solicitor O'Neill acted in the matter is a letter from Commissioner Wright as follows:

"I am just informed of the presence in this city of Mr. Herbert Price, of the late firm of Price & Biedler, who are insurance agents or brokers, who placed insurance for citizens of this state in companies or associations not authorized to do business in Georgia. The law makes it my duty to see that all violations of the insurance laws of our state are prosecuted, and you being the legal prosecuting officer in such cases, I request that you have your bailiff swear out a warrant against Price and I will furnish the necessary proof to convict him on the trial of the case. Please give the matter your immediate attention. Yours truly,

WILLIAM A. WRIGHT,

"Comptroller General and Insurance Commissioner."

When seen by a representative of The Constitution Price stated that it was his intention to remain in Atlanta and face the matter. He claims that he was duped by his former partner and that he had absolutely nothing to do with the transactions which have since proven to be questionable. He says that Biedler is in New York and that by reason of that fact the whole odium of the matter must rest on him, but that he will meet the issue.

Price has retained the services of Colonel T. B. Felder, of Anderson, Felder & Davis, who will represent him in the matter. The defense will doubtless be that Biedler is responsible, he securing the policies for the Eden mills without the assistance or participation of Price. Price claims that since the partnership ceased he has returned premiums collected from parties by Biedler. In such cases the policy holders demanded a return of their money, when the Eden mills transaction came to light.

Price is secretary of the British American Investment Company, with offices in the rear of the Fidelity bank on Alabama street. A. L. Biedler, his former partner, is put down in the prospectus of the investment company as "second vice president, Cedar street, New York." No address is given on Cedar street. Price is a member of the Capital City Club and he has many friends in high social circles who will come to his aid in this trouble. He declares that he is innocent of wrong doing in any way.

SHE CALLED THE FIRST REUNION

Mrs. Glover Occupies a Unique Position Towards the Confederacy.

Mrs. E. S. Glover, of Douglasville, the widow of Colonel T. C. Glover, who commanded the Twenty-first Georgia regiment in the late war, has gone to Richmond to participate in the great reunion of confederate veterans in that city.

Mrs. Glover has the distinguished honor of being the originator of reunions of the confederate soldiers. She called together the first reunion of confederate veterans that was held after the surrender of Appomattox.

Her husband was killed in the battle of Winchester in September, 1864. In August following the surrender, Mrs. Glover sent out a call to all of the survivors of Company A of the Twenty-first Georgia to meet at Campbellton, Ga. The reunion was attended by every surviving member of her husband's command, and every year since then she has sent out the call, and most successful reunions have been held. Of late years all veterans who belonged to the Twenty-first Georgia have been assembling at the call of the widow of their old commander. Only twenty of the 239 who started with Colonel Glover are now alive.

WIMBISH APPOINTED MASTER.

Selected by Judge Newman To Act in the Eagle and Phenix Case.

Colonel W. A. Wimbish, of Columbus, was yesterday appointed special master in the Eagle and Phenix receivership case by Judge Newman.

The appointment of the popular attorney met with general approval from all parties who are interested in the property.

Judge Newman was urged to appoint him by both sides, who have been wrangling over the receivership complications in the court recently, and every interest represented at the receivership hearing expressed their desire to see him appointed.

The work of reorganizing the great property will now be commenced vigorously and all interested hope to place it again on its feet. Nothing has yet been done, but employes of the company are busily engaged making an inventory of the property. This inventory must be completed by August 1st by order of the court, and then full plans for the reorganization will be published.

Receivers J. Gunby Jordan, of Columbus, and James English, of Atlanta, have furnished money to enable the mills to continue their operations continuously.

Drive out the impurities from your blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla and thus avoid that tired, languid feeling and even serious illness.

THERE IS PLEASURE IN VARIETY. COLLARS ARE NOT ALL ONE SHAPE. BUT THE BEST SHAPES ARE MARKED "Cluett"

INSIST ON THE MARK. IT'S A GUARANTEE. TAMARAC.

BOYS' AND GIRLS' CHILDRENS'

Summer Shoes

And Oxfords

AT COST

For Thirty Days.

Handsomest Line in Atlanta.

BLOODWORTH SHOE CO.,

14 Whitehall St.

MUST HAVE CASH AT ONCE

SO THE ENTIRE

NEW STOCK OF SHOES

AT LESS THAN

COST FOR FIFTEEN DAYS.

Banister's $7 and $6 Shoes, Tans, Patent Leather or Calf, $3.95

ALL SIZES. ALL WIDTHS

ALL SHAPES.

Ladies' Finest $4 and $3.50 Oxfords, Vici Kid, in Tans or Black, $2.20

Follow the Crowd to the Busiest Shoe Store on the Busiest Street in Atlanta.

JOHN M. MOORE, 30 Whitehall St.

GETTING READY TO GO.

MR. HARMAN MAKING ARRANGEMENTS

For the Chicago Party—They Leave Here Sunday Morning Next for the Convention.

Next Sunday morning, at 8:05 o'clock, the Georgia delegation to the national convention leaves Atlanta for Chicago. There are a large number of persons who go at the same time and the special cars and train will be crowded with Georgians.

The delegation goes in special cars over the Western and Atlantic railroad via the Evansville route and arrive in Chicago at 9:55 o'clock Monday morning. The cars will go all the way through and there will be no changes.

Those who have made arrangements for the trip are: Dr. R. D. Spalding, wife and son; Hon. Clark Howell, Hon. J. M. McBride and son, Hon. C. M. Williams, Hon. H. T. Lewis, Hon. William M. Howard, J. A. Brannen, G. W. Warren, I. E. Farmer, H. S. Johnson, Robert Adamson, R. O. Howard, Owen Johnson, W. P. McWhorter, J. T. Hill, W. M. Gammon, C. R. Pendleton, J. W. Goldsmith, J. A. Morrow, J. C. Dell, J. Donalson, F. C. Howser, C. T. Zachry, W. B. Burnett, Tyler Peeples, Howard Thompson and J. P. Brown. These have written to Mr. Charles E. Harmon, the general passenger agent of the Western and Atlantic road, and others who are to leave Sunday morning should let him know of their intention, so that accommodations can be obtained for them.

Mr. Harmon, acting for those who have told him of their intention to leave for Chicago Sunday morning, has obtained hotel accommodations for them at the Leland hotel, on Michigan avenue, fronting the lake.

The fare to Chicago has been reduced to one fare for the round trip from all points in Georgia and this is open to all parties who desire to attend the convention. The tickets will be good until the convention is over.

Correct!

From The Monroe Advertiser.

In the words of Mr. Watterson, free coinage has swept the country from Cape Cod to Kalamazoo, from Alpha to Omaha and from h—l to breakfast.

LYON & CO'S PICK LEAF SMOKING TOBACCO ITS THE BEST

CORNELIUS CORNWALL—Don't call me Mr. Cornwall, Alice, it is so formal, you know. Call me Cornelius.
MISS ALICE—I'd call you Corn if—if—
"If what, darling!"
"If I thought you'd pop, and smoke Pick Leaf."
Mr. Cornwall is now engaged.
Moral: Always smoke

LYON & CO'S PICK LEAF EXTRA SMOKING TOBACCO

Made from the Purest, Ripest and Sweetest leaf grown in the Golden Belt of North Carolina. Cigarette Book goes with each 2-oz. pouch.

ALL FOR 10 CENTS.

A Pleasant, Cool and Delightful Smoke.

LYON & CO. TOBACCO WORKS, DURHAM, N. C.

Save Your Money.

One box of Tutt's Pills will save many dollars in doctors' bills They will surely cure all diseases of the stomach, liver or bowels.

No Reckless Assertion

For sick headache, dyspepsia, malaria, constipation and biliousness, a million people endorse

TUTT'S Liver PILLS

Don't Buy a Trunk Strap for a Belt

We Are the Exclusive Atlanta Agents for the

"ECCENTRIC" BELTS.

The ECCENTRIC is the only leather Belt made having no tongue, no eyelets and no slide, that locks itself as tight as you desire and opens in a second.

We can supply you with different colors in leather Belts to match your dresses at low prices. They can be changed in a second, as the buckles are not sewed to the belts.

With our Belt Hooks you can wear the narrow belts with shirt waists.

MAIER & BERKELE, Jewelers, 31 Whitehall Street.

Cassimere
Cheviot
Worsted

Suits

For Men and Boys

....AT....

25 % Discount

$10.00 Suits at........ $7.50
$12.50 Suits at........ $9.37
$15.00 Suits at........ $11.25
$18.00 Suits at........ $13.50
$20.00 Suits at........ $15.00
$22.50 Suits at........ $16.87
$25.00 Suits at........ $18.75

This sale is a staggerer to the local Clothing trade. Being manufacturers, our original retail prices were at least 30 per cent less than those of competition. We didn't have to add the middleman's profit. From those low prices we now deduct 25 per cent. We are saving you the jobbers' and retailers' profit, and selling you elegant Clothing at the bare cost of production. Advantages and values that no one else can possibly offer.

Custom Tailoring Dep't.

Come and have your measure taken at once. Magnificent Suitings and Trouserings, and extra generous reductions await you there.

Eiseman Bros.,

15-17 Whitehall Street.

No Branch House in the City.

STOCKS IMPROVE

England and the Continent Were Heavy Buyers Yesterday.

THE EVIDENCE WAS GENERAL

Cotton Practically Unchanged While Wheat Shows an Advance of Over a Cent.

New York, June 30.—In Wall street there was a complete reversal of speculative sentiment today. According to sable advices the utterances of Mr. McKinley on the currency question led to a much more confident feeling in London and on the continent, and the change was reflected in buying orders for nearly 40,000 shares from abroad. The result was a decidedly higher opening, the gains varying from ½ to 1 per cent, right at the start. The local bears attempted to check the rising tendency by putting out fresh lines of shorts, but as the foreign demand continued, and there was considerable inquiry for the long account here, the upward movement made further progress as the day advanced. The silver question was relegated to the rear for the time being and the probable action of the Chicago convention on the money plank excited less interest than of late. The fact that there were no further engagements of gold export, and that the local money market was undisturbed, as well as the announcement by the Reading company of an advance in the price of coal, all excited a favorable influence. The rise in quotations was equl to 2⅜ per cent, and the net changes showed gins of ½@1⅝ per cent. The conspicuous features were the rangers, Sugar, Louisville and Nashville and some of the specialties. Tobacco and Sugar were heavy at one time, the former declining from 63¾ to 61½, and the latter from 11 to 109¾, but subsequently under purchases supposed to be for inside accountfi Tobacco got back to 63 and Sugar to 112⅛@111⅝. Speculation left off firm in tone. Total sales were 251,084 shares, including 70,200 Sugar, 46,100 St. Paul, 25,100 Tobacco and 17,666 Burlington and Quincy.

Bonds were higher. The sales were $881,000.

Treasury balances: Coin, $109,024,864; currency, $87,854,793.

Money on call firm at 2@3 per cent; last loan at 2½, closing offered at 2½; primes mercantile paper, 5@5½ per cent.

Bar silver, 68⅞c.

Sterling exchange quiet with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87@4.87¼ for sixty days and $4.88@4.88¼ for demand; posted rates, $4.88@4.89; commercial bills, $4.86@4.86½.

Government bonds steady.

State bonds dull.

Railroad bonds higher.

Silver at the board was quiet.

London, June 30.—Bar silver, 31½d. Consols, 113 9-16 for money and 113 11-16 for the account. Paris advices quote 3 per cent rentes, 100 francs 92 centimes for the account.

Following are the closing bids:

Am'n Cotton Oil	9½	Mobile & Ohio	19¼
do pref	51½	Nash., Chat & St. L.	68
Am'n Sugar Refin'g	111⅝	U. S. Cordage	4¾
do pref	100	do pref	9¼
Am'n Tobacco	62⅞	N. J. Central	103¼
do pref	95	N. Y. Central	95½
Atch., T. & Santa Fe	13⅜	N. Y. & N. E.	48
Baltimore & Ohio	17¼	Norfolk & Western	8¾
Canada Pacific	60¼	Northern Pacific	8⅞
Chesapeake & Ohio	14⅜	do pref	16⅞
Chicago & Alton	155	Northwestern	101⅜
C., B. & Q.	73⅝	do pref	150
Chicago Gas	63⅜	Pacific Mail	22
Del., Lack. & W	160	Reading	14¼
Dis. & Cat. Feed	14⅛	Rock Island	66½
Erie	14¼	St. Paul	75⅜
do pref	33½	do pref	127¼
E. Gen. Electric	27⅞	Silver Certificates	69⅛
Illinois Central	92½	T. C. I.	21¼
Lake Erie & West	17	do pref	90
do pref	67½	Texas Pacific	7¼
Lake Shore	148	Union Pacific	7
Louis. & Nash	49⅜	Wabash, St. L & P.	6
Louis., N. A. & Chic.	7½	do pref	16⅛
Manhattan Consol	101⅛	Western Union	83
Memphis & Char	15	Wheeling & L. Erie	8⅞
Michigan Central	94	do pref	33
Missouri Pacific	21⅛		

BONDS.		BONDS.	
Alabama, Class A	103	Va. funded debt	58
do., Class B	105	U. S. 4s, registered	108⅝
do., Class C	95	do coupon	109¾
Louisiana stamped	97¼	do 2s	95
N. C. 4s	100	Southern Railway 5s	92
N. C. 6s	120	do common	8⅞
Tenn. new set'm't 3s	80	do preferred	26¼
Virginia 5s deferred	5	S. C. 4½s	105
do Trust rec'ts S.	5		

*Ex-dividend. †Asked. ‡Ex-interest.

Closing Stock Review.

New York, June 30.—The stock market enjoyed a sharp rally today, due to continued purchases for London account and heavy covering of shorts. The higher range of values from abroad and the adsorption of stocks for foreign account and the confidence revived by Mr. McKinley's cordial acceptance of the St. Louis gold platform, were the stimulating influences.

In the railway list the recoveries in price generally exceeded 1 per cent, but the extreme improvement was not sustained.

Among the industrial list American Tobacco showed the most weakness, breaking 1½ and rallying feebly. Chicago Gas rose over 2 per cent, and Leather preferred and General Electric rallied over 1 per cent. Sugar at one time showed an extreme recovery of 2 per cent, but it later receded from the maximum quotation.

The market closed irregular and somewhat unsettled, though generally higher.

STOCK.	Opening	High	Low	Today's Closing bids.	Yesterday's Closing bids.
Atchison	13⅛	13¾	13⅜	13¾	12⅞
Am'n Sugar Refining	110½	112⅛	109¾	111⅝	110
C., C., C. and St. Louis	29¼	29⅞	29¼	29¼	29
Bur. and Quincy	73⅝	74¼	72⅞	73⅝	72¾
Chicago Gas	62¾	64¼	62½	63⅜	61¾
Canada Southern	49	49	48	49¾	48¾
D., L. and W.				160	162
Erie				14¼	13¾
Edison Gen. Elec	27	28⅜	27	27⅞	27⅜
American Tobacco	63⅛	63¾	61½	62¾	62¾
Jersey Central	102¾	103¼	102¾	103⅛	102
Lake Shore	*147¼	148	147¼	148	150⅛
National Lead	23⅜	23⅛	23⅜	23⅛	22¾
Louisville and Nash	48½	49⅜	48½	49⅜	47⅞
Missouri Pacific	20½	21¼	20½	21⅛	20⅜
Baltimore and Ohio	17½	17½	17¼	17¼	17
Tenn. Coal and Iron	21¾	22	21¼	21¼	20¾
Northwestern	101¼	102	101¼	101⅜	100
Southern Railway	9	9	8⅞	8⅞	8⅝
do. pref	26¼	26⅜	26	26¼	25¾
Northern Pac. pref				16⅞	16⅜
New York Central				95	95⅜
New England				48	40½
Omaha	40½	40⅞	39⅞	40⅞	40½
Pacific Mail	22	22¼	22	22	21⅛
Reading	13¾	14⅛	13¾	14¼	13¾
Rock Island	66½	67⅛	66	66½	66
St. Paul	74¾	76	74⅝	75⅝	74
Union Pacific	7	7⅛	6⅞	7⅜	6⅜
American Cotton Oil				9½	9½
Western Union	83½	83⅛	83	83	82⅞
[illegible] and Cattle Feed	14	14½	13⅞	14⅛	13½
[illegible] Leather pref	57½	58⅜	57⅛	57¾	56¾
U. S. Le [illegible] Manh	101	101½	101	101½	100⅝

*Ex-dividend 3 per cent.

The Gold Reserve.

Washington, June 30.—The treasury gold reserve at the close of business today stood at $101,519,8[illegible]. The day's withdrawals were $73,[illegible]00.

LOCAL BONDS AND STOCKS.

The following are bid and asked quotations:

STATE AND CITY BONDS.

Georgia 3½s, 27 to 30 years	102½	103½	Augusta 7s, L. D.	113	
Georgia 3½s, 25 to 40 years	102⅜	[illegible]	Macon 6s	114	115
Ga. 4½s, 1915	116	117	Columbus 5s	103	
Savannah 5s	108	110	Waterworks 6s	106	
Atlanta 8s, 1902	119		Rome 5s	100	101
Atlanta 7s, 1904	116		South Car. 4½s	105	
Atlanta 7s, 1899	107		Newnan 6s, L D	100	103
Atlanta 6s, L D	114		Chattanooga 5s, 19[illegible]	100	
Atlanta 6s, S D	102½		Col., [illegible] C., gr'd 18[illegible] 2s & 4[illegible]	[illegible]	
Atlanta 5s, L D	108		Ala., Class A	103	105
Atlanta 4½s	102				

RAILROAD BONDS.

Ga. 6s, 1897	102		C., C. & A. 1st 5s, 1909	104	106
Ga. 6s, 1910	112		Atlanta & Char. 1st 7s, 1907	115	
Ga. 6s, 1922	113		do income 6s, 1900	100	
Ga. Pac. 1st	112	115			
S. A. & M. c'tfs.	68	70			

RAILROAD STOCKS.

Georgia	165	170	Aug. & Sav	91	
Southwestern	93	95	A. & W. P.	100	103
			do deben	101	103

THE COTTON MARKET.

Spot Cotton Quotations.

Atlanta—Nominal; middling 6⅝c.

Liverpool—Easier; middling 3 15-16d.

New York—Dull; middling 7 7-16c.

New Orleans—Steady; middling 6 13-16c.

McIntyre & Wardwell's Cotton Letter.

New York, June 30.—It was really a half holiday market, sales being only 86,300. For a time prices were lower, the decline being 2to 4 points, owing to weakness in Liverpool, reports of rains in Texas and the announcement of first boll at Meridian, Miss. Bu tthis decline was speedily recovered, and an advance of 3 to 4 points followed, owing to covering of shorts, the more cheerful tone at the stock exchange and some buying for Liverpool and the continent, particularly Liverpool. New Orleans both bought and sold. Before the close there was a reaction which left most months 1 point higher. The trading is for quick turns on a moderate scale. Liverpool was unchanged on spot; sales 8,000 bales. Futures declined 1@1½points, closing quiet. Manchester was quiet. Spots here were unchanged, with sales of 94 for spinning; middling 7 7-16c. Augusta declined ⅛c. New Orleans sold 1,000. Port receipts, 1,434, against 3,625 last week and 868 last year. The rain in Texas for the twenty-four hours ending at 8 o'clock this morning was .78 of an inch at Lufkin, .24 at Lampassas and a trace at Henrietta, Huntsville and Temple, Texas. Texas has not had sufficient rain, and the position of cotton is, in many respects, quite bullish. We advocate purchases on the decline for quick turns.

The following is the range of cotton futures in New York yesterday:

MONTHS.	Opening	Highest	Lowest	Today's Close	Yturday's Close
June					
July	7 13	7 15	7 13	7 14-15	7 14-15
August	7 17	7 20	7 12	7 16-17	7 16-17
September	6 58	6 62	6 56	6 57-58	6 57-58
October	6 59	6 62	6 57	6 59-60	6 59-60
November	6 58	6 60	6 53	6 56-57	6 57-58
December	6 59	6 62	6 56	6 58-59	6 59-60
January	6 64	6 66	6 60	6 62-63	6 63-64
February	6 68	6 68	6 66	6 67-68	6 68-69
March	6 71	6 73	6 68	6 71-72	6 72-73
April					

Closed barely steady; sales 86,300 bales.

The following is a statement of the consolidated net receipts, exports and stock at the ports:

	RECEIPTS		EXPORTS		STOCKS	
	1896	1895	1896	1895	1896	1895
Saturday	727	987	3116	2547	248659	408212
Monday	933	838	3656	86	245130	416670
Tuesday	1434	868	151	6038	245307	414819
Wednesday						
Thursday						
Friday						
Total	3094	2693	6923	8671		

The following are the closing quotations of future cotton in New Orleans today:

January	6 33	July	6 63
February	6 37	August	6 58
March	6 41	September	6 30
April		October	6 27
May		November	6 25
June		December	6 29

Closed steady; sales 15,400 bales.

Hubbard Bros. & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, June 30.—European advices were disappointing in tone and character, and our market declined slightly during the morning, only to find that the offerings were absorbd by buying orders from Liverpool. Before the opening, telegrams reporting showers in Texas had been received, but the official rainfall reports but two showers at Lufkin and Lampasas. Our local traders are naturally discouraged at the absence of any buying power, and anticipated a further recline, only to find sellers at the lower quotations. This led to a covering demand, which rallied the market above the closing prices. There is little change in the temper of the trade, as until some confidence is felt in the future they do not expect any increase in the ability of the spinners, manufacturers or speculators to buy any large quantities of cotton. Bad crop advices would bring a large number of buying orders from Europe where general trade is excellent.

The Dry Goods Market.

New York, June 30.—The Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin, in its weekly review of the dry goods market today, says:

"Outside of bleached cottons there has been no business of importance in any line of staple cotton goods, while the demand for dark cotton fabrics has hardly been up to the average, and business has ruled quiet in woolen goods of all kinds, in sliks and in hosiery and underwear. Sales of bleached cottons have reached a very aggregate gain, and a number of leading makes are now in clean stock condition in first hands.

Riordan & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, June 30.—(Special.)—News came today of very good rains in Texas, and the market, in the early trading, was a few points lower, but there seemed to be no disposition to sell, and presently covering of shorts began, when prices advanced 5 to 8 points from the lowest. In the last hour, however, the demand slackened, and most of the advance was lost. August opened at 7.17, declined to 7.12, advanced to 7.20 and closed at 7.16 bid, with the tone barely steady. The government weekly report, which was given out after the close, is very favcrable, and may cause lower prices tomorrow.

Fairchild & Hobson's Cotton Letter.

New Orleans, La., June 30.—It has been a very small and uninteresting session today in the cotton market. The changes have been vry slight, with the total transactions very light. Liverpool was expected to come at least 1 point or 2 better, but the reverse was the case, and futures showed a weaker tendency and closed quiet in tone 1½c under the previous day. Spinners seem to have been out of the market, and have reduced their purchases to 8,000 bales. The drift of news in our market has savored rather of the bearish kind, mills have decided to run on short time in Fall River, Providence and New England plants, while at the meeting of the southern mill owners, held in Augusta, it was deemed in the interest of the trade, to run on half time. Aside from some districts in Texas, the crop news continues favorable. We consider the crop an early one, and we look for the largest movement ever known during the period between the 15th of August and the 15th of September. Open bolls of cotton from new plants were shown in Vicksburg and Meridian, Miss., yesterday. The decline from now on will be slow. We advise our friends to take in their profits on the recessions.

The Sun's Cotton Review.

New York, June 30.—Cotton declined 2 to 4 points, recovered the loss and advanced 3 to 4 points, but loss part of the rise, closing 1 point higher on most months, with the tone barely steady. The sales were 86,300 bales.

Today's Features—It was a light day in the speculation. What there was of it showed a slight decline at first owing to rains in Texas, a decline in Liverpool, as well as more or less local and southern selling. New Orleans sold to some extent, and a leading house here is said to have sold September, though apparently not on a large scale.. The latter transactions shower a rise of 5 to 8 points from the lowest figures of the morning. It is said that southern cotton mills will probably decide to curtail the production 50 per cent for the next three months, and it is also stated that there is a prospect that mills representing 4,000,000 spindles in New England will sign an agreement to close their mills for four weeks during July and August in order to reduce production. Be this as it may, the statistical position is strong, the price is considered relatively low and bears are not at all aggressive.

Liverpool and Port Markets.

Liverpool, June 30—12:15 p. m.—Cotton spot, quiet with prices easier; middling uplands 3 15-16; sales 8,000 bales; American 7,700; speculation and export 500; receipts none; American none; uplands low middling clause June delivery 3 52-64; June and July delivery 3 52-64, 3 51-64, 3 52-64; July and August delivery 3 52-64; 3 51-64, 3 50-64, 3 51-64; August and September delivery 3 48-64, 3 47-64, 3 48-64; September and October delivery 3 41-64; October and November delivery 3 39-64, 3 38-64; November and December delivery 3 37-64; December and January delivery 3 38-64, 3 37-64; January and February delivery 3 38-64, 3 37-64; February and March delivery 3 39-64, 3 38-64; futures opened quiet with demand moderate.

Liverpool, June 30—4:00 p. m.—Uplands low middlings clause July delivery 3 51-64, 3 52-64; July and August delivery 3 50-64, 3 51-64; August and September delivery 3 47-64, 3 48-64; September and October delivery 3 41-64, buyers; October and November delivery 3 38-64, sellers; November and December delivery 3 37-64, sellers; December and January delivery 3 37-64, sellers; January and February delivery 3 37-64, sellers; February and March delivery 3 38-64, sellers; March and April delivery 3 39-64, buyers; futures closed quiet.

New York, June 30—Cotton dull; sales 1,394 bales; middling uplands 7 7-16; middling gulf 7 11-16; net receipts none bales; gross 2,753; stock 110,297.

Galveston, June 30—Cotton easy; middling 6⅝; net receipts 125 bales; gross 125; sales 640; stock 11,391.

Norfolk, June 30—Cotton quiet; middling 7⅛; net receipts 31 bales; gross 31; sales 7; stock 7,321; exports coastwise 20.

Baltimore, June 30—Cotton dull; middling 7½; net receipts none bales; gross none; sales none; stock 8,972.

Boston, June 30—Cotton quiet; middling 7 7-16; net receipts 90 bales; gross 1,203; sales none; stock none.

Wilmington, June 30—Cotton dull; middling 7⅛; net receipts 9 bales; gross 9; sales none; stock 4,969.

Philadelphia, June 30 — Cotton quiet; middling 7 11-16; net receipts 53 bales; gross 519; sales none; stock 6,025.

Savannah, June 30—Cotton firm; middling 7; net receipts 255 bales; gross 255; sales 125; stock 9,131.

New Orleans, June 30—Cotton steady; middling 6 13-16; net receipts 862 bales; gross 862; sales 1,100; stock 72,418.

Mobile, June 30—Cotton nominal; middling 6⅝; net receipts 1 bales; gross 1; sales none; stock 3,581; exports coastwise 100.

Memphis, June 30—Cotton easy; middling 7; net receipts 61 bales; shipments 117; sales 300; stock 20,370.

Augusta, June 30—Cotton steady; middling 7¼; net receipts 20 bales; shipments 45; sales 45; stock 6,760.

Charleston, June 30—Cotton nominal; middling —; net receipts 8 bales; gross 8; sales none; stock 11,252; exports coastwise 151.

Houston, June 30—Cotton quiet; middling 6⅝; net receipts 45 bales; shipments 16; sales none; stock 4,376.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat Had a Rally Yesterday, Closing Over a Cent Higher.

Chicago, June 30 —Wheat har a rally today which put shorts in a thinking mood and served to revive the hopes of the bulls on that grain. Various matters were referred as being responsible for the turn in the market, and the shorts found it wise to cover their contracts. The end of the month and the approaching holiday led to some cleaning up, which helped along the good work. September wheat opened from 55¼ to 85⅝c, advanced to 57c, closing at 56¾c—1½c higher than yesterday. Cash wheat was firm and 1@1½c per bushel higher.

Corn obeyed the influence of a stronger wheat market, although at the immediate start there seemed to be some hesitation, first quotations being below the final ones of yesterday. September corn opened at 27⅜@27½c, sold between 27⅜ and 27⅞@ 28c, closing at 27⅞c bid—¼c higher than yesterday. Cash corn was firm and ¼c higher.

Oats were benefited by the better feeling in other grains, but further than a slight gain in sympathy there was no evidence of individual improvement. September oats closed ¼c higher than yesterday. Cash oats were firm to a shade higher.

Provisions—A steadier hog market was reflected in provisions today. The trade was ordinary in volume, and of no particular importance in character. The firmness of the grain markets was an auxiliary in steadying factors. September pork closed 2½c lower, September lard 2½@5c higher and September ribs unchanged.

The leading futures ranged as follows in Chicago:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
WHEAT—				
June	54¼	55½	54	55⅛
July	54¼	55½	54	55¼
September	55⅜	57⅛	55¼	56¾
CORN—				
June	26¼	26⅞	26⅛	26¾
July	26¼	26⅞	26⅛	26¾
September	27½	28	27⅜	27⅞
OATS—				
July	15	15¾	15	15¼
September	15⅛	15¾	15¼	15¾
PORK—				
July	7 02½	7 05	6 95	6 95
September	7 17½	7 20	7 10	7 12½
LARD—				
July	3 87½	3 92½	3 87½	3 92½
September	4 02½	4 05	4 00	4 05
SIDES—				
July	3 62½	3 70	3 62½	3 62½
September	3 82½	3 90	3 80	3 80

Lamson Bros. & Co.'s Grain Letter.

Chicago, June 30.—During the past ten days the markets have passed through a period of severe depression, which has checked buying from almost all sources and caused free liquidation by holders. This liquidation, however, seems to have terminated in wheat yesterday, and today there has been more disposition to buy, with very little pressure on the selling side. Crop experts, who have been through the country, are sending in very bad reports, which leads us to believe that the state reports the forepart of next month will be very bullish. This, together with good-sized clearances at the seaboard and a fair export demand, is encouraging to holders, and should naturally, after the severe break, cause a reaction. A number of our large local traders express very bullish views on the ultimate outcome, and were good buyers yesterday and today.

Clearances aggregated over 5000,000 bushels and there was a much stronger feeling in Wall street. On the other hand, the weather was fine all over the country and receipts in the northwest were again liberal—over 700 cars. Bradstreet's made a decrease in the world's visible of 3,750,000 bushels. The market has been nervous and active, closing firm.

Large receipts of coarse grains and bearish reports regarding the growing crops caused a weak opening both in corn and in oats. There was, however, little pressur sure to sell, and the market quickly recovered in sympathy with the advance in wheat. Prices are so low that a little bullish news of a good, strong wheat market would cause nervousness among shorts.

Provisions have been steady, but very inactive. In a speculative way, there was little doing, except changing over.

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, GA., June 30, 1896.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

Atlanta, June 30—Flour, first patent $5.00; second patent, $4.30; straight, $3 50; fancy, $3.35; extra family, $3.10. Corn, white, 42c; mixed, 41c. Oats, white, 33c; mixed, 31c. Rye, Georgia. 75c. Barley, Georgia raised, 85c. Hay, No. 1 timothy, large bales, $1.00; small bales, 95c; No. 2 timothy, small bales, 90c. Meal, plain, 43c; bolted, 41c. Wheat bran, large sacks, 60c, small sacks, 60c. Shorts, 80c. Stock meal, $1.00. Cotton seed meal, 95c. ₱ 100 lbs.; hulls $6.00 ₱ ton. Peas, 50c. ₱ bushel. Grits, $2.50.

New York, June 30—Southern flour weak; good to choice $2.70@3.00; common to fairextra $2.10@2.70. Wheat, spot moderately active and firmer; options advanced 1⅜@1¾c, fell ⅛@⅜c on realizin7, closingfirm 1⅛@1⅜c over yesterday; No. 2 red July 61⅝; August 62⅛; September —. Corn, spot dull but firmer; No. 2 in elevator 33¾; afloat 34¾; options more active; July 33½; August 33¾; September 34¼. Oats, spot quiet and steady; options dull but steady and unchanged to ¼c lower; July 20¼; August 19¾; No. 2 spot 21½; No. 2 white 22; mixed western 22@23.

St. Louis, June 30—Flour weak; patents $3.40@3.50; fancy $2.60@2.70; choice $2.30@2.40. Wheat higher; July 53; August 53⅞; September 54¼. Corn higher; June 24½; July 24⅝; August —; September 25⅞@26. Oats higher; No. 2 June 15; July 15¼; August 15¾.

Cincinnati, June 30—Flour less active; winter patents $3.50@3.80; fancy $3.10@3.30; spring patents $3.60@3.85. Wheat slow and easy; No. 2 red 60. Corn firm; No. 2 mixed 29; No. 2 white 29. Oats firm but steady; No. 2 mixed 17½@18.

Chicago, June 30—Flour dull and easy; No. 2 spring wheat 54@54½; No 3 spring —; No. 2 red 55¼@55½. No. 2 corn 26¼@26⅞; No. 2 oats 15½@15⅝.

Groceries.

Atlanta, June 30.—Roasted coffee, 19.60 ₱ 100 lb cases. Green coffee, choice 19c; fair 17c; prime, 16. Sugar, standard granulated, 5.17c; New Orleans white, 5c; do, yellow, 4¾c. Syrup—New Orleans open kettle 25@40c; mixed 12½@20c; sugar-house 20@35c. Teas Black 30@65c; green 20@50c. Rice, head, 6c; choice 5½c. Salt, dairy, sacks, $1.35; do, bbls $2.25; ice cream 90c; common 70c. Cheese, full cream, 10@11c Matches, 65s 50c; 200s $1.30@$1.75; 300s $2.75 Soda, boxes, 6c. Crackers, soda, 5½c; cream 7c; ginger snaps 7. Candy, common stick, 6¼c; fancy 12½@13½c; Oysters, F. W., $1.75; L. W., $1.25. Powder, rifle, $4.00; shot, $1.30.

New York, June 30—Coffee, options closed quiet 5@10 points up; July 11.70; August —; September 10.70@10.75; December 10.10@10.15; spot Rio dull but steady; No. 7 13@13⅛. Sugar, raw, quiet and steady; fair refining 3 1-16; refined steady; off A 4⅛@4½; standard A 4⅞; cut loaf and crushed 5½; powdered —; granulated 4⅞; cubes 4¼. Molasses, foreign, nominal; New Orleans firm and fairly active; open kettle, good to choice 27@37. Rice in fair demand and firm; domestic, fair to extra, 3@5¾; Japan 4@4¼.

Provisions.

Atlanta, June 30—Clear rib sides, boxed, 4½c; clear sides, 4⅛c; ice-cured bellies, 7c. Sugar-cured hams, 10@12c; California, 7¾; Breakfast bacon, 9@10c, Lard, best quality, 5¼c; second quality, 5c; compound, 4¾c.

St. Louis, June 30—Pork standard mess $7.25. Lard prime steam 3.80. Dry salt meats, shoulders 3.75; long clear 3.75; clear ribs 3.87½; short clear 4.00. Bacon, boxed shoulders 4.25; long clear 4.12½; clear ribs 4.75; short clear 4.37½.

New York, June 30—Pork active and steady; old mess $7.75@7.85. Middles nominal; short clear —. Lard quiet but firmer; western steam 4.22½; city steam 3.75; options, July 4.20.

Chicago, June 30.—Cash quotations were as follows: Mess pork $6.95@7.00. Lard $3.90@3.92½. Short ribs, loose, 3.60@3.70. Dry salt shoulders, boxed, 3.87½@4.12½; short clear sides, boxed, 3.87½@4.00.

Cincinnati, June 30—Pork steady; mess $7.50. Lard steady; steam leaf 4.00; kettle 4.00. Bacon quiet; shoulders 4.50; short ribs 4.25; short clear sides 4.50.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, June 30—Turpentine firm at 23⅜ for regulars; sales 2,000 casks; receipts 2,357. Rosin firm; sales 5,000 bbls; receipts 6,136; A, B, C, D, E $1.50; F $1.55; G $1.60; H $1.65; I $1.70; K $1.75; M $1.75; N $1.85; windowglass $1.95; waterwhite $2.05.

Charleston, June 30—Turpentine firm at 23; sales none, Rosin firm; sales none bbls; A, B, C $1.35; D, E $1.35; F $1.40; G $1.45; H $1.50; I $1.55; K $1.60; M $1.70; N $1.80; windowglass $1.90; waterwhite $2.00.

Wilmington, June 30—Rosin firm; strained $1.32½; good strained $1.37½; spirits turpentine dull; machine 23¾; irregulars 22¾; tar firm at $1.20; crude turpentine quiet; hard $1.30; soft $1.70; virgin $1.80.

Live Stock.

Chicago, June 30—Cattl steady; receipts 3,000; common to extra steers $3.60@4.65; stockers and feeders 2.65@3.85; cows and bulls $1.25@3.25; Texans $1.90@4.10; western rangers —. Hogs steady; receipts 14,000; heavy packing and shipping lots $2.95@3.30; common to choice mixed $3.50@3.35; choice assorted 3.45@3.55; light $3.25@3.50; pigs $2.60@3.25. Sheep strong; receipts 12,000; interior to choice $2.00@4.00; lambs $3.00@6.40.

Country Produce.

Atlanta, June 30 — Eggs, 8@9c. Butter western creamery, 16@18c; fancy Tennessee, 10@12½c; choice, 10c; Georgia, 8@10c. Live poultry—Turkeys, 6@7c ₱ lb; hens, 25@27½c; spring chickens, 10@18c; ducks, 16@18c. Irish potatoes—Buroank, $1.50@1.75 ₱ bbl; 50@55c ₱ bu.; Tennessee, 30@40c ₱ bu. Sweet potatoes, 50@55 ₱ bushel. Honey, strained, 7@8c; in the comb, 9@10c. Onions, 60@75c ₱ bu.; ₱ bbl., $2.00@2.50. Cabbage, 1@1½c.

Fruits and Confectioneries.

Atlanta, June 30—Apples, none on market. Lemons, Messina, $3.00@3.50. Oranges, none. Bananas, straights, $1.25@1.50; culls, 75@$1.00. Figs, 11@11½c. Raisins, new California, $1.10@1.25; ¼ boxes, 50@60c. Currants, 6½@7c. Leghorn citron, 13c. Nuts, almonds, 13c; pecans, 7½@8c. Brazil, 7½@8c; filbers, 11½c; walnuts, 10@11c; mixed nuts, 8@10c. Peanuts, Virginia electric light, 5@6; fancy hand-picked, 3½@5c; North Carolina, 3@4; Georgia, 3@3½c.

CHEAP JUTE BAGGING
(FOR BALING COTTON.]
SUGAR BAG CLOTH, PIECE BAGGING.
Approved by Cotton Exchanges and Exporters. It will profit you to get my prices.
C. E. CAVERLY,
Corner Hunter street and Central R R.,
Atlanta, Ga.

FITTZ ALCOHOL CURE.
Home treatment, quick, inexpensive
CURE GUARANTEED.
No harmful results; no loss of time; cheap. All communications confidential.
J. D. CLARK,
704-5 Temple Court, Atlanta, Ga.
july1 10t

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—Trust Company of Georgia, plaintiff, vs. Robert O. Russell, Will Gault, Robert Ramsey and S. T. Vickery, defendants. No. 3,408 Fulton superior court, fall term, 1896. Petition for injunction and receiver and to collect amount owing on purchase money notes by subjecting the land, together with other appropriate relief.

To the defendant, S. T. Vickery:

In pursuance of an order granted by the judge of said court in the above case, the same being a suit by the plaintiff to recover the balance owing on purchase money notes given by yourself and Robert O. Russell for land in land lot 51 of the 17th district of Fulton county, Georgia, beginning at a point 250 feet westward from the northwest corner of Green and Car Works streets, and running thence westward along Green street 100 feet, and extending back northward, of uniform width, 250 feet to Henry street, being lots 206, 207, 247 and 248 Greenwood, formerly known as Foster property, as shown by plats on file in the office of W. M. Scott & Company; said company having purchased the notes, and holding a deed in escrow to be delivered upon their payment, and for an injunction and receiver to collect the rents pending the final sale of the property, and for appropriate relief, you are hereby commanded to be and appear at the next term of said court, to be held on the first Monday, the 7th day of September, 1896, to answer said petition. Should you fail to do so, the court will proceed as to justice shall appertain.

Witness, the Hon. J. H. Lumpkin, judge of the superior court of said Fulton county, this June 30th, 1896.

G. H. TANNER, Clerk Fulton Superior Court.

KING & ANDERSON, Plaintiffs' Attorneys
july1-15 aug1-15

The Ontario Land Company and Quincy W. Wellington, doing business under the firms name of Q. W. Wellington & Co's bank, plaintiffs, vs. Westwood Park Company, W. M. Scott, W. C. Warner, C. R. Haskins, D. C. John, Mrs. E. W. John, J. F. Lester, Jos. F. Gatins, M. B. McDuffy, Henry Haag, G. S. Toliver, and Geo. G. Lawrence, defendants. No. 3557 Fulton Superior court, Georgia, fall term, 1896.

Petition for injunction and receiver, to collect amounts owing on judgements in favor of the plaintiffs against Westwood Park Company, to condem to the satisfaction thereof certain lands conveyed by it to others of the defendants, to collect unpaid stock subscriptions by some of the defendants to it, and for other appropriate relief.

To the defendants M. B. McDuffy, Henry Haag, G. S. Toliver, and Geo. G. Lawrence:

In pursuance of an order of court passed in the above entitled case on May 22nd, 1896, you, and each of you, are hereby commanded to be and appear at the next term of Fulton Superior court; viz., on the first Monday in September, 1896, to answer the petition filed therein, and to make defense thereto. The names of the parties plaintiff and defendant are set forth above, and the court, term and name and character of the suit are also set forth.

The particular property conveyed to you, or rather to George G. Lawrence for your benefit, which is sought to condemn to the satisfaction of said claims is designated as being certain lots or subdivisions in the plat of ground formerly owned by the Westwood Park Company in land lots 139, 140, and 149 of the 14th destrict of said Fulton County, Georgia, and conveyed to him by said Westwood Park Company on May 29th, 1894, by deed of record in the clerk's officeof Fulton Superior Court, the same being fully described as lots 2, 3, 4 and 5 of section A, lot 1 in section B, and lots 20, 21 and 22 in section E, and lots 1 and 2 in section F, of map A of the Westwood Park property, recorded in deed book U—4 page 223, Clerk's office Fulton superior court, and also lots 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 34, 35, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 151, 152, and 153, in map "B" of said Westwood park, recorded in said deed, book U-4, page 224.

Should you fail to comply with this notice, the court will proceed as to justice shall appertain.

Witness, the Hon. J. H. Lumpkin, judge of said Fulton superior court, this June 30th, 1896.

G. H. TANNER, Clerk Fulton Superior Court.

KING & ANDERSON, Attorneys for Plaintiffs.
july1-15 aug1-15

PETER LYNCH
95 Whitehall and 7 Mitchell Sts.
Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Wines, Liquors, Cigars and Tobaccos, Hardware, Guns, Pistols. Cartridges and Ammunition; Field and Garden Seeds in their seasons. A Perfect Variety Store.
Orders from city and country promptly filled at lowest market price. Terms cash.

MEETINGS.

Stockholders Convention.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of "The Central Bank Block Association" will be held at the secretary's office, 6½ Whitehall street, on Tuesday, 14th of July, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m.

C. Z. BLALOCK, President.
H. F. SCOTT, Secretary. jun28-6t

The annual election of officers of the Atlanta Chamber of Commerce will be held in the office of the chamber from 12 until 5 p. m., July 6, 1896.

The following ticket has been put in nomination:

For president, T. B. Neal.

For first vice president, E. P. Chamberlin.

For second vice president, Rufus B. Bullock.

For third vice president, George W. Sciple.

For treasurer, Paul Romare.

For directors, J. G. Oglesby, R. J. Lowry, J. W. English, S. F. Woodson, L. H. Beck, E. C. Peters.

J. G. OGLESBY,
R. J. LOWRY,
G. W. SCIPLE,
June 24-13t Committee on Nominations.

A Prediction That Proved True

That little Pharmacy—Jacobs' Pharmacy—at the juncture of Peachtree and Decatur streets was a gem. The elegant fixtures and perfect stock were beyond criticism. But the size of the store was wholly inadequate for our enormous business. When we moved into it under the stress of restricted and limited choice, after the disastrous Old Capitol Building fire, everybody said the space was enlirely too short and narrow to accommodate our accustomed crowds of buyers. That prediction has proved true, and we are now compelled to seek large quarters.

Next Saturday, July 4th,

We will be open for business in our new building, 6 and 8 Marietta street. The glaziers, paper-hangers, painters, masons, plumbers, electricians, carpenters, decorators and finishers have been working for weeks remodeling and beautifying the place for our occupancy. Completion is in sight, and next Saturday we will be glad to meet and greet all old and new patrons. The place is ideal for a progressive Pharmacy. Marvelously rapid cash system; floods of bright daylight; wide, spacious aisles; large, commodious display windows; convenient, attractive and immense glass-front fixtures for the exhibition of the stock; oaken counters, naturally grained, and many other material features that will add to the charm of trading at Jacobs'.

Goods and Prices

We will sustain the old system of cutting prices that has made us famous—sustain it on broader and bigger lines than ever before. With the change of location not an iota of the economy that has made "Jacobs" a household word throughout the state will be lost. We shall continue to command and control your favors by cutting prices even closer to the core than in the past.

JACOBS' PHARMACY,
Until Saturday Junction Peachtree and Decatur Streets.
After Saturday Nos. 6 and 8 Marietta Street.

FINANCIAL.

July Investment
We Have for Sale the Following Well-Known Securities.
$10,000 Georgia State 4½ per cent bonds, due 1915.
$4,000 Georgia State 3½ per cent bonds, due 1932.
$20,000 Georgia State 4 per cent bonds, due 1926.
$10,000 Atlanta Consolidated Street Railway first mortgage 5s, due 1921.
$8,000 Atlanta & West Point R. R. debentures.
100 shares Atlanta & West Point R. R. stock.
100 shares Georgia R. R. stock.
50 shares Exposition Cotton Mills.
50 shares Capital City Bank.
We will receive in payment for either of the above maturing Georgia State 7s, and Rome, Ga., 8s, both of which fall due July 1st. W. H. PATTERSON & CO.
9 E. Alabama street.

W.H. PATTERSON & CO
Dealers in
Investment Securities,
No. 9 E. Alabama street.

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Announcements.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of city comptroller for the city of Atlanta, subject to the action of the city executive committee. I will announce my assistants later.
GEORGE H. HOLLIDA

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REMOVED from LaGrange, Ga., last summer, to an elegant suburb of Atlanta, begins its 54th Session, Sept. 9th, 1896.
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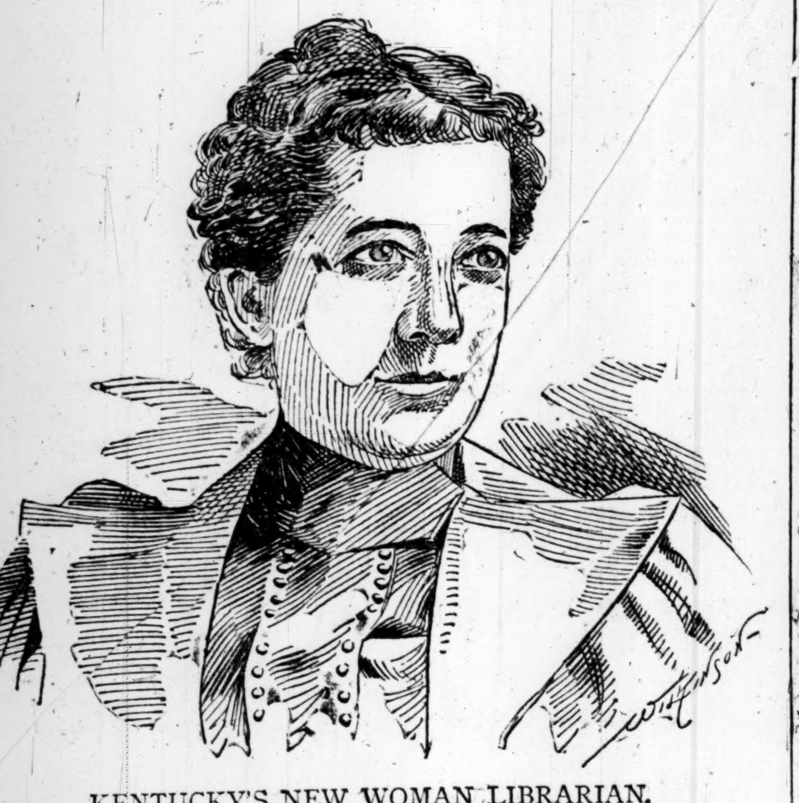
Consult them before placing your orders.

Kentucky's Woman Librarian.

Miss Emma Guy is the recently elected state librarian of Kentucky. She is a native of Simpson county, in this state, having been born near Franklin in 1867. She is the daughter of the Hon. Ashby Guy, who died when Miss Emma was but eight years of age. He had at one time been possessed of much wealth, but the war and the emancipation of the slaves and his long illness and subsequent death compelled his family to ask aid from the Masons, of which fraternity he had been a prominent member. At fourteen years of age she left the home at Louisville and began even there to develop that energy, perseverence



KENTUCKY'S NEW WOMAN LIBRARIAN.

Miss Emma Guy, Who Has Recently Been Elected to that Office, was Educated by the Masonic Fraternity—A Brave Woman.

and patience which have become such important factors in her destiny. For several years she taught, attending school between her terms of teaching, and finally graduated at Howard college, Gallatin, Tenn., with the highest honors of her class. Since that time she has held a first-class certificate in Warren and Allen counties, has been eagerly sought by trustees and patrons of schools and has commanded most excellent salaries. Two years ago she was a candidate for the office she now holds, and, but for the presence of Mrs. Day in the race, would have won without a doubt. Her following at that time was of such a character as to warrant another effort upon her part and if our political affairs in Kentucky had not taken such an unfortunate turn her election would simply have been a wolk-over. As it is, her contest, from its length and the settled determination of the republicans to defeat her, has gained such notoriety that Miss Guy's name became familiar before she herself was fairly launched upon the sea of public life. It was intimated that her election would be contested, and much anxiety was felt by her friends, but Governor Bradley was sufficiently wise to foresee the error of such a step and sufficiently wearied to refrain from adding weight to the burden he already carries. Consequently Miss Guy was inducted into office at the appointed time and has been much complimented upon her ability and judgment. She enjoys the distinction of being the youngest woman librarian in the United States One who has known Miss Guy intimately for several years, both in the social circle and the schoolroom, says her adaptibility is one of the chief charms of her lovely manner. That she will be a success and an ornament to her position, is the prophecy of those who fought so bravely for her. The Masonic fraternity which cared for her in her hour of need have much to be proud of in the child of their adoption, and each year she makes a pilgrimage to that fraternity home of her girlhood, faithful as the Mohammedan to his Mecca to prove her gratitude for their care and kindness.

Persons who have been gently but firmly opposed to bicycling for women have ventured to suggest from time to time that this somewhat violent form of recreation left its unmistakable traces upon the delicate feminine frame. It has been broadly hinted that the harmonious proportions of the most finely formed young woman rapidly succumb to the baleful influences of bicycle riding, and that the results of the unlady-like exercise appear in enlarged waist, and broader and more masculine hands, and feet of a size that is positively disgraceful. Hardly have these charges been met and defended when the watchful foe of the wheelwoman comes out with another that is much more terrifying. It is now claimed that woman bicyclist not only has the "bicycle face," of which we used to hear so much, but she has it in an aggravated form. Her malady is, to be exact, the "bicycle eye."

The worst feature of this malady, say those who have observed its development, is that it is chronic and incurable. This makes the case well worthy of consideration and cannot fail to suggest to overzealous wheelwomen that if they persist in cultivating the stare that seems to be necessary in order to acquire speed and avoid other vehicles, they may actually be menacing the future of the human race. It is easy to see that the falling off in physical beauty will be swift and sure. When all women become converted to the wheel, as they soon will, the clash and confusion of bicycles will be so great that only the cleverest will escape alive. As the most clever in taking care of themselves will be those who have cultivated the biggest stare and consequently the most bulging eyes, the transmission of this undesirable characteristic will be as inevitable as it will be unlovely.

Worse than this, not only every mn but every woman will be the victim of the abnormal facial characteristic. The blushing maiden, who responds to her lover's ardent protestations, cannot look up at him with the shy, confiding gaze of which her grandmother was mistress. She will be obliged to look through him and beyond him, to envelop him, as it were, in a meaningless and unmaidenly stare, for which her unnaturally distended orbs are responsible.

According to a clever New York writer a great deal can be told of a girl's characteristics by the way she dresses her feet and ankles. Judging the bicycle woman is a task, for she is legion, but she has been told she can wear anything she pleases, and her feet come right out prominently as a character token. The generous bicycle girl, the one who would loan you her wheel if your tire punctures, wears low heels and high boots. She has a calf that shapes gradually outward from the ankle in most symmetrical fashion. Woman of generous, forgiving disposition have the most beautiful calves in the world. There is not an uneven spot in them. They slope gradually and curve inward just as delicately.

It has been observed that the best cyclists, the highest-toned ones, preserve a certain unity between boot and stocking. The stocking pattern will run down behind the tongue of the boot to make a pretty design. But this does not come in character beyond the one point of neatness. The trim, tidy girl—the one who will make a perfect housewife—never allows her gaiter tops to sag or her leggings to wrinkle. She keeps them straight by some means of her own just as she will run her own house straight some day. That's an excellent indicator of character, the bicycle girl's leggings. Notice them, notice the girl, get acquainted with her and see if she isn't careless—if you find her leggings falling down from the tops as many do.

Leggings show traits. If buttoned in the shoes, they show vanity and a desire to look well to the point of painfulness. The woman who straps her small ties over the leather bottoms of her leggings is a woman who will be vain, slow in dressing, a little hard to get along with, and very selfish.

Society Personals and Gossip.

Last night, at the residence of the bride's mother, occurred the marriage of Miss Charlotte Manigault Morris and Mr. Welby Cornelius Jordan. Home weddings are always beautiful in their quiet happiness, and that of last night was one of the prettiest of the season. The decorations of white and green, with here and there clusters of June roses arranged in artistic profusion, were perfect. The ceremony was performed in the drawing room in front of an old-fashioned mirror, the framework draped in tulle and smilax, a canopy of tulle, from which was suspended a parasol of the same soft material, with delicate garlands of smilax.

The archway separating the drawing room from the balcony and hall beyond had graceful draperies of tulle veiled in smilax that fell in portiere effect and were caught at the sides with broad white satin ribbons holding clusters of bride roses.

The bride was attended by Misses Lettie Lawrence, of Marietta; Miss Helen Barclay, of Darien; Miss Sallie Carter, Miss Fairleigh Myers and Miss Kathleen Morris, who acted as maid of honor. Mr. Buchanan acted as best man. Rev. Mr. McCormick performed the Episcopal marriage ceremony in a most impressive manner. The bride was given away by her uncle, Mr. Harry Dunwoody, of Brunswick. She wore an exquisitely appropriate gown of white organdie over taffeta silk and daintily trimmed in valenciennes lace ruffles. Her veil was confined to her hair with a superb sunburst of pearls and diamonds, a gift of the groom. Her other ornaments were exquisite old pearls of ancestral value and worn by her great-grandmother on her wedding day.

The bridesmaids wore white organdie gowns with sashes and trimmings of white taffeta ribbon. They carried bouquets of white sweet pea blossoms with streamers of white ribbon.

The presents received were numerous and elegant, among them a chest of elegant silver from an aunt of the bride residing in England.

Mrs. Jordan as Miss Morris was a wo- pos ses many noble traits of character. He reputed to be very wealthy and is a mber of one of the very best families in e state. The maid of honor, Miss Lizzie Franklin, sister of the bride, attended wi h Mr. John Melton, a brother of the gr om, and his best man. The following yo ng men and young ladies were the atte dants: Miss Mamie Beck, with Mr. H. S. Pritchard; Miss Naomi Pipkins, with M George Franklin; Miss Mary Joyner, wi h Dr. C. L. Yoemans; Miss Alice Dismukes, with Mr. Dan Lanier; Miss Edna ton, with Mr. Charles Vinson.

fter the conclusion of the ceremonies at church the bridal party, with a few nds of the family, repaired to the res nce of Captain Franklin, where a re ltion was tendered. After the usual con atulations passed refreshments were rved. The presents were many and some them very costly. They were all quite egant and very appropriate.

Mr. and Mrs. Melton left for Asheville, N. C., where they will sojourn for the summer, returning home by the northern and eastern cities.

***

Miss Pauline Gilmer, one of Montgomery's charming and most popular young ladies, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. George M. Dillar l, 42 Mills street.

***

rofessor Walter P. Thomas, of Elberto who is at the head of one of the best sc ools in Georgia, is on a visit to his br ther, Dr. J. M. Thomas, of this city.

***

rs. Howard McCall and son, of Macon, a spending the summer with her parents, M and Mrs. R. W. Tidwell, at their summ home, Poplar Grove, in DeKalb county.

***

rs Stephen Hook and son left yester- for Fort Smith, Ark., where they will d a month with relatives.

***

Mss Elizabeth Cheney will visit Sewa ee next month.

***

Mss Jennie Hardin is at Warm Springs.

***

Mss Laura Adair has returned from umberland.

***

Mss Louise Todd has returned from berland.

***

Mrs. Fannie Lamar Rankin will enter- in Mr. and Mrs. Eli Shorter at a card rty tonight.

***

Miss Elise Robertson, the guest of Mrs. ompson, has been the recipient of many arming attentions since her arrival in e city.

Next Saturday evening Judge and Mrs. Tompkins will entertain her at dinner at the Piedmont Driving Club.

Yesterday evening she was given a delightful car party to the river. About orty guests were invited. A delicious uncheon was served and the party returned by moonlight.

***

Judge and Mrs. Spencer Atkinson, who e spending the summer in Marietta, ere in the city yesterday.

***

The engagement is announced of Miss ary Hall de Belle and Mr. Robert S. Voodside, the wedding to occur the even- g of June 8th at 8 o'clock at St. Luke's athedral.

***

Miss Lettie Lawrence, of Marietta, is the est of friends in the city.

***

etters received yesterday announced t Mrs. Brown, Miss Brown and Miss y Brown Connally are in Paris and l return to Atlanta in September.

***

Mrs. Miller B. Hutchins and her lovely little girls have returned home from a visit to the family of Judge Hutchins, of Lawrenceville. While there she was the recipient of pleasant attentions and was tendered a delightful afternoon reception by the Misses Hutchins.

***

Mrs. R. P. Beecher and daughter have gone to Providence, R. I.

***

Dalton, Ga. June 29.—(Special.)—Mr. George Sherwood, of the Showalter company, was married yesterday afternoon to Miss Lena Bogle, the handsome daughter of Judge Joseph Bogle, by Rev. J. C. Parrott.

Today at 11 a. m. Mr. Hart, of the Southern railway freight office, Chattanooga, married Miss Nettie Farnsworth, the accomplished daughter of Judge Anderson Farnsworth. They left on the noon train for Lookout mountain, and will make their home in Chattanooga. Rev. B. F. Fraser performed the ceremony.

Mrs. W. C. Glenn and daughter, also Mrs. Dr. Armstrong, will arrive from Atlanta next week to spend the summer with the family of Colonel and Mrs. J. A. Glenn.

***

At Lithia Springs.

Among the new arrivals at the Sweetwater Park hotel are Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Enslow, St. Augustine, Fla.; Mr. J. J. Willet, Anniston, Ala.; Mr. William J. Harris, Cedartown, Ga.; Mr. John Ashley Jones, Atlanta; Mr. George Adair, Atlanta; R. W. Thrasher, Shorters, Ala.; Miss Marian Hulsey, Atlanta; Mrs. C. P. Hendree, Mr. G. L. Johnson, O. H. Stein, of Atlanta; Mr. Hugh L. Craighead, Nashville, Tenn.; Mr. J. H. Mecaslin and family, of Atlanta. The season has well opened and with the pleasant weather it goes to make this a popular resort. Quite a number of distinguished people from all over the south are booked for this place, and this season bids fair to be the successful one for years.

The management has secured an orchestra, which will be here this week and will give concerts daily and there will be dancing every evening.

***

Columbus, Ga., June 30.—(Special.)—Yesterday afternoon the marriage of Dr. Lee Barnum, of Richland, Ga., and Miss Alice Burch, of this city, occurred at the Rose Hill Methodist church in the presence of a large congregation of friends. The church had been artistically decorated for the occasion and presented a very beautiful appearance. The ceremony was performed in an impressive manner by Rev. E. J. Burch, the father of the young lady. Dr. Barnum is a prominent and rising young man of Richland and the charming lady whom he has won for his bride is highly esteemed.

Wednesday evening Miss Elberta Peacock will entertain at her home in Wynnton complimentary to her guests, Miss Lena Bardeman, of Macon, and Miss Carrie Cobb, of Tuskegee, Ala., two charming young ladies. The affair will be a delightful one.

Last evening the Mandolin Club gave a delightful serenade to the members of the house party at the Shepherd home on East Highlands, which was very greatly enjoyed.

Thursday the Rose Hill Literary Club holds a meeting at the home of Judge and Mrs. A. W. Cozart. A delightful evening is anticipated, as a very enjoyable programme has been arranged for the occasion.

Mr. Walter T. Colquitt, a son of the late ex-Senator Colquitt, who is a rising young attorney of Atlanta, is the guest of Mr. Means Brannon.

Miss Woods, a young lady who attracted many admirers in Columbus, left yesterday for Lynchburg, Va. While here she was the guest of Miss Bennie Fontaine.

Lieutenant Henson Estes, of Fort Leavenworth, Kas., and his sister, Miss Edith Estes, of Talbotton, Ga., spent Sunday in the city, the guests of Columbus relatives. Lieutenant Estes is a Georgia boy who has taken a high stand in the United States army and his sister is one of Talbotton's fairest daughters.

Captain William Redd, Mrs. T. M. Oliver and Mrs. O. P. Poe were among the Columbusites who left yesterday to attend the confederate reunion at Richmond, Va.

Mr. Fred J. Robinson, a popular young Atlanta gentleman, was among his Columbus friends Sunday.

***

Married at Tennille.

The most important society event that has ever occurred in this town was the marriage of Miss Sallie Franklin, of this city, to Mr. Charles Melton, of Baxley, Ga. The ceremony was performed at the First Baptist church by the venerable pastor of that church, the Rev. Dr. T. J. Beck. The happy occurrence is one long to be remembered by the many friends that witnessed it. The church was beautifully decorated with many flowers and evergreens, and around the altar much art was displayed by the manner in which the many plants were arranged. The ceremony was very impressive indeed. The lovely bride was gowned in white satin entraine, vailed with orange blossoms and lilies of the valley in lovely contrast. The bride is the eldest daughter of Captain D. Franklin, one of the most prominent and wealthy citizens of Washington county. She is a young woman of rare beauty, very intelligent and has a lovely disposition, in fact possessed of every virtue that constitutes the perfect woman. The groom, Mr. Melton, is one of the coming young men of the state. He is quite handsome, with a bright mind and man of charming personality and many accomplishments. She is a representation of one of the oldest and most aristocratic southern families and numbers among her ancestors distinguished heroes of revolutionary times.

Mr. Jordan is a man universally popular in a large circle of friends. He is prominently associated in the insurance business and will make his home in Atlanta.

During the wedding and at the reception the artistic instrumental music of Mr. Marion Dunwoody added greatly to the pleasure of the occasion.

***

Society at St. Simon's.

St. Simon's Island, Ga., June 30.—(Special.)—The delightfully cool, breezy, beautiful moonlight nights are being taken advantage of at this famous resort. The sporting element among the gentlemen has been amusing itself with the antics and gamboling of a giant turtle which they captured last night by putting it into the fountain in front of the hotel. It is to be liberated tomorrow.

Miss Rosa Coats, of Brunswick, at the request of numerous guests, gave an exhibition in the parlor last night. Miss Coats is an exceptionally graceful dancer; she has the gift of beauty in form and feature and dances with the assurance of a premiere danseuse conscious of her powers, modest and obliging; her costumes are elegant and appropriate and her performance was a delight to everybody.

A party of Atlanta and Chattanooga fishermen secured a very large number of fine fish, trout, croakers and whiting, and returned elated over their success. Startling fish stories are now on tap.

The regulation sea serpent engaged by Manager Timberlake is reported off the bar, just returned from a filibustering expedition from Cuba.

Among the latest arrivals from Atlanta are the Misses Emma and Ella Strickland, Leila Rogers, Sarah Weekley, Mabel Beaupree, L. Beggs, Mrs. R. C. Wilson, Mrs. C. W. Knight, Captain and Mrs. J. W. Strickland, Mr. and Mrs. Earle Price, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Cole, Messrs. J. C. Haskell, J. H. Hardwick, G. W. Lock, W. B. Beaupree, A. Richardson, F. A. Irwin, W. C. Bunn, of Cedartown; Mr and Mrs. C. W. Melton, of Baxley; R. L. Moss, Jr., of Athens; J. L. Kirkland, fo Kirkland; C. F. Adams, M. Adams, W. Rutherford, of Savannah; T. M. Hunter, of Darien; A. Williams and B. L. Geiger, of Waycross, and many others.

A party of fifty-five Montgomerians will arrive tomorrow morning for an extended stay.

Bicycle parties to Fredericka are getting to be the fashion; it is reported that watermelons and other luscious delicacies are the wayside temptations to the fort.

Has Borne Fruit.

From The Athens Banner.

It does seem as if that "Griffin silver convention" has borne fruit. The goldbug organs had a great deal of fun over the "flatness of the silver meeting," but the ferment was in there all the same as was proven by the effervescence on June 6th.

A Child Enjoys

The pleasant flavor, gentle action and soothing effect of Syrup of Figs, when in need of a laxative, and if the father or mother be costive or billous, the most gratifiyng results follow its use; so that it is the best family remedy known and every family should have a bottle.

Baseball and Tennis.

Balls, bats, mits, masks, home plates, tennis rackets, nets and balls, all at greatly reduced prices to close out at

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Hammocks and Croquet Sets.

Hammocks for 50, 75, $1, $1.50 $2 and $3. Good 8-ball croquet sets for $1.25 and $1.50, to close out at

JOHN M. MILLER'S,
39 Mariettastreet, Atlanta, Ga. july1-tf

Democratic Convention at Chicago.

The Georgia delegation has selected the Western and Atlantic railroad and the Evansville route to Chicago.

They and their friends will leave Atlanta 8:05 o'clock Sunday morning, July 5th, and will arrive Chicago 9:55 Monday morning. Pullman Palace Buffet Sleeping cars will be furnished from Atlanta to Chicago through without change.

Rate has been named from all points in the state of Georgia of one fare for the round trip. The rate from Atlanta to Chicago and return will be $21.40 and the sleeping car fare Atlanta to Chicago for one double berth will be $4.50.

These rates are, of course, open for all who desire to visit Chicago at this time and do not apply exclusively to delegates to the convention.

Tickets will be on sale July 3d, 4th and 5th, good returning until July 12th.

Hotel accommodations for the Georgia delegation have been secured at the Hotel Leland, on Michigan avenue, fronting the lake, and if you desire to go to Chicago at the same time with the Georgia delegation you can do so by advising me and I will reserve sleeping car accommodations for you.

The Western and Atlantic train leaving Atlanta at 8:05 a. m. arrives Chicago next morning 9:55 o'clock.

Through sleeping car accommodations can be secured from J. A. Thomas, city ticket agent, No. 8 Kimball house; C. B. Walker, ticket agent, union depot, Atlanta.

Call on or write to C. E. HARMAN,
General Passenger Agent, Atlanta, Ga.

Low Rates to Cumberland and St. Simon's.

The Central of Georgia railway is now selling excursion tickets to these delightful seashore resorts at the following low rates: Tickets sold daily, limited for return until October 31st, Cumberland, $13.15; St. Simon's, $11.65. Tickets sold Saturdays, Limited for return for train leaving Brunswick Monday night following date of sale, Cumberland, $6.50; St. Simon's, $6. Pullman sleeper, Atlanta to Brunswick through without change. Ticket office 16 Wall street and union depot.

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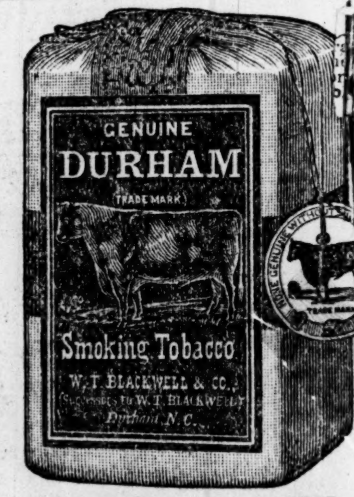

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Just Finished Invoicing.

We have about 500 pairs of Odd Suit Pants, of which the coats and vests have been sold. The lot consists of fine all wool black and blue clays and serges; also some very pretty mixed colorings; not a pair in the lot is worth less than $3.50; most of them are cheap at $4.00 and $4.50,

$2 50 TAKES CHOICE OF THE LOT.

Odd Suits go at same proportion. You won't have another chance like this soon.

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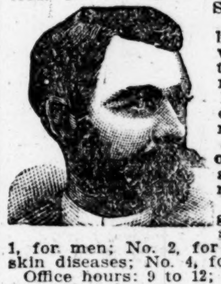
Fraud and Dishonesty.

Success or failure: these are the words that tell the fate of all industries and enterprises. Capability, honesty and integrity are three elements of success, while failure follows dishonesty and unfairness. The medical profession furnishes many examples of this truth. Dr. Hathaway & Co. have scored a remarkable success while others have failed. Their success is due to the fact that their treatment is the best, that they have dealt fairly with the public, and are true, genuine specialists. They recognize the fact that diseases of the human family should be treated only by scientific methods and expert physicians. They are fitted by education and experience for their profession, and have kept pace with the rapid advancement made in medical science. They succeed where others fail, and have cured thousands of cases of specific blood poisoning, nervous debility, stricture, varicocele, pimples, piles, kidney and bladder difficulties, eczema, catarrh and diseases of women by new and improved methods, which are the result of their own energy and thought. They give consultation free, and their charges for treatment are within the reach of all.

YOUNG AND MIDDLE-AGED MEN who are suffering from the effects of past or present indiscretions, youthful follies, which break down the entire system and make life a burden to yourself and friends should not neglect to get cured by our method, which is safe and sure. Remember, it is a permanent cure, also.

STRICTURE. A new method. No cutting. The only rational method to effect a complete cure.

PILES. Great discovery. A cure guaranteed. No cutting or ligature.



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Mail treatment given by sending for symptom blank No. 1, for men; No. 2, for women; No. 3, for skin diseases; No. 4, for catarrh.

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TEBEAU DEALT WITH

The National League Board Assesses Him $200.

RUSIE'S CASE DISPOSED OF

Atlanta Lost the Second Game of the Series to Columbus Yesterday. Other Sporting News.

The board of directors of the National League are after Oliver Tebeau with an energy the Cleveland manager wont relish.

Tebeau, according to a decision of the directors of the league, and their decisions generally go, must pay a fine of $200 within ten days or quit playing ball professionally.

That the decision of the board will be applauded by all genuine lovers of the game there is not the slightest doubt. Even many will think that Tebeau gets off light by being allowed to pay $200 as the purchase price of his rowdyism a few days ago in Louisville.

While disposing of the Tebeau case the board also settled with Amos Rusie, the big Hoosier who won't pitch ball for New York, with whom he is under contract.

The board met day before yesterday in Pittsburg and during the meeting the disgraceful conduct of Tebeau at Louisville, when he cursed and then assaulted Umpire Weidman, was brought up. Mr. Von der Horst, of Baltimore, and Mr. Stucky, of Louisville, were the only members of the board who were not present. President Kerr, of Pittsburg; President Soden, of Boston; President Hart, of Chicago, and President Wagner were in attendance. The facts laid before the board satisfied the members that Tebeau's conduct at Louisville demanded discipline of the serverest kind and the fine indicated was imposed and Tebeau was informed that he must pay it within ten days or be barred from playing on any league grounds.

The board also decided that the fine of $100 imposed on Pitcher Amos Rusie last year at Baltimore for alleged drunkenness by President Freedman, of the New York club, was just and proper.

SLOW AND UNINTERESTING.

Atlanta Loses the Second Game of the Columbus Series.

Columbus, Ga., June 30.—After a slow and uninteresting contest lasting about two hours, Columbus took the game today from Atlanta. Hall, who has been losing game after game for the past two weeks, was placed on third this afternoon, and O'Connell played at shortstop. The game was a featureless one and the crowd seemed glad when it was over. Phelan was considerably off in some of his decisions, but the locals fared much the better in that respect. The following tells the story:

Columbus—	ab.	r.	bh.	po.	a.	e.
Pedrose, lf	6	1	2	5	0	0
Hess, rf	6	2	2	1	0	0
O'Connell, ss	5	2	2	3	6	1
Carroll, 2b	5	2	2	3	3	0
McFadden, 1b	5	1	1	11	0	0
King, c	5	1	3	0	1	0
Wright, cf	4	1	2	1	1	0
Hall, 3b	5	1	1	3	1	0
Lamont, p	4	1	2	0	2	0
Totals	45	12	17	27	14	1

Atlanta—	ab.	r.	bh.	po.	a.	e.
VanDyke, cf	5	2	2	2	1	0
Gifford, ss	4	1	1	3	5	1
Knowles, 1b	5	1	3	9	0	1
Woods, lf	3	0	1	5	0	0
Callahan, p	4	0	1	0	5	0
Fields, c	3	0	2	3	1	0
Shea, 2b	4	0	2	1	2	1
Norton, rf	4	0	0	1	0	0
McDade, 3b	4	1	2	3	0	2
Totals	36	5	14	27	14	5

Score by innings:
Columbus ....0 1 5 2 0 0 0 0 4—12
Atlanta ....0 0 3 0 0 0 2 0 0— 5

Summary: Earned runs, Columbus 8, Atlanta 3. Two-base hits, Pedrose, Hess, King 2, VanDyke, Shea, McDade. Three-base hit, O'Connell. Sacrifice hits, Lamont, Gifford. Stolen bases, Carroll 2, VanDyke, Gifford, Knowles, Shea. Double plays, O'Connell to Carroll, McFadden unassisted, Shea to Gifford to Knowles. Bases on balls, off Lamont 5, off Callahan 1. Struck out, by Callahan 3. Time of game, one hour and fifty minutes. Umpire, Phelan.

Mobile 10, Birmingham 6.

Birmingham, June 30.—Inability to hit Davis at timely points when the bases were full and clumsy errors by Trainor lost the game for Birmingham today. Birmingham played eleven men in the game. Katz was forced to retire in the third inning on account of illness, and Adams in the seventh, trying to stop Hines's hot liner, had his thumb on the left hand almost torn away. Fricken was called in from left where he had gone to relieve Katz and finished the game. Davis fielded his position well—ten chances without an error. Jones, Birmingham's new catcher, was given a trial and did fairly well. Score:

Birmingham—	ab.	r.	bh.	po.	a.	e
Trainor, 2b	5	1	0	3	5	3
Fuller, rf	5	0	2	1	0	0
Katz, lf	0	0	0	0	0	0
Fricken, lf. and p	2	0	0	1	0	1
an, 1b	5	1	3	12	0	0
r, 3b	2	2	0	2	3	0
cher, ss	3	1	0	1	1	1
rton, cf	5	0	3	0	1	0
es, c	3	0	2	4	2	0
ms, p	2	1	0	0	1	0
herland, lf	1	0	1	0	0	0
otals	39	6	11	24	13	5

obile—	ab.	r.	bh.	po.	a.	e.
bs, cf	5	0	2	0	0	0
ard, rf	5	2	1	1	0	0
er, ss	3	1	1	3	3	1
es, 1b	4	2	3	10	3	0
ynter, 2b	3	1	1	3	3	1
vis, p	5	2	1	4	6	0
iseman, lf	4	1	2	4	0	0
Buschman, 3b	4	1	1	1	0	0
Lohbeck, c	4	0	2	2	1	1
Totals	37	10	14	27	16	3

Score by innings:
irmingham.. .. ..0 1 0 2 1 1 1 0 0— 6
obile.. .. ..1 0 0 4 0 0 5 0 *—10

ummary: Earned runs, Mobile 5; three se hits, Doobs, Wiseman; two bas hite obbs, Hines, Paynter; secrifice hits, cher 2, Fricken, Adams, Fisher, Payn- oduble play, Godar to Trainor to n; struck out, by Adams 4, by Davis 1; on balls, off Adams 1, off Fricken 1, vis 5; bases on hallsq½0½½ a.... .. off Davis 5; hit by pitcher, Adams 1, Davis 3; wild pitch, Adams 1; passed ball, Jones 1; time of game, two hnd twenty minutes; umpire, McFarland.

The Leaders Lose.

Montgomery, Ala., June 30.—Montgomery took the second game from New Orleans by superior work at the bat. The visitors put up a little the best fielding game, but they could not put in hits when they were needed. Both teams put up an elegant fielding game and errors were mostly on hard chances. Smith was hit freely, but sharp fielding kept the score down. The feature of the game was a double play from third to first and back to third again. The game was a splendid exhibition of fine ball playing on both sides. In the fifth Powell was forced at second and caught Peeples's arm to prevent a double, but the umpire called Huston out all the same. Score:

Montgomery—	ab.	r.	bh.	po.	a.	e.
Meara, lf	5	0	0	1	1	2
Mangan, 2b	4	0	0	4	5	0
Deady, cf	5	1	3	1	0	0
Pabst, 1b	5	2	2	10	1	0
Gorman, 3b	5	2	3	1	2	1
Kehoe, rf	5	2	3	0	0	0
Wiley, c	4	1	2	4	1	1
Peeples, ss	4	1	2	5	2	0
Sheehan, p	4	0	1	0	1	0
Totals	41	9	16	*26	13	4

*Huston out for Powell's intereference.

New Orleans—	ab.	r.	bh.	po.	a.	e.
Houseman, cf	4	1	1	1	0	0
Powell, lf	4	3	1	7	0	0
Huston, ss	5	2	2	1	1	0
Knox, 2b	4	1	1	3	4	0
Bowman, 1b	5	0	3	7	0	0
York, rf	3	0	1	1	1	0
Dowie, 3b	4	0	0	1	2	0
Gonding, c	4	0	1	6	1	0
Smith, p	4	0	1	0	0	0
Totals	37	7	11	27	9	0

Score by innings:
Montgomery.. .. ..0 3 1 0 2 0 0 0 3—9
New Orleans.. .. ..2 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 3—7

Summary: Earned runs, Montgomery 7, New Orleans 2; two base hits, Wiley 2; Peebles, Sheehan, York; three base hits, Deady, Kehoe 2, Knox, Bowman; home run, Pabst; bases stolen, Pabst, Bowman 2, Houseman, Knox; double plays Mangan to Pabst, Gorman to Pabst to Peeples; bases on balls, off Sheehan 4; hit by pitcher, by Smith 1; struck out, by Sheehan 1, Smith 4; wild pitch, Smith; time of game two hours and five minutes; umpire, Jevne.

The Dry Goods Clerks.

The third game of baseball between the High and Chamberlin nines took place on the grounds of Ft. McPherson Saturday afternoon and resulted in another victory for the High boys, by a score of 18 to 14. Several hundred people were on the grounds to "pull" for their favorites and were well paid for their trip by the close and exciting game put up by both teams. In the first part of the game things looked blue for the High boys, but after the second and third innings they were too much for their opponents.

McClure, for the Chamberlins, proved that his arm is good for only three or four innings, while Wilkie, for Highs, pitched a beautiful game, striking out ten men in six innings and giving only one base on balls. The features of the game were the work of Campbell, the Mobley brothers and Wilkie, all of them doing good work both at the bat and in the field. Baldwin, of Chamberlin's team, is one of the best all round players outside of the professional field. Both clubs want to take this means of expressing their appreciation for the many acts of kindness shown them by Lieutenants Partello and O'Bryan.

A game will probably be played between the hardware and dry goods men next Saturday afternoon at Grant park.

NATIONAL LEAGUE GAMES.

Cleveland 17, Chicago 5.

Chicago, June 30.—The Colts had the Spiders beaten up to the seventh inning through Terry's clever pitching and some good hitting. Then a succession of misjudged flies by Decker, coupled with long drives by the Clevelands, piled up seven runs. After that Terry was pounded all over the field. Keefe's umpiring gave great dissatisfaction. Score: R. H. E.

Chicago.. ....1 0 0 0 0 3 1 0 0— 5 12 4
Cleveland.. .. .. ..1 0 0 0 1 0 7 3 5—17 20 3

Batteries—Terry and Donohue; Cuppy and O'Connor.

Baltimore 5, New York 4.

Baltimore, Md., June 30.—Both pitchers were effective in the main today, but Hemming had slightly the better of the argument. The game abounded in startling fielding, liberally interspersed with plays of a deep saffron hue, the teams sharing each. In the ninth New York scored two runs on an error and Farrell's hit to the open stand. Another error gave them a life and Wilson got around to third, but the fastest kind of fielding prevented them from tieing the score. Attendance 3,598. Score: R. H. E

Baltimore.. .. .. ..1 1 1 0 0 0 0 2 *—5 10 5
New York.. .. ..2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—4 7 7

Batteries—Hemming and Robinson; Clark and Wilson.

Pittsburg 5, St. Louis 2.

St. Louis, Mo., June 30.—Killen's effectiveness at critical times won the game for Pittsburg today. Breitenstein was at his best, but his support was ragged. Attendance 500. Score: R. H. E

St. Louis.. .. .. ..0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—2 8 3
Pittsburg.. .. .. ..0 0 0 1 0 3 0 1 0—5 6 0

Batteries—Breitenstein and Murphy; Killen and Sugden.

Boston 8, Washington 3.

Washington, June 30.—Seven thousand spectators witnessed the defeat of the home team today in a dull and uninteresting game. The sole redeeming feature of the Washingtons' play was the work of Demontreville. Joyce fielded in a dazed sort of way. The Bostons fielded well until they had the game won. Score: R. H. E

Washington... ... ..0 0 0 0 0 0 2 1 0—3 9 2
Boston.. .. ..0 2 2 1 2 1 0 0 *—8 12 7

Batteries—Mercer and McGuire; O'Sullivan and Tenney.

Brooklyn 5, Philadelphia 4.

Brooklyn, N. Y., June 30.—After an uphill fight today the Brooklyns won. Taylor and Daub collided in the second inning and Daub retired in favor of Stein at the close of the inning. The latter was only found for three hits in the last seven innings. Attendance 2,500. Score: R. H. E

Philadelphia.. .. .. ..3 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—4 6 4
Brooklyn.. .. ..0 2 1 0 0 0 1 0 1—5 9 3

Batteries—Taylor and Clements; Stein, Daub and Burrill.

Cincinnati 9, Louisville 2.

Louisville, Ky., June 30.—The Reds had another walk-over today due to poor fielding and miserable playing in the whole. Pitcher Tom Smith has been released by Louisville. Attendance 1,100. Score: R. H. E

Cincinnati.. .. .. ..3 0 0 2 0 3 0 0 1—9 14 3
Louisville.. .. .. ..0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1—2 7 5

Batteries—Ehret and Peitz; Hill and Warner.

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FINE SPORT AT SHEEPSHEAD.

The Spring Stakes and the Tidal Stakes Were the Events.

Sheepshead Bay, June 30.—The excellent programme presented today brought out a large crowd and some of the best sport of the season was witnessed. The two big events on the card were the races for the Spring stakes for two-year-olds and the Tidal stakes for three-year-olds. The former event was won by Scottish Chieftain, the favorite; Tripping second and Arbuckle third, while the race for the Tidal stakes was a mere procession, Margrave winning by a neck from Hastings, with Formal third. Track fair.

First race, seven furlongs—Peep o' Day, 96, O'Leary, 10 to 1, won; Lehman second, Belmar third. Time, 1:27 2-5.

Second race, mile—Roundsman, 112, Simms, 10 to 4, won; The Native second, Find Out third. Time, 1:43 2-5.

Third race, the Spring stakes, $2,000, for two-year-olds, futurity course—Scottish Chieftain, 113, Taral, 65 to 100, won; Tripping second, Arbuckle third. Time, 1:13 2-5.

Fourth race, the Tidal stakes, mile—Margrave, 122, Griffin, 10 to 25, won; Hastings second, Formal third. Time, 1:43.

Fifth race, four and a half furlongs—Collateral, 115, Taral, 7 to 1, won; Miss Prim second, Distinction third. Time, 57 2-3.

Today's Entries at Sheepshead Bay.

First race, five-eighths of a mile. Hazlet, 119; Tremargo, 109; Woodvine, 108; Amanda V, 108; Forum, 104; Peep-o-Day, 104; Mussulman, 103; June, 103; Religeon, 97; Miss Lynch, 93; Lady Greenway, 90; Medica, 87; Surrogate, 85.

Second race, three-fourth of a mile. Sul Sun, 120; Royal Rose, 122; Burlesque, 118; Dye, 115; Azure, 113; Meadow Thorpe, 113; Gew Gaw, 113; St. Cloud, 108; Slowpoke, 103; Brain Lad, 103; Panmore, 103; Shillalla, 103.

Third race, one mile. Hornpipe, 114; Song and Dance, 110; Patrician, 110; Sir Dixon, Jr., 107; Sir Francis, 106; Ed Kearney, 105; Captain T, 102; Paladin, 102; Irish Reel, 102; Mrs. Stuart, 97; Amanda V, 94; Brick, 94; eJfferson, 89.

Fourth race, five-eighths of a mile, the Surf. Rodermond, 108; Harpsichord, 107; Lithos, 104; Tragedian, 104; Remp, 103; Mistrial II, 96; Hiddenite, 88; Break-o-Day, 88.

Fifth race, one mile. Izmir, 112; Sir Arlington, 112; Bellport, 112; Beaumont, 109; The Druid, 109; Springwater II, 109; Arthur Freeland, 109; Sir Roderick, 109; Brilliancy, 107; Graciosa, 107; Eliza Belle, 107; Harpsichord, 107; Trillette, 107.

Sixth race, one and one-eighth miles. High weight handicap. Marshall, 135; Doggett, 130; Landsdale, 129; Captain T, 122; The Native, 119.

Only Five Races at Latonia.

Latonia, Ky., June 30.—There were but five races today, as the sixth did not fill. Moylan, in the second, at odds on, gave the talent a hard rap, Aimes Goodwin winning handily. Track fast.

First race, seven furlongs—Martin, 100, J. Jones, 3 to 2, won; Kennie Thatcher second, King Elmwood third. Time, 1:30½.

Second race, mile and twenty yards—Aimee Goodwin, 90, Scherrer, 8 to 1, won; Moylan second, Anna Lyle third. Time, 1:43.

Third race, mile—First Mate, 109, Thorpe, 1 to 3, won; His Brother second, Cuticlene third. Time, 1:43.

Fourth race, seven furlongs—Byron McClelland, 105, Thorpe, 1 to 2, won; St. Helena second, Mesh third. Time, 1:29½.

Fifth race, five furlongs, Dr. Catlett, 107, Thorpe, 5 to 2, won; Irby B second, John McElroy third. Time, 1:03.

Entries at Latonia.

First race, three-fourths of a mile. Whiteside, 107; Crumbaugh, 104; Glad, 104; Volley Fuse, 101; Prairie, 101; Elsket, 99; Isabele, 99.

Second race, one mile. Egbert, 117; Hoffman, 102; Governor Boies, 99; Brace Girdle, 97; Bloomer, 97; Lucile H, 97; Countess Irma, 97.

Third race, five-eighths of a mile. Fucarol, 106; Ben Brown, 106; Tillo, 102; Czarowich, 102; Assassin, 100; Covington, Ky., 100; Cedlam, 99; Winner, 99; Oak Leaf, 99.

Fourth race, one mile and seventy yards. Black Silk, 110; Birmingham, 107; Aimrod, 105; James Monroe, 105; Seabrooke, 100; Station T, 97; Kingstone, 94; Presidio, 94; Joe Clark, 91.

Fifth race, nine-sixteenths of a mile. Carlotta C, 107; Oversight, 107; Earth, 107; Henrica, 107; Sussie Duffy, 107; Jarto, 107; Gem III, 107; Sunday Garter, 107; Rose Tree, 107; Ilia, 107; Taluga, 107; Altanera, 107; Pouting, 107; Queen of Liars, 107; Cascade, 107; Labonne, 107; Sister Elaine, 107; Carrie F, 102; Springday, 102; High Society, 102; Amalee, 102; Gertrude W, 102; Frankford Girl, 102.

Sixth race, three-fourths of a mile. St. Pat, 106; Carrie Lyle, 105; The Princess, 105; Susie B, 105; Lester, 103; Partisan, 101; Whyota, 99; Lucy Lee, 99; Doorga, 99.

The Feature at Sheffield.

Chicago, June 30.—The feature on the card at Sheffield today was the mile and an eighth handicap, which was won by Redskin, at odds of 4 to 1. The talent broke even with the books, as the races split even between the favorites and outsiders.

First race, six furlongs—Caufield, 92, Davis, 4 to 1, won; Pinchback second, Hartford Boy third. Time, 1:14¾.

Second race, five furlongs—Provident, 102, Caywood, even, won; Lillian Wilkes second, Siegfried third. Time, 1:02¼.

Third race, six furlongs—Repeater, 101, Clay, 5 to 1, won; Little Sadie second, Gold Brick third. Time, 1:15.

Fourth race, mile and an eighth—Redskin, 116, L. Soden, 4 to 1, won; Assignee second, Ida Pickwick third. Time, 1:53½.

Fifth race, nine-sixteenths—Zamar II, 98, Garner, 7 to 10, won; Yours Truly second, Lady Fairland third. Time, 54¾.

Sixth race, six furlongs—Ardath, 93, Clay, 7 to 2, won; Barguard second, Jennie June third. Time, 1:14¼.

Favorites Won Two.

St. Louis, Mo., June 30.—The favorites took two races today, second choices, two outsiders. Ferris Hartman won the heat race in track record time. Track fast. Attendance 3,000.

First race, mile—The Bachelor, 89, Reilly, 2 to 1, won; Bertha second, Immilda third. Time, 1:42¾.

Second race, five furlongs—Buckvidere, 115, Schorr, 4 to 1, won; Omah Wood second, Lillie Beatrice third. Time, 1:02.

Third race, five and a half furlongs, heats—Ferris Hartman, 88, C. Slaughter, 2 to 1, won; Time-Like second, Bridget third. Time, 1:09. Second heat—Ferris Hartman, 88, C. Slaughter, 2 to 1, won; Bridget second, Time-Like third. Time, 1:09½.

Fourth race, six furlongs—Salvable, 110, Martin, 3 to 5, won; Harry McCouch second, Braw Scott third. Time, 1:15.

Fifth race, mile and twenty yards—Madeline, 97, C. Slaughter, 7 to 2, won; Figaro second, Argentina third. Time, 1:43½.

Sixth race, six furlongs—Johnny McHale, 100, E. Cochran, 15 to 1, won; Dorah Wood second, Linda third. Time, 1:13½.

A Day for Favorites.

Milwaukee, Wis., June 30.—This was another day for the favorites and the bookmakers did a big business. In the third race Pathamax was played heavily at 9 to 5, but finished sixth.

First race, six furlongs—Palomacita, 96, Jones, 9 to 10, won; Meddler second, Excuse third. Time, 1:14.

Second race, five furlongs—Red Ant, 101, Williams, 6 to 1, won; Eton Jacket second, Elera third. Time, 1:02½.

Third race, five furlongs—Senator Quay, 108, Morgan, 6 to 1, won; Fervor second, Eidolin third. Time, 1:01¾.

Fourth race, six furlongs—The Deuce, 104, Morgan, 4 to 5, won; Campania second, Minnie W third. Time, 1:34½.

Fifth race, seven furlongs—Pinkey Potter, 97, E. Jones, even, won; Buckwa second, Double Quick third. Time, 1:27½.

The Day at Newmarket.

London, June 30.—The Newmarket first July meeting was opened today. The visitors' plate, handicap, of 150 sovereigns for three-year-olds and upward, six furlongs, was won by E. Wishard's (Amn.) v. m. Helen Nichols by Iroquois, out of Orphan Girl, six-year-old; Mr. Jersey's (Mrs. Langtry's) b. m. Porte Bonheur, six years old, second and Mr. T. Hoodless's Crawley, five years old, third. The maiden two-year-old plate of 103 sovereigns, five furlongs, was won by E. Washard's b. m. Somatose; St. Agnes second, Golden Hawk third.

The Hare park handicap of 300 sovereigns for three-year-olds and upward, winning penalties, Bunbury mile (one mile) was won by Wallace Johnstone's Weymouth, aged; Mr. George Lamton's Red Hat, four years old, second and Mr. E. Wishard's (Amn.) Wishard, three years old, third.

Mr. Pierre Lorillard's (Amn.) Anisette II, four years old, ran unplaced.

Miss Laura Loftin.

Elberton, Ga., June 30.—(Special.)—Miss Laura Lofton, of this city, died at the residence of her sister, Mrs. J. M. Brewer, yesterday after a long illness.

Her remains were laid to rest in the city cemetery this afternoon. She was a sister of Colonel W. A. Lofton, late of Macon.

WILL TALK ON TAKING A CENSUS

Finance Committee Will Act on This Important Matter Today.

THE REPORT MAY BE ADOPTED

Mr. Culberson Will Urge the Necessity for a City Census.

WILL GREATLY BENEFIT THE CITY, IT IS SAID

Committee Will Also Consider the Question of Offering a Discount on Tax Payments.

Mr. Hugh Inman, chairman of the finance committee of the council, has called a meeting of that body for this afternoon at 4 o'clock. Several matters of interest are to be acted on and the meeting will be an important one.

The question of taking a census of the city's population will be discussed by the committee. It is likely that a report will be made to the council at the next meeting and that the council will be governed by the recommendation of the finance committee on the matter.

At the last meeting of the council Councilman Culberson introduced an ordinance appropriating $1,000 for the purpose of taking a new census and directing a special committee of three men to be appointed to see that the census is properly taken and authenticated. The ordinance was referred to the finance committee for investigation and if a favorable report is made it is likely that the census takers will soon be at work. There is a strong sentiment in favor of taking the census and many think that the small sum involved would be well invested.

The purpose of taking the proposed census is to demonstrate to the world that the city has grown beyond expectation in recent years and that the present population is now more than 100,000. It is acknowledged by every one that the figures are certainly not less than 100,000 and many claim that there are more than 110,000 people within the borders of the city. By the taking of a census showing a population of 100,000 the Atlanta postoffice will be rated as the first-class and the city will receive great benefits by better mail facilities and services. When the fact of the population is established by a legal census the postoffice department will increase the rating of the city and place Atlanta among the cities entitled to the best service possible in the matter of mail facilities.

More mail carriers will be put to work and many additional clerks will be placed in the postoffice, insuring a better and faster distribution of mail matter and avoiding the annoying delay sometimes occasioned by the need of more clerks and mail carriers in the postoffice. Other benefits will be attained by the taking of a census and when the matter comes up before the finance committee Mr. Culberson will urge that a favorable report be made on his ordinance.

The finance committee will also probably consider the advisability of offering the public a special discount on all taxes paid up to $50,000. The city treasury is nearly exhausted at this time and it may be necessary to raise money to pay the current expenses. The finance committee may recommend to the council that a special discount of 1 per cent be offered on the payment of taxes up to the amount named. The chairman of the committee, Mr. Inman, thinks that with that amount in hand now the city will be able to tide over until the regular payment of taxes commences.

Last week a discount of 1½ per cent was offered on all taxes paid up to $100,000 and within three days the entire amount had been paid into City Collector Payne's office. And the taxpayers cried for more. Many of them who got in too late to take advantage of the offer of discount declined to pay after hearing that it was likely that another discount offer would be made. It is certain that the $50,000 offer will be accepted by the taxpayers promptly, all of which indicates that there is an easy feeling in financial circles.

MR. LONGLY TALKS.

TELLS WHY THE TROUBLE AROSE ABOUT DR. CLEVELAND.

A Full Story of the Controversy in the Church as Argued by Dr. Cleveland's Opponents.

Mr. B. F. Longly, who has for thirteen years been an elder in the Fourth Presbyterian church, was seen yesterday and asked to give an account, from the beginning, of the trouble between that church and its former pastor, Dr. T. P. Cleveland.

Mr. Longley said:

"As long as two years ago it became evident that a change was needed, so far as the pastor was concerned. Some of the best paying members withdrew from the church and the debt began to accumulate, but nothing was ever said about Dr. Cleveland resigning. Then about one year ago Dr. Cleveland began to talk of resigning; in several sermons he said that he was only waiting for some other church to call him so that he would not be out of the work when he did resign, and in praying he would ask the Lord to open the way for him to leave the church, and we were in hopes that some church would call him, so that we would be spared the pain of asking for his resignation.

"Well, in the meantime more people withdrew and others stopped paying, so that we were getting more and more in debt to him, until about last April we were owing him in the neighborhood of $500, and it was then that we realized $300 from the piece of land that was sold to the city in order that Jackson street might be extended, and this money and some other which was raised by subscriptions was turned over to Dr. Cleveland, leaving a balance due him of $42.

"A meeting of the deacons and elders was then called to ascertain if possible why the people continued leaving the church and why those that remained stopped paying their subscriptions, and it was in this meeting that Mr. Hayden Hollingsworth arose and stated that he had been to see many of the church members in order to get them to come to church and to get them to help pay the salary of the pastor, but that he had accomplished neither object.

"Dr. Cleveland then asked him if the reason they would neither pay nor come to church was because they objected to him. Mr. Hollingsworth told him that he thought it was, and that he had heard about six or seven so express themselves. Dr. Cleveland then asked all of the remaining elders and deacons if they had heard similar expressions. All of them said they had except Mr. C. S. Roberts, who said he had not inquired.

"On the way home from the meeting that night Dr. Cleveland told me that he supposed that ended his relations with the church, and that he did not care much, only he hated being turned out into the streets. Then another meeting was held at my home, Dr. Cleveland not being present. At this meeting I advanced the proposition that we had no right to make a debt which the people would not pay. This was assented to by the others and a committee was appointed, consisting of Mr. Hayden Hollingsworth, Mr. Samuel Askew and myself, who were to lay the facts before Dr. Cleveland. This we did and he said he would tender his resignation at the next meeting and ask the presbytery to sever his connection with the church. You know the result. This is about all I know that I care to make public.

"The reason we are in no hurry to fill the place left vacant by Dr. Cleveland is because we still owe him $150, which we wish to pay before selecting a new pastor."

A GIRL'S DANGER.

MOTHERS ARE ALTOGETHER TOO DELICATE ABOUT ADVISING THEIR DAUGHTERS.

Plain, Sensible Talk to Her Daughters Oftentimes Saves Them Years of Suffering.

From The Agitator, Wellsboro, Pa.

In Elkland, Pa., a small town located on the Cowanesque River railroad, there lived for some years, prior to 1880, Mr. Charles H. Heath, whose profession was that of a blacksmith. He had chosen for his life companion Miss Genie Boyd and here settled with his little family to earn a living by the side of his already well-beaten anvil. On January 8th, in the year 1882, there was born unto Mr. and Mrs. Heath a beautiful baby girl, with health which promised to add to the home one more joy. For this daughter the parents chose the name of Clara B., and, indeed, she was a bright star in that little circle.

A few years later, Mr. Heath seeing a better opportunity for earning his livelihood, removed his family to Harrison Valley, a town located on the same branch of railroad near its terminus. Here for a while everything was bright and the future promised to be one of comfort to them, but suddenly it became fully apparent to the father and mother that the radiant face of their little daughter was beginning to fade. This caused them much anxiety and a physician was consulted, but little, if anything, was done to restore the vanishing beauty to their little one. The father toiled on faithfully to provide for the dependents, but the sunlight seemed to be fast fading from their home.

In March, 1892, thinking a change in location might add vigor to Clara, they took up their abode in a beautiful little town situated between the mountains, known as Little Marsh, Pa., and where nature itself seemed to be a physician superior to all mankind. Here, for a time, the change of air seemed to revive their daughter Clara, but soon other weaknesses established themselves in her body, which promised to take her from their midst.

Physicians were summoned, but she continued to grow worse and it was very evident that only a few short days remained for her on earth. The mother das distracted upon realizing the situation of her loving daughter, and it was while relating her condition to a neighbor, Mrs. Southworth, in January, 1895, that she learned of the wonderful results obtained by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for female weakness.

Everything else having failed to add one glimmer of light to the life so fast fading away, a 50-cent box of Pink Pills was procured from the druggist, hoping that there might be something in this new remedy. Already Clara's complexion had grown to be of that faded color so well known to all similarly affected. Time rolled on and she was stricken down more closely with nervous prostration and again all hope seemed to vanish. Still she continued the treatment of Dr. Williams, and when the first box was gone there seemed to be a change for the better. Her nerves had grown stronger and other weaknesses seemed to mend. "Where there is life there is hope," and another box was purchased and taken as prescribed. Clara continued to grow stronger each day and there seemed to be new life in the little home again. Father and mother were both elated to see the improvement and once more have their daughter join their family circle.

Now Miss Clara speaks for herself: "I have continued to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills up to the present time and it has only cost the small amount of $4 to place me where I am today. My health is better than ever before; my complexion was never so rosy and I am never troubled with nervous spells as before using this remedy. I attribute my present condition to the healing powers of Pink Pills for Pale People, and I am glad to recommend them to any suffering as I was. My appetite, which before their use had nearly failed me, is now as good as one need wish for, and I am again able to enjoy the pleasures of life so long denied me."

Miss Heath is still using the Pink Pills and declares her intention so to do should she require medicine of any kind. She also relates instances of her friends who are having as good results as hers from their use.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effect of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexion, all forms of weakness either in male or female. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, (50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50) by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

Will Celebrate the Fourth.

A largely attended picnic and the last of the season will take place at Vining's station next Saturday, the Fourth of July, under the auspices of the societies of Atlanta and Marble Hill. All trains will start from the union depot and stop at Simpson street.

Captain W. M. Crim, the detective, has removed his office to 48½ Wall street.

Nine Hundred Idle.

Lawrence, Mass., June 30.—Notices were posted today at Pemberton Mills announcing a shut-down from July 3d to September 9th. The mills employ 900 hands and manufacture awnings, towelings and fancy cottons.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

BLACK—The friends and acquaintances of Mr. and Mrs. R. G. Black and Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Baer are requested to attend the funeral of Esther, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Black, from the residence of Mr. M. J. Baer, in west Atlanta, tomorrow afternoon. Interment at Oakland cemetery.

MYNATT—The friends and acquaintances of Mr. and Mrs. P. L. Mynatt, Jr., Colonel and Mrs. P. L. Mynatt, Sr., and Mrs. J. S. Raine are invited to attend the funeral of the former at the residence of J. S. Raine, No. 434 Peachtree street, today. The following gentlemen will act as escorts and will meet at H. M. Patterson's, 32 Peachtree street, at 9 o'clock this morning, July 1st:

Harry Snook, Will Martin, H. M. Malone, Frank Stockdell, H. F. West, Tom Erwin, John Raine, Hugh Adams, Bob Wallace, Henry Inman, Will Mathews, V. H. Taliaferro, Ed Peeples, Gus Ryan, Guy Hamilton, John Sanders, Julian Field, Elias Boylston, Campbell Wallace, Cleveland Wilcoxen and Joe Mynatt.

WANTED—Agents.

AGENTS WANTED—Illustrated and dramatic history of the St. Louis cyclone. Graphic account of death and devastation. Price 25 cents, terms free. Barclay & Co., Cincinnati, O. june20-6t mon wed

AGENTS—$90 weekly salary to right parties. Little work, a snap for some one; new scheme, failure impossible; write for special proposition. Lock Box 5308, Boston, Mass. apr 19 3m sun mon wed sat

WANTED—Agents, either sex, in every county for the Fine Art Self-Interpreting New Testament. In addition to the aids and helps which form an encyclopedia of biblical knowledge, it contains over one hundred photographic views selected and described by Dr. Lee, author of "Making of a Man." They show the places as they appear today where the principal events in the life of the Savior transpired. No such attractive and useful edition of the New Testament has ever been published. Sells at sight. Liberal terms to the right parties. Address H. C. Hudgins & Co., No. 223 Kiser building, Atlanta, Ga. jun 20 1m

TYPEWRITERS AND SUPPLIES.

THE BLICKENSDERFER typewriter is guaranteed equal to any $100 machine made, yet costs but $35. Send for sample of work and catalogue. General southern agent, K. M. Turner, No. 41 North Broad street, Atlanta. june

WANTED—Miscellaneous.

WANTED—TO hire or purchase two good mules. Gate City Ice and Coal Company.

REDUCTION SALE.

GRAND CUT PRICE SALE OF $400.00 Stock of SHOES.

Men's Best $4.00 Tan Shoes cut to	$2.98
Men's Best $5.00 Tan Shoes cut to	$3.98
Men's Best $6.00 Tan Shoes cut to	$4.98
Men's Best $5.00 Patent Leather Shoes cut to	$3.98
Men's Best $6.00 Patent Leather Shoes cut to	$4.98
Men's Best $7.00 Patent Leather Shoes cut to	$5.98

Men's Low Shoes at still greater reduction. This includes Hernani's and other finest goods.

300 pairs Ladies' $3.00 Oxford Ties, sizes 1 to 3, cut to 98c

Ladies' best $5.00 Patent Leather Shoes cut to $2.98

Other Shoes at similar reduction.

McKELDIN & CARLTON,
23 WHITEHALL STREET.

HELP WANTED—Male.

WANTED—Smart men to represent manufacturer in every city and town; goods sell rapidly, necessary everywhere; big profits, send stamp. Worcester Compound Company, box 749, Worcester, Mass. july 1-4-t

THE COLUMBIA Hosiery Company, of New York, wants agents in Atlanta, Augusta, Savannah, Macon, Montgomery and Birmingham to sell from sample to consumers direct; $75 expense money necessary. Call or address us. 711 Equitable building, Atlanta.

CUSTOM CUTTERS wanted to cut with the 1896 system taught at the Cleveland Cutting school, Cleveland, O., and New York city. jun 20 6t sat sun wed

$150 TO $300 PER MONTH easily made by treating bicycle tires with "Cyco." Instantly heals all punctures. Air cannot escape. One treatment good for entire season. Fully guaranteed. Burlington Blanket Co., Burlington, Wis. june30-2t

WANTED—Architects to meet us at Morris hotel, Birmingham, Wednesday, July 8th, with plans for a brick building suitable for the white girls' industrial school of Alabama, to be erected at Montevallo, Ala. Estimated cost of said building not to exceed $50,000, to be built in part or whole as committee may decide. The right to reject and and all bids reserved. W. W. Wadsworth, chairman executive committee. june 28 29 30

$75 TO $150 a month and expenses paid salesmen for cigars; experience unnecessary; standard goods. Little Clerk cigar machine free to each customer. Bishop & Kline, St. Louis, Mo. june4-30t

WANTED—An idea. Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write John Wedderburn & Co., dept. A 12, patent attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and list of inventions wanted. May 31-12m

HELP WANTED—Female.

WANTED—Pants makers, none but those experienced in making tailor made pants need apply; no factory hands wanted. Davis Tailoring Company, 114 Whitehall st.

HOUSE GIRL WANTED—A competent house servant; must be well recommended and single. Apply Mrs. E. P. Howell, Gordon street, corner Peeples, West End. july30-4t

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

WANTED—Position immediately with first-class establishment, thoroughly educated, competent business lady, as head saleslady, cashier or collector preferred. Competent, Constitution.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Will be sold before the courthouse door on Tuesday, 7th day of July next, at 10 o'clock, to the highest bidder, for cash, a nice 5-room cottage with (2) two acres, more or less; fronts on Central railroad and Newnan public road; runs back to Campbellton road; place in good shape; three miles from carshed. For further information, call on W. A. Green on premises. june4 tiljuly7

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—$35 range, almost new, for $12. Call Tuesday or early Wednesday morning. 70 Ivy street.

FOR EXCHANGE.

FOR EXCHANGE—Will exchange well-constructed, nicely finished, 6-room cottage, situated on elevated corner lot for residence, on desirable street, south side preferred, and pay difference. Give precise location and state price. Trade, care Constitution. june30-3t

FOR RENT—Miscellaneous.

FOR RENT—A very desirable photograph gallery, built and arranged for that business, central location; only one other photographer in this city; good opportunity for the right man. For further particulars address P. O. Box 382, Anniston, Ala. june 28 july 1 5

FOR RENT—Half of store, No. 7 North Pryor street, suitable for cigar store or an office. Apply Maynard's Tickey Agency. june30-3t

FOR RENT—Three floors over our store, fifty feet wide, 120 feet long. Fifty yards from union depot; center of city. Will arrange to suit tenant for any kind of mercantile business; corner building and railroad facilities; will give a long lease; $50 per month for each floor. Apply G. T. Dodd. june 28 10t

FOR RENT—A coal or wood yard on Trinity avenue, rear Whitehall street; the yard fully equipped. Apply to W. A. Hemphill.

LOST.

LOST—Package of fi fa's. from Bloodworth court. Please return to 55½ S. Pryor and get reward.

LOST—On Edgewood, Loyd or S. Pryor a gold badge, inscription "non scholae sed vitae discimus;" reward. B., 115 Courtland.

BOARDERS WANTED.

WANTED BOARDERS—Few boarders for nice, cool, comfortable rooms at 131 Washington street. Mrs. A. Morrison.

THE MARLBOROUGH house, desirable for permanent boarders, 51 N. Forsyth street.

BOARDERS WANTED—Coolest place in city, very near in, large front room nicely furnished, with board for couple or two young men for $35 per month. Address "Comfort," care Constitution. july1 3t

EDUCATIONAL.

VISITORS to New York will find nice rooms and excellent table board in private family at 101 Waverly place, overlooking Washington square; location central and rates moderate. Take Sixth avenue car at Desbrosses street ferry. june26-2w mon wed fri

BOARDERS WANTED—Several young men can get large, cool rooms and first-class table fare very reasonable at 93 Auburn avenue, corner Courtland. jun28-5t

WANTED—Salesman.

T. W. BAXTER & CO. make loans on choice, improved Georgia farm lands a specialty at very low rate of interest. If security is satisfactory rate will be made so. No. 219 Norcross building, Atlanta. june27-12m

INSTRUCTION.

PRIVATE INSTRUCTIONS given in Latin, Greek, English, mathematics and natural science. Preparation for college a specialty. Apply to C. W. Ottley, A. B., Princeton university, 527 Peachtree street, city. july 1 2 wed tues

Buy Your Wedding Presents

Of us at the reduced price NOW, before it is everlastingly too late. Everything marked down.

Julius R. Watts & Co.

Jewelers, 57 Whitehall.

Cash Paid for Old Gold and Silver

MONEY TO LOAN.

WEYMAN & CONNORS negotiate loans on city property at 6 and 7 per cent. Money ready for parties wanting quick loans. Call in person. No. 825 Equitable building.

WITHOUT REAL ESTATE you can borrow what money you want from Atlanta Discount Company. Office, fifth floor Temple Court. Joseph N. Moody, cashier.

RILEY-GRANT COMPANY negotiates loans at 6 and 7 per cent on improved real estate; special facilities for handling large loans. No. 28 South Broad street.

ON ALL valuables, diamonds, jewelry, etc.; liberal and confidential. Henry H. Schaul, 56 Decatur street, near Pryor.

BARKER & HOLLEMAN negotiate loans on Atlanta real estate and Georgia farm lands. Gould building, Atlanta.

SAMUEL BARNETT, No. 537 Equitable building, negotiates real estate morgage loans on property in or near Atlanta. Borrower can pay back any way he pleases. apr19-6m

OUR OWN MONEY to loan on Atlanta real estate, building and loan stock and life insurance policies. Atlanta Savings Bank, Gould building. may12-1y

MONEY TO LOAN straight at 5, 5½, 6 and 7 per cent for five years on real estate in Fulton and DeKalb counties; also monthly payment plan; purchase money notes wanted. W. A. Foster, No. 2 North Broad street. may24-tf

LOANS made on real estate at low rates of interest, without commission, and repayable in monthly installments; purchase money notes bought. Edward S. McCandless, cashier, Southern Loan and Banking Co., No. 9 East Alabama street. may 27—3m

WHY EMPLOY a broker to circulate the fact that you wish to borrow when you can come quietly to me yourself and get it on real estate or good collateral and save money. Geo. S. May, Private Banker, 706 Temple Court.

$10,000 TO LOAN on diamonds, typewriters, bicycles, pianos, etc. Call on you if desired. Address P. O. Box 79. june 28-1m

BUSINESS CHANCES.

GET RICH quickly. Send for "100 Inventions Wanted." Edgar Tate & Co., 245 Broadway, New York. june28-4t

$10 TO $300 MADE monthly by our systematic plan of speculation. Avoid risk. Old established house. E. S. Dean & Co., bankers and brokers, 35 Broadway, New York. june31-30t

$250 EARNS $85 weekly; prospectus free. F. Daly, 1293 Broadway, New York. may31-30t

FOR RENT.

By John J. Woodside, the Renting Agent, 50 N. Broad Street, Corner Walton.

7-r. h., 274Courtland	$20 00
10-r. h., 273 Washington	45 00
12-r. h., 60 Cedar street, at Peachtree	50 00
7-r. h., 48 Brotherton	25 00
10-r. h., 148 and 150 Loyd; g. and w.	25 00
8-r. h., 265 Ivy street	35 00
13-r. h., 156 Whitehall	35 00
7-r. h., 108 W. Peachtree	21 00
8-r. h., 198 Piedmont; g. and w.	30 00
7-r. h., Greensferry, West End	7 50
6-r. h., 375 Courtland	30 00
10-r. h., 183 Ivy	45 00
5-r. h., 204 Linden	12 50
5-r. h., 228 Forest avenue	12 50
7-r. h., 73 Williams	25 00
5-r. h., 53 Hayden	10 00
5-r. h., 37 Chamberlain	15 00
5-r. h., 106 W. Pine	15 00

We move tenants free. See notice.

FOR RENT

By C. H. Girardeau, 8 E. Wall Street.

Central store, 12 West Mitchell St.	$50 00
Central store, 25 West Mitchell street	50 00
38-r hotel, Trinity avenue and Forsyth street	125 00
Upper floor, 10½ W. Mitchell St. hotel or light manufacturing	50 00
10-r. h., 32 Auburn avenue	50 00
10-r. h., Cooper street, July 5th	35 00
8-r. h., 66 Highland avenue	32 00
8-r. h., 106 Trinity avenue	32 00
7-r. h., 66 Irwin street	30 00
7-r. h., 111 Ivy street	27 50
7-r. h., 50 Woodward avenue	30 00
7-r. h., 24 Piedmont avenue	20 00
5-r. h., 131 Simpson street	12 00
5-r. h., 61 West Cain street	20 00
4-r. h., 91 Hood street	12 50

Landlords bring in your property and have it rented and rents collected.
C. H. GIRARDEAU.

FOR RENT

By D. P. Morris & Sons, 48 N. Broad St., Cor Walton.

10-r. h., Luckie	$35 00
11-r. h., Whitehall	45 00
15-r. h., Auburn avenue, furnished	75 00
10-r. h., Hilliard	27 50
9-r. h., Auburn	30 00
10-r. h., Loyd	35 00
13-r. h., South Butler	35 00
8-r. h., Windsor	30 00
7-r. h., Hanshaw	27 50
7-r. h., West Peachtree	30 00
7-r. h., Alexander	15 75
6-r. h., Boulevard	10 00
6-r. h., East Pine	20 00
5-r. h., Whitehall	20 00
5-r. h., East Fair	15 00

Also a large list of small houses and several very desirable stores.

FOR RENT.

I can now offer for rent a nice 9-room house, known as 85 Angier avenue, corner Summit. The house is nicely elevated and brand new, never having been occupied, and will rent to desirable tenant for $25 per month. For further particulars, address or call on John J. Woodside, 50 North Broad street, city.

EW MAN IN THE CHAIR

seph Richardson Elected Commissioner of the Passenger Association.

T TAKES EFFECT AT ONCE

e Comes from the Florida East Coast Line, Flagler's Road.

DGE WILLIAM BAILEY THOMAS RETIRES

e Has Made a Good Commissioner. In the Office Only a Short Time. Gossip of the Roads.

he resignation of Judge Bailey Thomas commissioner of the Southern States ssenger Association was accepted yestday in New York, and Mr. Thomas hardson was elected to succeed him. he meeting was held at the Waldorf el.

Ir. Richardson has been general pasger agent of the Florida East Coast line three or four years. Prior to that he presented the Pullman Company at Jackville. Before that he was in the Pulln Company's home office. He is well wn to the passenger men of this terory, and all were friendly to his apntment. Whether any new lines will n the association is to be seen. At a cent meeting of the rate committee, a olution was adopted inviting the Westand Atlantic to come back. The resoion stated that the counsel and experie of Mr. Charles E. Harmon, the genl passenger agent, were greatly missed, the hope was expressed that he would his influence to get the Western and antic to return. The Western and Attic is still considering.

udge Bailey Thomas, who resigned, is ll known here. He has a great many nds, and he will no doubt soon make e new connections. He has something der consideration, but is not ready to ounce it.

r. Richardson is expected in Atlanta day. Whether he will make any nges is unknown; nor is there any intation as to who will succeed him in the st Coast line.

After Mr. Edwards.

he state railroad commission has caught Edwards, of Boston, one of the purasers of the Macon and Birmingham. came south to attend a meeting of the ectors of the Georgia Southern and rida, to be held in Macon tomorrow. arning of this fact, the commissioners t a sabpoena to Macon for Mr. Edwards ifying him to appear before the board Thursday. There is no question in the nds of the members of the board that rsons & Edwards bought the Macon and mingham for the Southern. The road ns from Macon to LaGrange, and if had fallen into other hands and had been mpleted to Birmingham, the Southern vould have had another competitor for astn and western business. When the Man and Birmingham was bought, the deepst secrecy was manifested. That of itself ected suspicion against the Southern. On onday the testimony of Judge John I. all, counsel for the Georgia Southern and lorida and of Vice President Chickley hw, convinced the commission that the uthern owns the Macon and Birmingan absolutely and owns more than 14,000 f the 27,596 shares of the Georgia Southn and Florida. The statements of the ficials were not designed to give this imression, but they did. Mr. Edwards can row more light on the control of the eorgia Southern and Florida if it can be rawn out of him. It will be material to scover why his firm bought the Macon nd Birmingham and where the purchase oney came from, if any was paid.

The commissioners look upon the result f Mr. Edwards at this juncture as a windall. Now, if they can get General Thomas nd Mr. Thomas Ryan down here, they an probably determine definitely about he relations of the Southern to the Cenral and the Georgia Southern and Florida. A railroad official says that the state ailroad commission is playing direct into he hands of the Southern railway. The outhern would like to have the different ystems consolidated by order of the commission. The constitution is supposed to stand in the way now, for it says that ompeting lines shall not consolidate. The Southern would make more by consolidaion than it would lose under the applicaion of rule No. 1 by the commission.

Cheap Travel in Texas.

From The Railway Age.

Excursion rates were low in Texas last week and competition between two roads was correspondingly high. Week-end excursions to Galveston had been agreed upon each road to take them in turn on a Saturday. The Sante Fe's turn came first, but for some reason which history has not yet given, the Missouri, Kansas and Topeka announced a round trip from Temple and intermediate points to Galveston for $2, with a meal at the Beach hotel thrown in. Now Temple is 253 miles from the destination by the "Katy" and 218 miles by the Santa Fe, and to demonstrate this it proceeded to sell tickets to Galveston and back for $1, with the privilege to purchasers of buying meals where they pleased. The "Katy" met this generous rate and also bestowed on its patrons a meal, a bath and a cigar. Both roads put on special trains to meet the rush, and several thousand people had the cheapest ride of their lifetimes. Whether the roads made any money or not, is uncertain, but they had the satisfaction of beating each other out of a good deal of revenue that they might just as well have had. And yet, in Texas they pretend to be terribly alarmed about railway combinations!

The Georgia Midland.

It is reported that the freight and passenger agents in the north are uneasy. The Joint Traffic Association has just appointed a joint passenger ticket agent at Buffalo. There will be one union office instead of several independent offices. If this works satisfactorily it is assumed that joint agencies will be established at St. Louis, Chicago, Louisville, Cincinnati, Cleveland and all the junction points, large and small, in the association's territory. This would throw an army of men out of positions and would decrease expenses by thousands of dollars. What is done in the passenger department is likely to be extended to the freight branch and the retirement of the hundreds of freight solicitors would follow. The board of control has the power to abolish the soliciting men if it is desired. It is argued that the cost of handling traffic cannot be reduced any lower and the public will not stand an increase in freight charges. The only thing to be done to increase earnings therefore is to economize on salaries.

Fraud on the Alton.

The Chicago and Alton officials have been investigating for the past week the crookedness growing out of the misuse of tickets sold at their Springfield station. Frank Cook, one of the passenger conductors dismissed from the service, asked for a full hearing of his case. It seems that a package of tickets of Springfield issue, which should have been sent in to the auditor's office by Conductor Thornton, were returned on Frank Cook's train to the agent selling them. Thornton claimed that the ticket agent sent him word that the tickets were sold by mistake and to send them back to him, and he put them in an envelope and threw them towards the baggage car of Cook's train, northbound as it passed, but through some mishap the package fell on the ground and Conductor Cook did not stop the train to pick it up. It was found by another agent and in that way the irregularities were reported to the general office. Conductors claim that if there had been anything wrong the scheme would never have been handled so loosely. It is reported that Frank Cook will probably be reinstated.

May Abolish Solicitors.

The Southern today takes charge of the Georgia Midland and Gulf. Circulars were received yesterday directing the auditing department of the Georgia Midland to report to Washington. Nothing was said about the operating department and that remains unchanged for the present.

Vice President Baldwin is expected in here early this morning, but he will not remain long. He goes down over the Atlanta and Florida to Fort Valley and will look into the fruit orchards. The Central is handling the bulk of the peach crop this year. It built a spur track out to some of the largest orchards and it gets the haul up to Atlanta or down to Savannah.

Mileage Tickets.

Chicago, June 30.—The mileage bureau of western roads, an adjunct of the Western Passenger Association, has been in existence nearly a month, and its operation has been in every way satisfactory to passenger officials and those who are administering its requirements. Tests have been made at frequent intervals during the month of the market and on trains, and while it has been found there are still some tickets being handled by scalpers and some conductors who are not as careful as they should be, these tests have proved very satisfactory.

Tests of the market have been made in all the large cities in which mileage of western roads is sold. In this city operatives of the mileage bureau have been at work almost every day since June 1st. Though five days' time was given brokers in which to dispose of their stock of books without loss to themselves, passenger men did not believe they would completely sell out, for mileage has been their chief stock in trade for years. Over $25,000 worth of mileage was bought in by Chicago passenger officials alone. The first few days after these purchases operatives found scarcely any mileage on the market. Later they were able to purchase books, showing there are other avenues through which brokers secure them than railroad offices.

It is not insisted, of course, that no mileage is being sold, or that all conductors are taking up mileage presented by parties other than original purchasers, but it is declared the manipulation of this class of transportation has been reduced lower than at any time for years. Railroad men are, therefore, more than pleased with the organization it took them so long to form, and without exception they consider it the most important forward step taken in passenger matters for years.

Railroad Must Be Sold.

Papers were received in Atlanta yesterday by Attorneys King & Spalding, who represent certain creditors of the Port Royal and Augusta railroad, notifying them that a decree had been issued by the courts of South Carolina ordering the sale of the railroad property under foreclosure proceedings to satisfy creditors' claims.

M. AND N. G. RECEIVERSHIP CASE

It Will Come Up for Settlement Before Judge Newman Today.

Judge Newman will this morning decide upon the application of the Atlanta, Knoxville and Northern Construction Company for the appointment of Mr. Eugene C. Spalding, of this city, as co-receiver of the Marietta and North Georgia railroad property, to act in conjunction with the present receiver, Mr. J. M. Glover, of Marietta.

The Atlanta, Knoxville and Northern Construction Company purchased the Marietta and North Georgia property and feel that as they have paid several hundred thousand dollars on account they are entitled to have a man appointed receiver who is identified with their interest. Within a few months the entire payments for the property will have been made and the purchasers would have a right to insist that they be represented in the management of their own property.

The road, under Mr. Glover's management, has been well conducted, but Judge Newman may appoint Mr. Spalding as coreceiver to act with the present receiver.

Messrs. Alex & Victor Smith represent the purchasers of the road, and Messrs. Glenn, Slaton & Phillips the present receiver.

Railway Notes.

Ticket scalping within the city limits of Tyler, Tex., is prohibited by an ordinance of the council.

The capital stock of the new St. Louis and San Francisco Railway Company is $50,000,000.

The Atchison has gone back into the Western Freight Association.

A. M. Mozier, superintendent Erie railroad, has lately put in use a train order signal, in connection with which there is an apparatus like a mail bag catcher, for delivering "nineteen" train orders to enginemen and conductors of trains of inferior right without requiring them to slacken their speed.

It is stated that on July 1st all the outside railroad ticket offices at Kansas City, except the uptown union office, will be closed, and all tickets sold at the union station or the uptown union ticket office. The Kansas City papers say that this will be a serious blow to the scalpers, and will save much money to the roads.

In a suit recently decided in Michigan it was held that as it is the duty of a railroad to furnish trainmen with a reasonably safe track, a section man, whose duty it was to keep the track in condition, is not a fellow servant with a brakeman upon a freight train.

Starving....

IN THE MIDST OF PLENTY.

That's what people with poor digestion are doing every day. They have no appetite or if they do have an appetite and eat what they require it does them no good, because the stomach does not digest it and the fermenting mass of food becomes a source of disease, of headaches, sleeplessness, languor and the thousand and one symptoms of disordered digestion.

...Stuart's...

Dyspepsia Tablets

promptly relieve and cure all forms of indigestion. They have done it in thousands of cases and will do it in yours. The reason is simple. THEY DIGEST THE FOOD WHETHER THE STOMACH WORKS OR NOT and that's the WHOLE SECRET.

AT ALL DRUGGISTS. 50 CENTS.

CHEAP RATES TO ATLANTA

The Railroads Preparing To Bring Big Crowds on the Fourth of July,

TO TAKE IN THE JUBILEE.

The Tabernacle Will Seat Ten Thousand People on That Day.

A GREAT ENTERTAINMENT IT WILL BE

And Not Only All Atlanta, but Many Visitors to the City Will Witness the Festivities.

Atlanta's Fourth of July promises to be a grand one.

The cheap rates on the railroads coming into Atlanta will doubtless induce many thousand visitors to come to the city.

All the railroads are making special arrangements to handle the excursionists and the Fourth of July promises to be a gala day.

All this is the outcome of the efforts of the Young Men's Library Association to give an entertainment for the people on the great national holiday. The association is nothing if not public-spirited, and the people will be sure to indorse its work by turning out en masse to attend the jubilee and bicycle tournament.

The audience will not only be one of the largest public gatherings ever seen in Atlanta, but it will be composed of the very best people in the city.

The programme is now completed.

The Sale of Boxes.

Those who wish reserved seats will have to buy one of the stage boxes. These boxes are on the grand stand and seat eight people. The cost of a box is only $10. They can be had at Harry Silverman's cigar store.

Riders Can Practice.

After this afternoon the track in the tabernacle will be ready and any bicycle rider in the city can practice on it. Everybody who rides, and especially the ladies, are extended an invitation to take a spin on the track any afternoon this week.

The Chinese Training.

The two Chinese, Chunk Kee Lung and Sam Lung, are training for the races every afternoon in the Gate City Guard armory. You can go to see them if you wish to. Side bets have already been made on the unique and novel Chinese race and the odds are in favor of Chunk Kee Lung.

Get Your Tickets.

As there will be a great rush for tickets at the door, you are advised to secure tickets before Saturday. You can find them at:

Silverman's cigar store.
Kimball house news stand.
Aragon news stand.
Miller's book store.
Brown & Allen's drug store.

Tickets will also be sold by citizens. Get a ticket, attend the great jubilee and help that worthy institution, the young men's library.

THE PASSING THRONG.

Ex-Speaker William H. Fleming, of Augusta, came up yesterday on his way to Warm Springs to attend the convention of the bar association. He is very much interested in the proposed increase of the number of judges on the supreme bench.

"I have reason to believe that the populists and the republican state conventions will indorse the proposed measure," said Mr. Fleming. "I have had assurances from prominent men in both those parties that a resolution indorsing the step will be urged upon the conventions. It is a nonpartisan move. All parties can afford to support it. The supreme court has shut down on speeches and neither lawyers nor clients will ever be satisfied so long as that rule is in force. Every lawyer who loses his case will say that he could have won it, if he had only had an opportunity to speak."

Felix Corput came down from Floyd, going to the experimental farm, near Griffin. The directors of the farm meet today and he is one of them.

Cotton in all this section of the state is ten days earlier than usual. Old farmers say they never saw red blooms so early as they appeared this year.

"Chic" Niles was in the city yesterday. He has been taking a rest at Buford since his retirement from the editorial chair of The Columbus Enquirer-Sun.

General Jackson, of Belle Meade farm, is in Richmond to invite the veterans to meet at Nashville next year. Sunday night the general passed through Atlanta with his Tennessee comrades. When the old soldiers got out at the passenger station they were hungry and a great many hurried into the restaurant for a sandwich and a cup of coffee. When they went to settle one after another stopped and looked intently at the portly cashier.

The word went round that a man resembling General Jackson was in there and soon there was a stream of veterans coming in just to get a glimpse of the man who "looks like the general." When Uncle Bud caught on, he said that if the general would come in he would stand treat.

Mr. Harry Dunwody, of Brunswick, came up yesterday. He said that his section of the state would stand up to the democratic nominees all right.

Colonel Livingston, who was here Monday, is going to Chicago to look on and see the fun.

"The silver tide is enveloping everything," said a northern man at the Kimball yesterday. "Two Maryland districts are conceded to be for free coinage and if the people had a fair chance to vote on it, no doubt more districts would be found to be the same way. Baltimore herself is growing shaky in the sound money faith.

"Over in New York the labor unions are for silver and so are the farmers out in the state. John R. Fellows says there is no use trying to head off the movement. He admits that it will carry New York state and he says that seven out of ten farmers are for free silver 16 to 1 now. If that is true today we ought to get the other three by November. Fellows is going to Chicago but confesses that the goldbugs will have no show there."

THEY ARE FIGHTING BUTLER.

His Populist Opponents Hold a Conference.

Raleigh, N. C., June 30.—(Special.)—News comes today that Spier Whitaker, M. L. Wood, Cyrus Thompson and James M. Mewborn, all prominent populists and violently opposed to Senator Marion Butler, have had a long conference. It is the belief that at the meeting of the populist state committee here next Friday another attempt will be made against Butler to test his strength as the supreme head of the party.

One hundred miners have been put to work in the coal mines at Cumnock. All the old claims for wages have been paid by Receiver Henessey. The supplying of railways with coal is resumed.

Populists are today giving it out that they expect to nominate a full state ticket.

Captain Hobart's Funeral.

Columbus, Ga., June 30.—(Special.)—The funeral of Mr. C. E. Hobart, whose sudden death from apoplexy occurred yesterday aboard the steamer Naiad, of which he was second clerk, took place at 9 o'clock this morning from the late residence, on [illegible] avenue. It was conducted by Rev. [illegible] ter, rector of Trinity Episcopal [illegible]

"PINAFORE'S" SUCCESS.

THE OPERA WITH ALL ITS FAMILIAR CHARACTERS.

Has Caught the Town—Many Unique Features in the Production. Gertie Carlisle's Big Hit.

"Pinafore" was excellently sung again last night and pleased a large audience at the Grand. The opera admits of very little in the way of interpolation, because "Pinafore" has to be sung as it is written, in order to be effective, but a number of popular features were added last night. In accordance with a general demand Miss Baker again sang her famous "Baby" song, and this time with the prettiest effect yet. This was brought about by little Gertie Carlisle, who was up in the balcony and who sang the refrain with wonderful strength and sweetness. The duet brought a double encore and was most enthusiastically received.

MISS JOSEPHINE STANTON,
The Beautiful Young Woman who has Been Added to the Grand Forces.

Mr. Boniface found a place for his "Dickey Bird" song and had to sing eight or ten verses of it. Even then the audience wanted more.

Mr. Metcalfe made a hit with "Laugh and the World Laughs With You," the words of which were written by Ella Wheeler Wilcox; and another very effective bit was the sailor's hornpipe dance of Mr. Maflin. This belonged to the opera proper, however, and, like on the opening night, it received several encores.

Then there is Gertie!

Poems will be written about that child before she gets away from this town. If anybody would inspire the muse it is she. It is not putting it a bit too strong to call her a wonderful little artist. She is in herself worth the price of admission—a trite saying, but a true one.

As for principals and chorus in the opera proper, too much cannot be said. It is the best production of "Pinafore" which Atlanta ever had.

A specially strong feature of the production is Comedian Boniface's Sir Joseph Porter. It is as artistic a piece of comedy work as has been seen on the Atlanta stage in years. Every feature indeed of the production is good. The cast is one admirably fitted to the opera.

Today will be a reception matinee, at which Miss Mabella Baker and little Miss Carlisle will receive the ladies. Dainty pictures of the child actress will be presented as souvenirs.

Tonight will be a special souvenir night, when boxes of Nunnally's fine candy will be presented to the ladies. The presentation will be made by Gertie Carlisle and Comedian Boniface. This will be a unique feature and will give an opportunity of seeing these clever people at close range. It will also be the best chance to see "Pinafore."

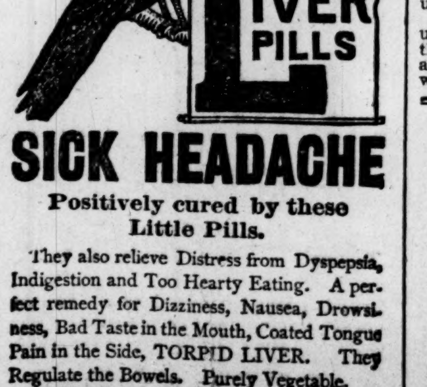
Miss Josephine Stanton, the beautiful and talented young woman who sang Serpolette in "The Chimes of Normandy," will be heard again Thursday evening, when that opera will, by general request, be repeated. These requests are based on the desire to see Mr. Boniface as Gaspard once more, and to hear Miss Stanton, who made a great hit.

Miss Stanton has been added to the Grand faces and will sing prima donna roles. She will, it is understood, be cast for Yum Yum in "Mikado" when that opera is given reproduction, and for other leading roles, dividing the work with Miss Walker and Miss Murphy, who is to come today.

The Watch Contest.

A great deal of interest is being manifested in the contest for the gold watch to be awarded to the prettiest young lady under eighteen years of age. The vote as it stands is as follows:

Rosalind Rich	93
Bob Venable	51
Annie Fitten	46
Stella Schulafer	33
Katie Stocking	39
Gertrude Atkinson	27
Virginia Thompson	26
Pet Strahan	32
Augusta Wyley	43
Julia Porter	52
Manie Stewart	9
Ceil Russ	8
Jessie Tuttweiler	6
Mary Maddox	9
Lizzie Gregg	12
Edna McCandless	23
Annie Mattison	16
Nannie Rhodes	19
Edmonia Clark	9
Estelle Pattillo	13
Katie Murphy	14
Dora Fleishman	5
Lizzie Powell	8
Leonore Dean	17
Rebe Renauff	12
Ellen Kiser	5
Nannie Westmoreland	5
Mamie Joiner	21
Ethel Hanvey	64
Fanny May Duncan	5
Miss John Walker	4
Lute Gordan	55
Jeannette Bain	41
Mary Lou Jackson	33
Allie Tripp	5
Veno Shith	31
Annie Ninn	4
Mary Hogan	14
Della Rozetta	2
Ada Byrd	24
Fanny Noble	1
May Liggett	1
L Angier	2
Miss Peel	3
Libby Rosser	1
Wynnie Anthony	4



SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

IS THE SCHEDULE TOO SPEEDY?

Mr. Hurt Discusses the Present System of the Consolidated.

HOW THE CARS RUN NOW

An Average of Five Miles Maintained in the City.

FENDERS WILL BE PLACED IN USE SOON

A Suggestion That a Law Requiring Lights on the Wheels Be Adopted.

Will the schedules of the Atlanta Consolidated Street Railway Company be affected by the finding of the coroner's jury in the case of Herman Franklin, the young bicyclist who met his tragic death Sunday night?

This is the question that all who ride on the cars are asking.

The verdict of the jury gave severe censure to the road and stated that the young man came to his death because of the criminal negligence of the Consolidated in operating too fast a schedule.

The motorman and conductor were released and all blame was placed upon the road. It was said in the verdict of the jury that the cars were run faster than the rate prescribed by law.

Mr. Joel Hurt, president of the Consolidated company, and Mr. Ernest Woodruff, superintendent of the road, were both seen yesterday, and both bring out some interesting facts in regard to the schedules of the road and the general rate of speed maintained. It is claimed by the officials of the company that the car was going at the usual rate of speed; that it was the bicyclist who ran into the car before the motorman could see him, and that the road is to blame in no sense for the unfortunate accident.

Mr. Hurt also brings out the fact that the bicycles in Atlanta are not required to carry lanterns at night. As to fenders, for some months the road, they say, has been negotiating with a well-known company for the adoption of the most improved fender known, which they expect to put in use in a few weeks.

What Mr. Hurt Says.

Mr. Joel Hurt was much surprised at the verdict of the jury and considered it a case of unusual nature. Mr. Hurt stated that he and the other officials of the company regretted as much as any one the unfortunate accident, but it was a serious matter to charge a company with criminal negligence upon such shallow grounds. In regard to the accident itself, Mr. Hurt explained:

"None of our witnesses were introduced at the hearing before the coroner's jury. We have a number of witnesses who will state that the young man was seen riding at a rapid rate down Mitchell street. He had just been to a fire, where his hand was injured, and later on to a drug store, where it was bandaged up and placed in a sling. As a result of this he was riding with only one hand guiding the bars. There is an incline on Mitchell street. From what can be learned the young man was scorching or coasting down this at a speed equal to that of the car. Rushing into Pryor street, he saw the car upon him and attempted to turn quickly to the left. The angle he made with his wheel was too sharp, so several of the witnesses declare. It appears that the wheel was thrown from under him and he was dashed to the pavement. The bicycle went to the other side of the track and from the best information obtainable left the young man stunned before the oncoming car. The motorman was unable to stop and the young man was caught under the wheels. It has been stated that he was also electrocuted. This could not have happened, as the current was cut off some distance further down.

"In addition to this the iron pieces beneath the car are so arranged that it would have been impossible for a man to have received a shock. These are just some of the facts in the case. It was an awful accident, but to say that the Consolidated is criminally liable because of its schedules is not just."

As to Schedules.

Mr. Hurt then explained the present system of schedules now in operation. The Consolidated, under the law, is allowed to run at the rate of six miles an hour inside the city, or fire limits, and fifteen miles an hour outside. The cars in Atlanta are not operated as fast as they are in many of the larger cities. In Cincinnati, in Indianapolis, in Washington, and especially in Boston, the rate of speed is far ahead of that in operation here. Of course over some parts of the line the cars are run at much faster speed than at other parts. Take the line between Inman Park and West End: Here is a distance of about five and a half miles which is made in three-quarters of an hour. This is an average speed of seven miles an hour, whereas a speed of fifteen miles an hour is allowed over three-fourths of the trip. Suppose we should cut down this time and make the time between the terminii of the line an hour and a half. Would that meet the approval of the residents along the line? It is a principle that we must give the benefits of the system to the greatest number. Our schedules are not fast compared with those of other cities.

Lights on the Bikes.

Mr. Hurt strongly favors the adoption of a law requiring all bicyclists who ride at night to display lights upon their wheels. He points out that the accident of Sunday night might not have occurred if the rider had had a light on his machine.

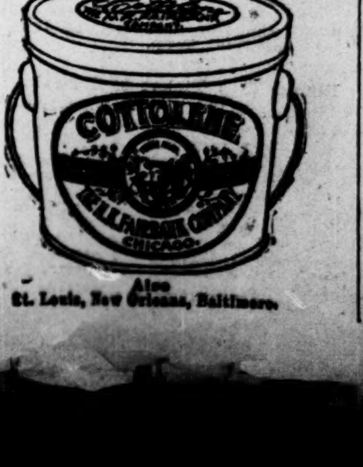
"It is a law strictly enforced in any city of any size," said Mr. Hurt, "that all who ride at night should have lanterns on their bicycles. It is wonderful that more accidents do not occur because of this fact. A strange case came under my observation the other day. One of the best known motormen in our service came in and stated that would have to give up his job. He said that his nerves were all gone, that it was a physical impossibility for him to hold out any longer. He gave as a cause the number of bicyclists on Peachtree and their carelessness about the cars."

Will Put on Fenders.

The Consolidated has in prospect the use of fenders on all cars.

"Last May," said Mr. Hurt, "I made a special trip for the purpose of investigating the different kinds of fenders now in use. None were found practical. In many instances cars with fenders were more dangerous than those without them. We have about agreed on a combination of two styles, however, which when put into use will be found all right."

Mr. Woodruff also talked for some time upon the verdict of the jury, and stated that the present system of schedules was already slow compared to the speed with which cars are operated in other cities.



Also
St. Louis, New Orleans, Baltimore.

CHAMBERLIN-JOHNSON-DuBOSE CO.

Wash.. Goods.. Cotton daintiness, Cotton elegance—the department is a marvel bower of beauty. Would you choose from the world's loveliest Cotton Stuffs? They are here. England, Ireland, France, Switzerland, Germany, America—all contribute their quota of weave wonder to make our collection elaborate and attractive. Each maker is stimulated to more artistic endeavor through the perfection attained by some rival maker.

Figured Dimities, 7c.
Tuscan Dimities, 8c.
Figured Jaconets, 8c.
Jaconet Duchesse, 10c.
Cordele Swiss Mulls, 12½c.
Corded Marquise, 12½c.
Printed India Dimities, 12½c.

Jaconet D'Alsace, 12½c.
Tulle Chatelaine, 12½c.
Fancy Corded Lawns, 12½c.
Fancy Striped Gauze, 15c.
Imported Madras, 15c.
Persian India Linen, 15c.
Printed Organdie, 15c.

Wash Goods leadership centers here, because the freshest and choicest productions are always on our counters ready for your selection, with no back-ground of old goods. To maintain that leadership we must put every yard of Cotton Dress Fabrics in wearers' hands promptly. That is easy, so long as we sustain the foregoing irresistible bargain prices. . . . .

CHAMBERLIN-JOHNSON-DuBOSE CO.

CROPS HURT BY HEAT.

CORN IS FAIRLY DRYING UP. COTTON IS GROWING FINE.

But Nearly Everything Else in the Agricultural Line Is Suffering from Heat and Drought.

The weekly crop bulletin which was issued yesterday by the weather bureau was as follows:

"The epitome of the reports covering all parts of the state is the universal complaint of the exceedingly high temperature which prevailed during the entire week, together with the vast deficiency in rainfall for all sections; and these unfavorable conditions occurring at a most critical period of the corn crop, which would have been almost absolutely made with ample showers, is now in many upland localities showing symptoms of "firing;" yet this injury can be overcome partially, if not wholly, if rains occur before another week passes.

"The cotton crop has been greatly improved in the past week, and the outlook is extremely encouraging. Fields have seldom, if ever, appeared cleaner, and in fact the weather for this crop has been all that could be desired, both for growth and cultivation. Lice, which had infested cotton fields in the past week over a large portion of the southern section of the state, have entirely disappeared as a result of the hot nights and days.

"Peaches and fruit generally are extremely poor and very disappointing. Melons, though of a reduced size, are plentiful in northern and southern sections, and are appearing in market somewhat in advance of the ordinary season. Peas are being extensively sown in stubble lands throughout most of the state. Gardens have sustained considerable injury everywhere from the effects of hot winds, which seem to have been more disastrous in the northern section of the state than elsewhere. Oats, as a rule, are cut, and wheat thrashing progressing rapidly. Irish and sweet potatoes, in the middle counties, are in a fairly good condition, but rains are much needed for improvement. Pastures, on the whole, are becoming dried up.

Northern Section.

"In the northern counties of the state the past week was not so favorable as the preceding one. The weather has been hot, dry and windy. The hot winds have twisted corn and dried up gardens, and another week of such hot weather will be very detrimental to the growing crops. All upland corn is laid by. Corn is beginning to silk and tassel. Unless rain occurs shortly the corn crop will be considerably damaged. Cotton is in good condition, and is now free from lice and other insects. The dry weather has enabled the farmer to keep well up with his work, and all crops are free from weeds and grass. Oats are all cut and wheat thrashing is now the order of the day. Peaches and apples are exceedingly poor, but watermelons look well. Blackberries and grapes are very plentiful. The planters are sowing a great many peas this season.

Central Section.

"The past week has been too hot and dry for vegetation to do well. Only partial showers are reported from this section, and corn and pastures are needing rain badly. Cotton seems to be standing the trying season better than other crops, though moisture is needed to keep it in growing condition. Farmers have about finished plowing the corn for the last time, and in bottom land it is very promising. Gardens and minor crops are showing the effects of the drought. Fruit is scarce. Melons are small and not very plentiful, but earlier than usual. A large crop of peas has been planted and are looking well. Irish and sweet potatoes are in good condition, but a good rain would greatly improve their growth. A hailstorm occurred at Baldwin during the week, doing some damage to the crops in that locality.

Southern Section.

"The weather in the south section during the past week has been very hot, and as a result the crops in those sections where no rain has fallen are burning up; however, over most of the counties partial showers have fallen, and in these favored localities all crops are in first-class condition. The corn crop will soon be made. It is firing badly in places. Cotton is improving greatly, which fact is attributed to the disappearance of lice, which has been damaging this crop for some time past. Pastures are good in the districts where moisture was received. Sugar cane is fair. Peas are being sown in large quantie stubble land."

COOLER IN THE NORTHEAS

But Weather Continues Warm and in This Vacinity.

Weather in Atlanta and vicinity continued warm and dry with very change from last week's conditions.

Cooler changes have occurred over northeast section, also throughout Ten see, and it is decidedly warmer in u Michigan, while the entire gulf state port very little change. New York Buffalo are the coolest points this ing, each being 60 degrees.

Showers have prevailed along the gulf coast and in northwest Texas latter section being threatened with serious drought, as no general rain curred there since May 14th. No r any consequence has fallen in the ern states and clear weather extends over the entire country.

The barometer is low over no Michigan and high in the middle and central states.

The following bulletin was issued day for the cotton region:

CENTRAL STATION.	Number Stations reporting.	DISTRICT AVERAG TEMPERATURE. Max.	Min.
Atlanta	12	93	69
Augusta	11	96	72
Charleston	5	96	76
Galveston	25	96	74
Little Rock	7	90	68
Memphis	16	86	64
Mobile	9	94	70
Montgomery	7	96	74
New Orleans	13	98	72
Savannah	5	96	74
Vicksburg	7	94	94
Wilmington	9	88	70

The following contains the reports f the stations of the Atlanta district:

STATIONS OF ATLANTA DISTRICT.	TEMPERATURE. Max.	Min.	Rainf (inch & hu dredt
Atlanta, clear	92	70	.0
Chattanooga, p. cl'dy	87	67	[illegible]
Columbus, clear	94	72	[illegible]
Gainesville, p. cl'dy	93	65	[illegible]
Greenville, p. cl'dy	89	67	[illegible]
Griffin, p. cl'dy	97	72	[illegible]
Griffin, clear	97	72	.00
Macon, partly cl'dy	98	70	.00
Newnan, clear	93	70	.00
Rome, clear	94	68	.00
Spartanburg, clear	94	66	.00
Toccoa, clear	92	65	.00
West Point, p. cl'dy	93	72	.00

For Georgia: Increasing cloudiness; stationary temperature.

Local Report for Yesterday.

Daily mean temperature	82
Daily normal temperature	77
Highest temperature	93
Lowest temperature	70
Total railfall during 12 hours	.00
Deficiency of precipitation	.14

D. FISHER, Observer.

Weather Notes.

Except a slight depression in the upper Missouri valley the barometer is above the normal in all districts tonight east of the Rockies.

The only rainfall reported for the day is a light shower from southern Florida, and, in consequence, that portion of the state enjoys the coolest weather on the map except in New England, where the highest pressure prevails.

The month closed at this station with a deficiency both in temperature and rainfall. The lowest decade of the month was extremely warm and dry, which brought the average temperature for June within eleven degrees of the normal. Good showers occurred at intervals during the forepart of the month, and the deficiency in precipitation closed within one and one-fourth inches of the normal. The warmest day was on the 28th, when the mercury rose to 94.5 degrees and the est day was on the 14th, when it fell to degrees.

Weather Indications.

Washington, June 30.—North South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama and western Florida: Increasing cloudiness; northeasterly to easterly winds.

Eastern Florida: Showers Wednesday afternoon; easterly winds.

Mississippi, Louisiana and eastern Texas: Fair, increasing cloudiness Wednesday afternoon with probable light showers on the gulf; variable winds.

Arkansas, Tennessee and Kentucky: Generally fair; northeasterly winds.

An Idea to Men Who Do an Office Business.

Has it ever occurred to you that the man who receivs your letters forms an idea of the importance of your business by the quality of the stationery which you use?

Your stationery is certainly representative of your taste, and there is no question whatever that it does have an effect upon those who receive your letters.

The most fashionable and elegant stationery now used is done from steel engravings and embossed. J. P. Stevens & Bro. do this work at prices but little more than ordinary type printed work, while the paper used is of much higher quality.

Call on J. P. Stevens & Bro., 47 Whitehall street, and ask to see their samples and get their prices before placing your order for office stationery.

AT DRUG STORES AND BARS

Drink Phosphate Gin,

The Best Remedy to be had for the

KIDNEYS, BLADDER AND Diseases of Urinary Organs

Never-failing when taken according to Directions.

GIN PHOSPHATE REMEDY CO.,

Atlanta, Ga., U. S. A.

OPIUM and Whiskey Habits cured at home without pain. Book of particulars sent **FREE.** B. M. WOOLLEY, M. D. Atlanta, Ga. Office 104½ Whitehall St.

VENABLE & COLLINS GRANITE CO.

47 N. Broad St., Atlanta, Ga.

Monuments, Mausoleums, Building Work, Cemetery Walls.

Estimates Furnished on Application.

may24- 2m

Philadelphia Dental PARLORS,

36 Whitehall St.

he largest and most magnificently equipped dental office in the country. All work t-class and fully warranted.

th Extracted Positively Without Pain

the use of vitalized air made fresh at office every day.

eeth extracted painlessly 50 cents.

A. McKECHNIE, D. D. S., L. D. S., Manager.

pr19 1y

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Standard Printing Ink Co.,

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ESTABLISHED 1857.

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Does not Affect

'SHIELDS & GRIFFIN.

Paying high wages answers for he excellence of our workmanship, nd we are now prepared to attend ROMPTLY to the wants of the ublic.

For the next 30 days our rates will be 20% LOWER than usual.

O'SHIELDS & GRIFFIN,

Phone 550. 120 Peachtree.

PLUMBERS, STEAM FITTERS, GAS AND ELECTRIC FIXTURES.

June 28-7t

Receiver's Sale

—OF THE—

McNaught Land Co's Lots

On Washington and Pulliam Streets and Georgia Avenue.

Sixteen beautiful lots on the above named streets, all fine size, are just nice distance from center of city; have exceptionally fine car line facilities, splendid neighborhood, paved streets, water, gas and sewers, lie finely and all have alleys in the rear. The large and representative crowd who attended the sale on May 14th and who so rapidly bought up every lot that was offered was sufficient proof to convince any one of how desirable and attractive all of these lots are. A number of nice, new residences are to be built on the lots recently sold, which will very much enhance the value of the remaining lots. All the remaining lots are still offered for sale at exceedingly reasonable prices and on easy terms. Sale is by order of court to pay off indebtedness against the company. For full information and plats call on or address

CLIFF W. ANSLEY, Receiver.

Or Ansley Bros., Office 12 East Alabama Street. Phone 363.

may 17—tf sun wed

COOPER TRIAL TODAY

The Ex-County Clerk Will Be Tried if He Is Not Too Ill.

THE NEWS OF THE COURTS

C. C. Johnson, the Alleged Slayer of Baker Bass, Will Also Be Tried in the Criminal Court.

Two important cases will be reached in the criminal superior court this morning.

Ex-County Clerk John Tyler Cooper, charged with having embezzled several thousand dollars belonging to the county, will be asked to give an explanation of his official conduct while he was the clerk of the board of county commissioners.

The other case is the one in which the state will endeavor to prove that C. C. Johnson fired the fatal shots that killed Merchant Baker Bass. The Cooper case will be heard in the morning, provided Mr. Cooper is able to attend the trial. His attorneys have asked for a longer postponement, but Judge Candler is anxious that the case be heard as soon as possible and will call the case, so he stated yesterday, at half-past 8 o'clock today.

Mr. Cooper is ill at his room, and Monday a certificate signed by Dr. Knott wsa presented the court, stating that Mr. Cooper was not able to leave his room. In addition to this certificate was a note from Mr. Cooper, saying that he was quite ill and in no condition to attend the trial.

The members of the board of county commissioners, the clerk of the board and several expert accountants have been summoned to appear as witnesses in behalf of the state, and their testimony will show that Mr. Cooper has misappropriated the funds entrusted to his care to the extent of several thousand dollars and has failed to make a settlement with the county when requested.

The Case of Johnson.

The line of the prosecution in the Johnson case has not been announced by the state, but it is said that a strong chain of evidence has been wound about the negro's neck. Those who have been working the case are confident of a conviction and say they will easily prove he was the murderer of the merchant.

Bass was killed several months ago on Ivy street as he was on his way from his residence to his store on Peters street. The shot was fired just before day, and the assassin was probably in hiding in the shadows and when Bass walked past deliberate aim was taken and the merchant was killed before he was aware of the ambuscade that had been laid for him.

Osborne on Trial.

The greater part of the day yesterday was consumed in the trial of the case against Conductor Osborne, who shot a negro named Lucas.

Osborne was a conductor employed by the Consolidated company. Lucas, a tall negro man, was a passenger on his car one night. The negro wanted to get off at a street corner and the conductor failed to stop the car. The negro then struck the conductor in the face with his fist and ran.

The matter was reported to the police and Osborne stated yesterday that he was told to arrest the negro the next time he was a passenger on the car. This Osborne attempted to do. The next day Lucas got on the car, and got off at the corner of Fair and South Pryor streets. Osborne says he told the negro to stop, when Lucas threw his hand behind him. Osborne then fired, the bullet striking the negro in the back.

Late yesterday afternoon Judge Candler charged the jury and instructed it to bring in a sealed verdict, which will be opened this morning when court is called to order.

THE APPLICATION DENIED.

The Temporary Receiver of the Wilson Coal Company Is Dismissed.

An order was passed up yesterday by Judge Lumpkin, of the superior court, revoking an order made February 15th, in the case of W. E. Hoyle and F. M. Chase, against the Jellico and Alabama Coal Company and J. C. Wilson Coal and Lumber Company and denying an application for a permanent receiver and injunction, and the temporary receiver of the Jellico and Alabama Coal Company was discharged and all assets, notes, drafts, books, accounts, etc., in his hands were ordered returned to J. C. Wilson.

Why don't you try Carter's Little Liver Pills? They are a positive cure for sick headache, and all the ills produced by disordered liver. Only one pill a dose.

Democratic Convention at Chicago.

The Georgia delegation has selected the Western and Atlantic railroad and the Evansville route to Chicago.

They and their friends will leave Atlanta at 8:05 o'clock Sunday morning, July 5th, and will arrive in Chicago 9:55 Monday morning. Pullman Palace Buffet Sleeping cars will be furnished from Atlanta to Chicago through without change.

Rate has been named from all points in the state of Georgia of one fare for the round trip. The rate from Atlanta to Chicago and return will be $21.40 and the sleeping car fare Atlanta to Chicago for one double berth will be $4.50.

These rates are, of course, open for all who desire to visit Chicago at this time and do not apply exclusively to delegates to the convention.

Tickets will be on sale July 3d, 4th and 5th, good returning until July 12th.

Hotel accommodations for the Georgia delegation have been secured at the Hotel Leland, on Michigan avenue, fronting the lake, and if you desire to go to Chicago at at the same time with the Georgia delegation you can do so by advising me and I will reserve sleeping car accommodations for you.

The Western and Atlantic train leaving Atlanta at 8:05 a. m. arrives Chicago next morning 9:55 o'clock.

Through sleeping car accommodations can be secured from J. A. Thomas, city ticket agent, No. 8 Kimball house; C. B. Walker, ticket agent, union depot, Atlanta.

Call on or write to C. E. HARMAN, General Passenger Agent, Atlanta, Ga.

If there ever was a specific for any one complaint, then Carter's Little Liver Pills are a specific for sick headache, and every woman should know this. Only one pill a dose. Try them.

LOW RATES

To St. Simon's and Cumberland—Spend Fourth of July at the Seashore.

On Friday and Saturday, July 3d and 4th, the Southern railway will sell round trip tickets, Atlanta to St. Simon's, for $6 and to Cumberland $6.50. These tickets good to return Monday following date of sale. The Seashore Express vestibuled train of coaches and Pullman sleepers leaves Atlanta every night at 8:35 p. m. For tickets and berths apply C. E. Sergeant, city ticket agent; A. Howell, depot agent.

june28-7t

National Democratic Convention, Chicago, Ill., July 7-12, 1896.

The Southern railway has named a rate of one limited first-class fare for the round trip to Chicago and return, account of the national democratic convention, tickets to be sold July 3d, 4th and 5th, the final limit July 12, 1896, inclusive; continuous passage in both directions.

The Southern is the most attractive and popular line from all points in Georgia to Chicago, giving the best choice of routes, very excellent through car service and quick schedules; equally excellent service and time returning.

Send in your names for sleeping car reservations to office Southern railway, Kimball house corner, Atlanta, as early as possible. Lists are now being made up.

june28-4t

MUNYON'S

Improved Homoeopathic REMEDIES CURE

CATARRH AND ALL THROAT AND LUNG DISEASES.

Catarrh Leads to Indigestion, Insomnia, Nervous Disorders, Consumption and Many Other Diseases. Munyon Positively Cures by His New Method.

Are you a sufferer with catarrh? Have you taken all sorts of drugs and patent nostrums? Are you tired of paying big doctors' bills without being cured? Are you willing to spend 50 cents for a cure that permanently cures catarrh by removing the cause of the disease? If so, ask your druggist for a 25-cent bottle of Munyon's Catarrh Cure and a 25-cent bottle of Catarrh Tablets. The Catarrh Cure will eradicate the disease from the system, and the Tablets will cleanse and heal the afflicted parts and restore them to a natural and healthful condition.

Personal letters to Professor Munyon, 1505 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa., answered with free medical advice for any disease.

DOCTOR YOURSELF.

A Separate Cure for Each Disease at All Druggists, 25c a Bottle.

ON TO CHICAGO.

Attention, Democrats! Rates and Tickets to the Convention!

The round trip rate from Atlanta to Chicago, July 3d, 4th and 5th, will be $21.40. Tickets limited for return July 12th. Similarly low rates from all other points. The best route to Chicago is via the Southern railway, through Rome, Dalton, Chattanooga and Cincinnati.

Leave Atlanta 1:20 p. m., arrive Chicago 5:15 p. m.

Leave Atlanta 10 p. m., arrive Chicago 6:50 a. m.

Through Pullman sleepers Atlanta to Cincinnati.

This is the true democratic route. Best for delegates and visitors. See that your tickets read via the Southern railway. For further information and tickets, apply A. A. Vernoy, passenger agent; W. H. Tayloe, district passenger agent, Atlanta, Ga.

june28-6t

Excursion Rates to Tybee.

The Central of Georgia Railway Company is now selling excursion tickets to Tybee at the following low rates: Tickets sold daily limited for return fifteen days from date of sale, $13.50. Tickets sold Saturday, limited for return for train leaving Savannah Monday night following date of sale, $6. The Tybee express leaves Atlanta every evening at 7:50 o'clock, arriving at Tybee for breakfast. Through sleeper Atlanta to Savannah. Surf bathing unequaled. Tickets on sale at 16 Wall street and union depot.

jun12 tf fri sat tues wed thur

4th of July Rates to Tybee, Cumberland and St. Simon's.

Friday and Saturday, July 3d and 4th, the Central of Georgia railway will sell round-trip tickets Atlanta to Tybee, $6; St. Simon's, $6; Cumberland, $6.50. Tickets good to return Monday following date of sale. The Tybee express leaves Atlanta every night 7:50 o'clock. Ticket office 16 Wall street and union depot.

june30-july12

TICKETS FOR THE JUBILEE.

They Have Been Put on Sale—The Track Is Ready.

Tickets for the much-talked-of jubilee have been put on sale, and can be had at the following places:

Silverman's cigar store,
Brown & Allen's drug store,
Kimball House news stand,
Aragon news stand,
Miller's bookstore.

No admission or entrance fee will be charged the race riders.

Red tickets to admit adults will be 50 cents; blue tickets to admit children will be 25 cents.

The fine race track in the big tabernacle is now ready, and all the bicycle riders in the city are invited to practice on it.

The jubilee is the thing for the Fourth of July, and 10,000 people are expected to be present.

PERSONAL.

C. J. Daniel, wall paper, window shades, furniture and room molding, 40 Marietta street. Send for samples.

New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore Via Savannah and Steamer.

Central of Georgia railway to Savannah, thence by Ocean steamers. The finest and fastest vessels flying the American flag in coastwise service. Tickets include meals and stateroom. Excursion tickets on sale at low rates. Ticket office 16 Wall street, Kimball house.

june 10 tf wed fri sun tues

FOOTE'S TRUNK FACTORY,

17 E. Alabama St.

Do you need a trunk, valise or pocket book? Call on us. Selling at your price. 'Phone No. 230. Trunk repairing.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Why Not Send Your Family to Lookout Inn

For the summer? It is only five hours' ride from Atlanta. You can come up every Saturday and stay over Sunday with them. The fare for the round trip is only $3.50. LOOKOUT INN is by far the finest and best kept hotel in the south. Excellent music, darcing and other entertainments every night. The rooms are all elegantly furnished and lighted by electricity. The weather is always cool; nights perfect; no musquitoes; no malaria, and scenery the grandest the sun ever shone upon. You can reach the INN from Chattanooga in thirty minutes, either by the Chattanooga and Lookout Mountain railroad, which runs elegant cars from both depots in Chattnooga direct to the INN without change, or by the electric cars, which run every fifteen minutes past the depots direct to the New Incline (Incline No. 2), which will bring you to the door of the INN. On arrival at Chattanooga ask for the INN porter; he will show you the way.

Write for circulars and terms to M. S. Gibson, manager Lookout Inn, Lookout Mountain, Tenn.

june-26-tf

Round Trip Ticket to Buffalo, N. Y.

On July 3d, 4th and 5th the Southern railway will sell round trip tickets to Buffalo, N. Y., at a rate of one fare for the round trip, plus $2, account of the National Educational Association. Rate from Atlanta $25.50 via Cincinnati, and $26.85 via Washington. Tickets limited July 18th, but if deposited with agent at Buffalo by July 10th will be made good to return until September 1, 1896. For further particulars apply W. H. Tayloe, district passenger agent Southern railway, Atlanta, Ga.

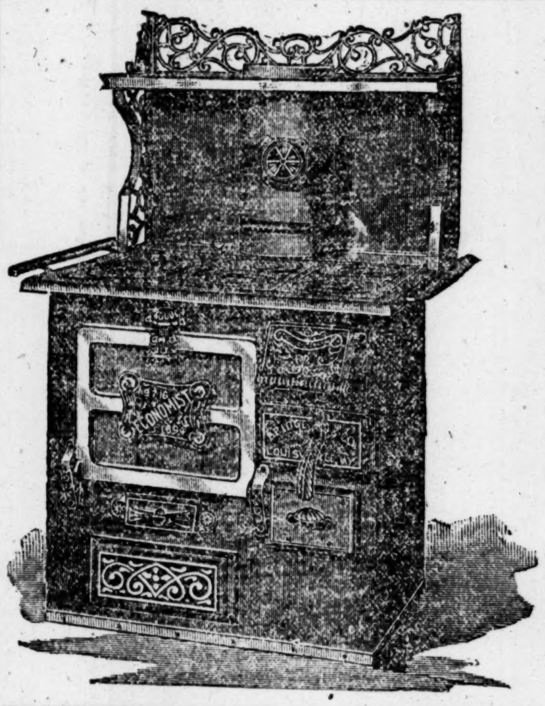
june28-5t

Completeness Elegance Cheapness.

There you have it! The three foregoing adjectives fitly express the merits of this store. Such vast quantities of Clothing; such exquisite styles and qualities, and such low prices are not to be found elsewhere. Hundreds have found it out and are not only reaping the benefits themselves, but also teaching their friends and neighbors to trade at

Eads-Neel Co

ATLANTA, Whitehall St. | MACON, Cherry St.



The Economist Range

This is, beyond a doubt, the best Range on the market, will last almost a lifetime. We will be glad to have you call and let us show you some of its merits.

Price, Only $30.

Terms to suit the buyer.

KING HARDWARE CO.,

65 Peachtree St.

WE ARE HEADQUARTERS FOR
GENERAL MILL SUPPLIES.
THE BROWN & KING SUPPLY CO.
ATLANTA, GA.
BELTING, HOSE, PACKING, PIPE COVERING, SHAFTING, HANGERS, COUPLINGS.
PIPE, FITTINGS, BRASS GOODS, STEAM PUMPS, ENGINE BOILERS, ETC.

The Tripod Paint Co. PAINTS AND ARTISTS MATERIALS. GET OUR PRICES BEFORE BUYING. 41 & 43 EAST ALABAMA ST.

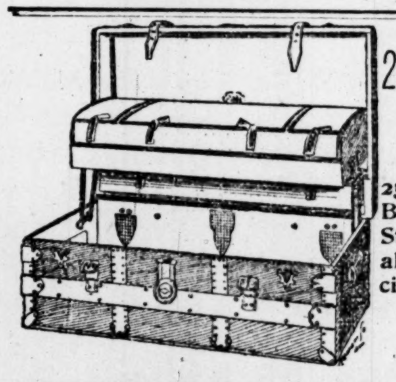
THE KEELEY INSTITUTE

ATLANTA, GA.

FOR THE CURE OF LIQUOR, OPIUM, MORPHINE, COCAINE, TOBACCO and CIGARETTE HABITS.

Adopted by the United States Government. For information address Keeley Institute, Atlanta, Ga.

New Sanitarium corner Jackson and Pine Sts.



25% STEAMER TRUNKS 25%

Patent Automatic Revolving Tray.

For next 30 days a special cutof 25 per cent. on all Steamer Trunks. Brass Bound, Sole Leather Bound or Steel Bound. Special low prices on all goods. Only complete line in the city. Call and be convinced.

L. LIEBERMAN,

92 and 94 Whitehall St.

Half Brother to the COLUMBIA

THE HARTFORD BICYCLE.

$65.00.

Second to none but the Columbia. Has the Columbia pedals, the Columbia self-oiling chain, Columbia saddle and Columbia tires. Superior to many machines listed at $100. Is thoroughly guaranteed by the Pope Manufacturing Company.

COPELAND & BISHOP Agents.

COLUMBIA RIDING ACADEMY AT GATE CITY GUARD ARMORY.

2 EQUITABLE BUILDING. TELEPHONE 1206.

At a Summer Resort . . . . .

You will imagine you are, when under the cooling influence of our Summer Suits, Summer Underwear, Summer Shirts. Then there's a mint of satisfaction in the low prices and big values generally we are offering. Come and see for yourself—old and young, big fellows and little fellows. Sizes and kinds for all.

HIRSCH BROTHERS,

........Everybody's Clothiers......

44 Whitehall St.

RAILWAY:-: SCHEDULES.

Arrival and Departure of All Trains from This City—Standard Time.

Southern Railway.

No.	ARRIVE FROM		No.	DEPART TO	
†35	Washington....	5 20 am	†35	Greenville	6 00 am
†13	Jacksonville...	5 50 am	† 8	Brunswick.	7 20 am
† 8	Chattanooga..	7 00 am	†13	Chattanooga...	7 30 am
†26	Tallapoosa......	8 20 am	†12	Richmond	7 50 am
†17	Mt. Airy..........	8 30 am	†38	Washington....	12 00 n'n
†19	Fort Valley....	10 35 am	† 9	Chattanooga...	1 20 pm
† 9	Macon............	11 30 am	†20	Fort Valley.....	4 00 pm
†38	Birmingham..	11 40 am	†10	Macon	4 10 pm
†10	Chattanooga...	1 30 pm	†37	Birmingham..	4 15 pm
†37	Washington ...	3 55 pm	18	Mt. Airy.........	4 35 pm
† 7	Brunswick......	8 15 pm	†25	Tallapoosa......	6 20 pm
†14	Chattanooga...	8 15 pm	†14	Jacksonville...	8 35 pm
†11	Richmond	9 30 pm	† 7	Chattanooga...	10 00 pm
†36	Gr'nv'le, Miss..	10 30 pm	†36	Washington....	11 15 pm

Central of Georgia Railway.

No.	ARRIVE FROM		No.	DEPAT TO	
101	Hapeville......	6 45 am	100	Hapeville......	5 40 am
† 3	Savannah......	7 45 am	102	Hapeville......	7 00 am
103	Hapeville......	8 05 am	† 2	Savannah......	7 30 am
† 11	Macon..........	10 45 am	104	Hapeville......	8 30 am
105	Hapeville......	9 50 am	108	Hapeville......	12 15 pm
109	Hapeville.	2 00 pm	110	Hapeville	2 45 pm
111	Hapeville......	4 00 pm	† 12	Macon	4 30 pm
113	Hapeville......	6 05 pm	112	Hapeville......	4 35 pm
115	Hapeville......	7 30 pm	114	Hapeville......	6 10 pm
† 1	Savannah......	8 05 pm	† 4	Savannah......	7 50 pm
‡117	Hapeville......	10 40 pm	‡116	Hapeville......	9 00 am
‡119	Hapeville......	2 45 pm	‡118	Hapeville......	12 50 pm

Western and Atlantic Railroad.

No.	ARRIVE FROM		No.	DEPART TO	
† 3	Nashville........	7 00 am	† 2	Nashville......	8 05 am
73	Rome............	8 30 am	† 6	Chattanooga...	3 00 pm
† 5	Chattanooga...	12 10 pm	72	Rome	5 30 pm
† 1	Nashville.......	7 30 pm	† 4	Nashville......	8 20 pm

Atlanta and West Point Railroad.

No.	ARRIVE FROM		No.	DEPART TO	
12	Newnan	7 35 am	†35	Montgomery...	5 35 am
14	College Park...	10 00 am	11	College Park...	8 10 am
†38	Selma..........	11 40 am	13	Palmetto	11 50 am
16	Palmetto	2 20 pm	†33	Montgomery...	2 15 pm
18	College Park...	3 50 pm	15	College Park...	3 30 pm
†34	Montgomery...	6 30 pm	†37	Selma...........	4 20 pm
†36	Selma............	11 05 pm	17	Newnan	5 45 pm
‡26	Newnan	10 20 am	‡27	Newnan	1 00 pm

Georgia Railroad.

No.	ARRIVE FROM		No.	DEPART TO	
† 3	Augusta	5 00 am	† 2	Augusta	7 15 am
9	Covington	7 45 am	†28	Augusta	2 55 pm
†27	Augusta	12 15 pm	10	Covington	6 15 pm
† 1	Augusta	6 10 pm	† 4	Augusta	11 10 pm

Seaboard Air-Line.

No.	ARRIVE FROM		No.	DEPART TO	
† 41	Norfolk.........	5 20 am	†402	Washington..	11 45 am
†403	Washington..	6 45 pm	† 38	Norfolk..........	8 10 pm

Georgia Midland Railway.

VIA CENTRAL OF GA. RAILWAY CO.

Columbus............	10 45 am	‡Columbus.........	7 30 am
‡Columbus..........	8 05 pm	Columbus.7.........	4 30 pm

†Daily. ‡Sunday only. Other trains daily except Sunda

ATLANTA & NEW ORLEANS SHORT LINE

Atlanta and West Point Railroad Co.

The Direct, Quick, Through Line Via Montgomery to Texas, Mexico and California.

THE BEST ROUTE TO

Selma, Pensacola, Mobile, New Orleans, Columbus, Troy, Union Springs, Eufaula.

The following Schedule in effect May 24, 1896

SOUTH BOUND	No. 35 Daily	No. 35 Daily	No. 33 Daily
Leave Atlanta..................	5 35 a m	4 20 p m	2 15 p m
Arrive Newnan..............	6 45 a m	5 25 p m	3 40 p m
Arrive LaGrange...........	7 46 a m	6 28 p m	4 49 p m
Arrive West Point.........	8 16 a m	6 55 p m	4 18 p m
Arrive Opelika..............	9 00 a m	7 35 p m	5 45 p m
Arrive Columbus	10 15 a m		
Arrive Montgomery......	10 45 a m	9 20 p m	8 35 p m
Arrive Selma................		11 30 p m	
Arrive Pensacola..........	6 10 p m	5 30 a m	
Arrive Mobile...............	4 10 p m	3 05 a m	
Arrive New Orleans......	8 30 p m	7 40 a m	
Arrive Houston.............	8 45 a m	10 50 p m	

NORTH BOUND.	No. 38 Daily	No. 34 Daily	No. 36 Daily
Leave Houston	5 50 a m		6 55 p m
Leave New Orleans.......	7 50 p m		7 10 a m
Leave Mobile................	12 20 a m		12 20 p m
Leave Pensacola...........	11 25 p m		12 30 p m
Leave Selma..................			3 30 p m
Leave Montgomery........	6 20 a m	11 30 a m	5 45 p m
Leave Columbus............		1 30 p m	
Arrive Opelika..............	8 16 a m	2 00 p m	7 38p pm
Arrive West Point.........	8 55 a m	3 19 p m	8 20p pm
Arrive LaGrange...........	9 25 a m	3 47 p m	8 48p m
Arrive Newnan..............	10 27 a m	4 56 p m	9 50 m
Arrive Atlanta...............	11 40 a m	6 30 p m	11 05m

No. 37 and 38 Vestibule Train, Sleeping and Dining Cars, New York and New Orleans.

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JOHN A. GEE, Gen. Pas. Agt.

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12 Kimball House, Atlanta, Georgia.

For Rent by J. Covington, Real Estate and Renting Agent, 715 Temple Court.

10-r. h., W. Peachtree, gas and water	$35 00
10-r. h., Capitol ave, gas and water...	30 00
9-r. h, E. Mitchell st., gas and water..	30 00
9-r. h., Smith st., gas and water.........	21 00
8-r. h., Crew st., gas and water.... ..	20 00
8-r. h., Connally st., gas and water....	18 00
8-r. h., Oak st., West End..	18 00
8-r. h., Fulton st.; nice, shady place..	17 00
7-r. h., Courtland ave., gas and water	25 00
7-r. h., McDaniel, gas and water; new	22 50
7-r. h., Fraser st.....	15 00
7-r. h., Formwalt st., gas and water..	20 00
6-r. h., Luckie st., gas and water......	20 00
5-r. h., Formwalt st., gas and water..	15 00
5-r. h., Simpson st., gas....	16 00
5-r. h., Hood, gas and water..	12 50
4-r. h., Piedmont, gas and water......	16 00
4-r. h., Johnson ave., gas and water..	11 00

J. COVINGTON, 715 Temple Court.

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PROPOSALS FOR ORDNANCE SUPPLIES.—Augusta Arsenal, Augusta, Ga., June 3, 1896.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received until 10 o'clock a. m., July 3, 1896, for furnishing Leather, Coal, Hardware, Lumber, Forage, Fuel, Paints, Oils, etc., during fiscal year ending June 30, 1897. Information furnished on application to Captain D. M. TAYLOR, Ord. Dept.

June 6 7 8 9 30 July 1

FOR RENT.

One large store on Decatur St., close in, 25x100, 3 stories, including fifteen rooms and large basement, for rent from July 1st. Call and see us and we will make it to your interest. D. P. Morris & Sons, 48 N. Broad St., cor Walton.

REAL ESTATE BARGAINS

5-r. h. and hall, E. Ellis, 50x150, $3,300.
7-r. h., one block Peachtree street, $5,000
7-r. h., Courtland avenue, $3,000.
3 two-room houses, near W. Fair, $500.
45x146 Merritts avenue, $1,300.
163 acres near Clarksville, will exchange for city property, $1,500, of if you build a house.
8-r. h., Forrest avenue, $7,000.
5-r. h., Chestnut street, new $15 per month

J. B. ROBERTS.

ISAAC LIEBMAN & SON,

Real Estate, Renting and Loan Agents.

28 Peachtree St.

Telephone 1075.

Either gold, silver or greenbacks will be accepted in payment for the following bargains, offered for the next few days: $5,500 buys 100x150 corner on 3. Pryor near Rawson street or will sell corner 50 feet for $3,000 or inside lot for $2,50 This is $20 per foot less than anything the neighborhood.

Beautiful home of 9 rooms and corner lot 95x200, on Washington street, close in Owner anxious to sell and instructs us to get an offer.

$1800 buys 6-room house, lot 56x184, on Twelfth street. This is a nice home and can be bought on easy terms. Would like to show this to some home-seeker.

$3,250 buys beautiful home on Angier avenue, near Boulevard. Elegant neighborhood; easy terms.

$2,200 buys 11 acres of land, good house and outbuildings on Williams's mill road three and three-fourths miles from center of city.

The nicest arranged home in the city for the money on the south side, convenient to electric lines and on easy terms. Has to be seen to be appreciated.

$2,000 buys pretty corner lot, 50x190, Washington street near Hebrew orphans' home.

Money on hand to loan on Atlanta real estate at reasonable rates. No delay. Isaac Liebman & Son, 28 Peachtree street

ANSLEY BROS.

Real Estate Loans and Auctioneers.

$16,000—For a beautiful Peachtree home near in; large lot; a big sacrifice.
$3,500—Elegant home on corner lot on south side; lot 50x150; price was $4,500.
$1,700—Buys one of the cheapest lots on the north side of city; nice shade, 60x190.
$2,500—Place close in on south side, near Fair street; old price, $3,500; cheap.
$2,500—Beautiful Boulevard lot near Ponce de Leon ave. and North ave., 60x140.
$2,250—Currier street lot, near Peachtree, 50x143; very desirable and cheap.
$7,000—For the cheapest piece of business property in city, on Decatur street, near in, 65x200.
$3,250—Beautiful South Kirkwood home shaded lot.
Decatur lots and houses and lots cheap.
Office, 12 E. Alabama st. Telephone 363.

G. W. ADAIR. FORREST ADAIR.

G. W. ADAIR,

Real Estate and Renting Agent,

14 Wall St., Kimball House.

Peachtree street is the most beautiful drive in the southern states and, when the new iron bridge across Peachtree creek is completed and the chert pavement to that point put down, property along that road will be greatly enhanced in value.

I have twelve acres, with six hundred feet front on Peachtree road, with large and well constructed house, that I can sell at 50 per cent less than was offered for it three years ago. This is a downright bargain, a snap, and ought not to stay on the market a day. It is just beyond beautiful Brookwood.

If you want an ideal home on the finest street in the world at one-half its value, call today for particulars.

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REAL ESTATE AND LOANS.

HANDSOME TWO-STORY residence, new, with every modern convenience; Piedmont avenue, north of Ponce de Leon avenue, for $11,000.

BEAUTIFUL lots, North Atlanta, between the Peachtree and lots on Merritts avenue, near Peachtree, for sale. Will build to suit purchaser and sell on easy terms. Lot 100x150, covered with oak grove, between Peachtrees, for only $1,250

SEVEN-ROOM house, water, gas, rented for $216 per annum, near junction of Whitehall and Forsyth streets, for $2,500.

HANDSOME HOME on Peachtree for $15,000; will take one-third in other desirable city property—lately we have made a number of such exchanges. Money to loan from 6 to 8 per cent. Office 409 Equitable, telephone 1208.

Plumbing, Steam and Gas Fitting.

If you want first-class work done and guaranteed at low prices, go to

PAUL & GULLATT, No. 40 N. Broad 'Phone 401.